"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Thunder showers to-day; partly cloudy Wednesday; wind west.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,798. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1909.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

MANDEVILLE HALL AGAIN LANDS IN JAIL

Arrested in Rhode Island for Giving Bogus Checks on the Fifth Avenue Bank.

FLEW HIGH AT WATCH HILL

Gave $400 Check to Actress Here to Buy Orchids With—Once Convicted of Fraud in Paris.

Mandeville de Marigny Hall, who has made many appearances in the courts, is again in the hands of the police, having been held in $1,000 bail at Kingston, R. I., on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. He is the son of William Cornelius Hall of 52 West Ninth Street, and is said to be a descendant of the Marquise de Marigny and a relative of the Duc de Villambrosa.

His first appearance in print was when he shot himself two years ago, and his friends said it was an accident. Next he was extradited last Summer from London on the charge of defrauding a Parisian automobile firm with a bad check, and three months ago his divorce suit roused a good deal of notoriety.

The charge against him now is that he got possession of a blank check book of the Fifth Avenue Bank and proceeded to utter checks signed with the name under which for the moment he was traveling.

At first he drew the checks to the order of Douglas Turner Johnston, but as there happened not to be such a customer on the bank's books they were not paid. Then he adopted the name of Charles W. Stevens, and as a Dr. Charles W. Stevens had an account at the bank, two of the checks were honored by a clerk who was not familiar with the depositor's signature. It appears that Hall made no attempt to imitate Dr. Stevens's handwriting, but cashed them in Rhode Island with a hotel keeper, whom his appearance deceived, relying on getting away before anything could be heard from the Fifth Avenue Bank.

Gave Actress a $400 Check.

The first check of the series now under investigation was presented to the bank about June 26. It was for $400, drawn to cash, and indorsed "Virginia Marshall." The bank officials found that Miss Marshall is a member of the "Follies of 1909" company, and lives at the Adrian apartment house, 58 West Seventy-second Street. The check was signed in the name of Douglas Johnston. As there is no account in that name Miss Marshall did not get the money.

Miss Marshall explained yesterday how it was she came to receive so large a check from Hall. She declared that he was almost an entire stranger to her, but had been moved to give her the money "for orchids." She is a great friend of Miss Vida Whitmore, who was named as corespondent in the successful divorce suit brought last April against Hall by his wife, the former Miss Florence Teall of Rochester, N. Y.

Miss Whitmore was in Paris with Hall last Summer, and, according to the evidence in the divorce suit, had gone through a marriage ceremony with him in New Jersey, believing him to be a bachelor. While abroad he was arrested in London on the complaint of Journey & Journey, a French automobile firm, for giving them a worthless $5,000 check for a machine.

According to Miss Whitmore he took from her $20,000 worth of jewelry while they were in Paris, on the ground that he did not like to see her wearing the gifts of another man, and pawned it for $8,000, which he retained. When Hall was arrested Miss Whitmore was left stranded in Paris, and had to send to friends in New York for money to get home. Hall was sentenced last December in Paris to thirteen months' imprisonment for swindling the automobile firm, but the matter was arranged and he was permitted to come home.

Miss Marshall's Experience.

Mrs. Florence Hall sued him for divorce last April before Justice Truax, and the final decree was granted to her on July 2. Meanwhile he had determined to find Miss Whitmore and remarry her. She had gone to Mexico, and Miss Marshall was occupying her apartment at the Adrian. According to Miss Marshall he began to beseige her in an effort to find out where Miss Whitmore was to be found.

For a fortnight he kept ringing up Miss Marshall and her maid, and sent her notes and flowers. He pretended to be one Douglas Turner Johnston and, although the maid believed that he was really Hall, he never admitted it. On June 25 Hall was in New Haven, and from there sent this telegram to Miss Marshall:

> If you have no engagement for to-night, telegraph me here, New Haven House, and will come down.
> DOUGLAS JOHNSTON.

Miss Marshall declares she paid no attention to this, but the next day she received this wire:

> Will leave New Haven by motor 5:30. Supper, Plaza, as we agreed.

So great was his anxiety that there should be no mistake a little later she received yet another message, this time from Mamaroneck:

> Have got as far as Larchmont. Will stop at Plaza and call as agreed.

Hall and the actress had their supper at the Plaza and left the hotel at twenty minutes past 12, exactly, according to Miss Marshall. He saw her home and announced that he was going to the Ansonia for the night. Miss Marshall was a little surprised, as he had told her he was staying at the Plaza, but he explained airily that he kept a little place at the Ansonia all the year, and thought he might as well go on there.

$400 For Orchids.

Next day Hall came around to Miss Marshall's apartment in the afternoon and tried to get her to talk about Miss Whitmore. Suddenly, he said:

"You like orchids, don't you? Here's $250 for you."

He wrote out a check for that amount, then tore it up.

"Hang it," he remarked. "That's not enough. We'll make it $400."

So he scribbled off another check for that sum and left it lying on Miss Marshall's desk. That, according to her, is the way she came by the bit of paper, and what else could she do after that but go to dinner with him again at the Plaza?

He left that night for New Haven and invited her to go along. He aroused her suspicions, however, by calling up the Automobile Club from her apartments and telling the garage keeper that he was a newly elected member of the club and that his name was not yet recorded. However, he was sending his machine around to have its gasoline tank refilled, and that if they were a bit short he would take half a tankful.

Miss Marshall declares that she just let

Continued on Page 2.

TWO COLLISIONS IN THE FOG.

Iron Steamboats Pegasus and Cepheus Hit Other Boats.

Two of the Iron Steamboat Line's Coney Island excursion craft were in collision with other vessels last night.

In the dense fog in the bay a collision occurred off Norton's Point between the Pegasus and what is believed to have been the German tank steamship Phoebus, which was anchored just outside the Narrows.

The Pegasus left Coney Island for New York at 5:45 P. M. with 200 passengers, mostly women and children, on board.

According to Capt. Wise of the Pegasus, the tank steamship Phoebus, which sailed from this port on Sunday for Flushing, Belgium, commanded by Capt. Schirhorst, did not have any lights, and when he saw her suddenly dead ahead he signaled full speed astern, but the vessels were too near to avert collision.

The Pegasus struck the anchored vessel bow-on, carrying away a section of the port rail and bending in several of her bowplates.

The shock was felt throughout the ship, and many of the women and children ran out on deck screaming in terror, but they were speedily calmed by the Captain and the officers. No one was hurt.

After satisfying himself that the Pegasus was not injured below the water line Capt. Wise proceeded at half speed to Pier I, North River, where most of the passengers were landed.

The fog was still rolling in from the sea when the Cepheus, laden with passengers, left the New Iron Pier at Coney Island at 6:10 o'clock, bound for Manhattan.

The Cepheus was only coasting along when there came a shout from the lookout in the bow, "Small boat ahead." The Captain put his wheel down, ringing at the same time for reversed engines. Immediately there was a slight shock, a sound of splintering wood, and then a call for help from the waters. Two boats' crews were sent from the Cepheus. They picked up first Thomas D. Briggs of 147 Montague Street and then the two negro members of his crew of the gasoline launch, the Aebacore, which had been struck by the iron boat. No one was hurt.

SUBWAY ON SEVENTH AVENUE.

Bradley-Gaffney-Steers Syndicate Are Ready to Build It.

After a long conference yesterday between Arthur J. Baldwin, counsel for the Bradley-Gaffney-Steers syndicate, and Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission, at the latter's office, it was definitely understood that this new factor in the rapid transit field is prepared to submit proposals on the Seventh Avenue connection with the new Pennsylvania station at Thirty-third Street.

The latest development in the subway situation came as a surprise to both the Public Service Commission and those who have been following the situation. It has been generally understood that the Seventh Avenue subway is purely an Interborough proposition.

The proposal of the syndicate is understood to include an addition to its suggested $100,000,000 tri-borough subway. This contemplated a route through Manhattan coinciding in the main with the Broadway-Lexington Avenue scheme. The Seventh Avenue addition will include a spur to run from Canal Street and Broadway west to Seventh Avenue, north to Thirty-fourth Street, connecting with the original route at Thirty-fourth Street and Lexington Avenue.

None of the members of the commission cared to discuss the proposition officially, but it was readily admitted that the plan was feasible, and when formally presented to the commission would receive its earnest attention.

Vice President Rea of the Pennsylvania has been in town since Saturday, and it is understood that Mr. Baldwin conferred with him before going to Mr. Willcox. What understanding, if any, was arrived at between them could not be learned.

FIND MELVILLE BULL'S WILL.

Surviving Brothers and Sister Heirs—Dr. Bull's Son Remembered.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 12.—The missing will of former Congressman Melville Bull, dated 1901, which bequeaths his estate to his two brothers, Charles G. Bull of New York and Newport, and Henry Bull of Newport, and a sister, Mrs. Frank Smythe of Meadow Brook, Penn., was found to-day among his papers in a bank vault. The will, which is reported to have left a large part of his estate to his sister-in-law, Mrs. Bull, the widow of his brother, the late Dr. William T. Bull, and which is known to have existed, is missing, and is believed to have been destroyed by him. In the will now found the son of the late Dr. William T. Bull, William T. Bull, 2d, is one of the beneficiaries.

As Dr. Bull was executor of the will made in 1901 it will be necessary to apply to the Probate Court in Middletown, where Melville Bull was a citizen, for the appointment of an executor. It is likely that Frank Smythe of Meadow Brook will be one executor and some friend of the family here the other. It is also known that no public bequests are made. The son of Mrs. William T. Bull, James J. Blaine, 3d, is not mentioned in the will just discovered.

Since Mrs. Bull sailed for Europe this Spring Melville Bull suffered a paralytic shock which was the cause of his death. Melville Bull was stricken at the Perry House here, and as soon as possible thereafter he was removed to the home of his brother, Charles M. Bull.

MRS. NACK AGAIN IN TROUBLE.

Sheriff Seizes Store of Guldensuppe's Slayer for Debt.

Mrs. Nack, who was convicted of complicity in the murder of Guldensuppe and sent to Auburn Prison for twenty years is again in trouble. On her release after serving fourteen years of her term, Mrs. Nack went into the clothing business and opened two stores at Ninth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street under the name of "Augusta Huber."

Seven months ago Mrs. Nack visited the keepers in the Tombs. Through this visit her identity became known, and the patronage at the clothing stores began to fall off. Mrs. Nack afterward called at the District Attorney's office and complained that she was losing business because of the publicity given to her Tombs visit.

For some time her stores have been in financial straits, and yesterday Marshal Charles Jacobs of 32 Vandam Street seized one of the stores and will hold an auction of its contents to satisfy a judgment against Mrs. Nack. Should this prove insufficient he will take the same action with the other store.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—Steamship Suriname, Paramaribo, July 3; steamship Denver, Galveston, July 7.

SHORE DINNERS.
23 Floor, West & Cedar Sts. Garret Rest. 'Phone.—Adv.

SHORT FLIGHT SHOWS WRIGHTS' BEST SPEED

Average Velocity of 43 Miles an Hour While in the Air More Than Five Minutes.

CIRCLES GROUND SIX TIMES

Freakish Winds Cause Machine to Rock More Than Usual, but Did Not Lessen Its Speed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Orville Wright made a flight to-day in his aeroplane. Though it was brief it still disclosed the fact that the brothers have succeeded in mastering their engine, and that it is capable of practically anything in reason when it is called upon.

The flight was the fastest yet made in trials here, averaging about forty-three miles an hour, according to the estimates of skilled observers. Although the machine was up only about five and a half minutes it swept in wide circles six and a half times around the parade ground at Fort Myer. It came to earth easily, and was then taken back to the balloon house.

The aeroplane was brought out of the shed and was wheeled across the parade ground shortly before 6 o'clock. The wind at that time seemed to be dying down, and the brothers felt certain they could make a trial. No sooner had the machine been placed on the starting track, however, than the breeze freshened. It attained a velocity of about twelve miles an hour and was fitful and gusty.

"Going up now?" said Wilbur, in reply to an interrogation. "Well, scarcely. Look at the anemometer. It's whirling so rapidly that from here it appears to be a blur."

A moment later he walked down the dusty parade ground to the balloon house, where the register was, and noted the velocity of the wind.

In the meantime Orville had contented himself with throwing blades of grass into the air and watching with an experienced eye the distance the wind carried them. Neither seemed the least bit put out by the conditions, although both acknowledged earlier in the day that they were anxious to try out their engine and to discover whether the planes had been properly fixed.

It was a few minutes after 7 o'clock when the wind died down to a velocity of between six and eight miles, and it was decided to send the air craft off. There was a preliminary test of the engine which showed that the new insulation and the reconstructed magneto had put that part of the aeroplane in good condition. The engine throbbed steadily, and when Orville, who was at the throttle, turned off the power he smiled his satisfaction.

As the aeroplane dashed off the track it skimmed gracefully above the ground at a height of from 15 to 20 feet until the end of the parade ground was reached. Then Orville used his lifting planes and the machine shot upward. After that it maintained a height of from 75 to 125 feet.

Wobbles in Freakish Wind.

There was one noticeable feature of to-day's flight which the Wrights ascribed to the fitful wind, which was especially freakish at the higher level. The aeroplane seemed to rock more than usual. It did not fly as true as usual, but even then at no time did its flight indicate that the avitator was striving to control it, and the time made proved that it lost little in speed. This peculiarity of the flight was ascribed to the presence of gathering clouds in the west.

Shortly before the aeroplane was shot off Wilbur Wright stepped over a mass of guy wires and examined the engine and radiator. His examination apparently was satisfactory, for he smiled and waved his hand to Orville, who was seated on the end of the starting rail talking with a number of officers of the Signal Corps. Then Wilbur, who was in his shirt sleeves, started to climb out. He tripped over a wire, tried to save himself, and then fell to the ground. When he struggled to his feet he was rubbing his left wrist.

"Did you hurt your wrist?" some one asked him, anxiously.

"Well," returned Wilbur, "I've sprained it about as badly as I ever sprained it in falling from a flying machine. No, I'm not hurt a bit."

Wrights Shy Before Women.

The incident caused a lot of amusement among the visitors. So long as they were men the brothers did not seem to mind, but when the women of the Congressional circle and Diplomatic Corps began to arrive the two took refuge among the Signal Corps officers. Wilbur, who was without his coat and wore a dinky little cloth cap, decamped a few minutes after Mrs. Longworth joined the group that surrounded him.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, and Ambassador de la Barra of Mexico examined the machine and talked with the Wrights. There were also on the field a number of lesser lights in the Diplomatic Corps, and a large number of attachés of the various embassies and legations.

Senator La Follette was the first member of Congress to arrive, and he was followed closely by Senator Shively of Indiana. Senator Lodge came later and the three spent some time examining the aeroplane.

Secretary of the Navy Meyer drove out to the fort in his runabout and saw the flight. Shortly before the machine was launched he made his way through the cavalry cordon to the field. Seeking Major Squier of the Signal Corps, he spoke a few words in private with him and the two walked back toward the Congressional shelter tent behind the lines. A few moments later they reappeared with Senator Lodge. The manœuvre caused broad smiles, for Senator Lodge had been unceremoniously hustled off the field by the cavalry guard on his last visit to the fort to witness a flight that did not come off, and apparently he was taking no chances to-day.

Now that their engine is in good condition the Wrights will utilize every opportunity to tune it up for the official trials. It was said to-day that no long flights will be made during this trying-out process, but that tests of from twenty minutes to a half-hour will be undertaken for the purpose of wearing smooth the bearings of the engine.

The two longest flights made by the Wright brothers were 1 hour 53 minutes and 50 seconds, and 1 hour 14 minutes and 20 seconds. The former record was established by Wilbur on Dec. 18, 1908, when he flew at a height of 350 feet over the field at Le Mans, France. With that flight he won the Sarthe Aero Club's prize. Orville made the latter flight at Fort Myer on Sept. 12, 1908.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

MRS. DUN MUST PAY $1,000 CUSTOMS FINE

Her Curt Indorsement on a Declaration Blank Brings Inspectors Down on Her.

TRUNKS WERE ALL HELD

She Hurried Away from the Pier, Leaving $1,000 with a Maid to Settle Duties.

Mrs. R. G. Dun, widow of R. G. Dun, who founded the commercial agency that bears his name, arrived here after a stay of some months abroad, landing on June 29 from the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm. She was averse to making out a customs declaration setting forth what goods she had purchased abroad.

It is customary for the blank declarations to be given out by the purser on incoming steamships soon after the vessel leaves the other side. These declarations are filled out by the passenger and are handed to the Acting Deputy Surveyors, who board the vessels at Quarantine.

When the officials gathered up the declarations on the Kronprinz Wilhelm and examined them in the saloon as the vessel came to her pier they found that Mrs. Dun had made no declaration. They found the blank form which had been given to her, and written across the face of it was a curt statement that she had no declaration that she cared to make. It was signed with her name.

As soon as the passengers from the steamship were landed at Hoboken the Acting Deputy Surveyor in charge was informed that Mrs. Dun declined to make a declaration of her foreign purchases. A search was made for her, and it was discovered that she had left the pier as soon as the gangplank was out, leaving behind her maid with $1,000 with which to meet the customs demands.

Mrs. Dun's action was construed by the officials in charge of the baggage examination as an evasion of the law, and in spite of the protests of the maid they refused to assemble Mrs. Dun's baggage. Her many trunks were ordered sent to the public stores to have the case passed upon by the Collector.

Leftover baggage and undeclared goods are ordered into the Public Stores within twenty-four hours of the time of their arrival. Early next day, when the twenty-four hours was nearly up, word was telephoned to the pier that Mrs. Dun's trunks were not to be sent across the river, but were to be held for examination on the pier. The Inspectors in charge were preparing to do so when a second telephone message came. This time the trunks were ordered into the Public Stores for appraisal at once. This was obeyed.

The Appraisers found in the baggage some $2,000 worth of foreign purchases. Collector Loeb was appealed to, and because the circumstances of the case did not involve an intent to smuggle, he thought it best to recommend a disposal of the matter without legal proceedings.

A few days ago he recommended that Mrs. Dun be allowed to take her baggage on the payment of the usual duty of 10 per cent. on the total of the foreign purchase price—about $2,000—and on the payment of a penalty for failure to declare of 50 per cent. of the foreign purchase price, which is said to have amounted to $1,000.

Collector Loeb refused to discuss the case yesterday. He said that not only would such discussion be unfair to those interested but he has made it a rule not to make public the cases upon which he acts.

WIFE SEES BANKER SHOT DEAD

"None of My Affair, I Let Them Fight It Out," Mrs. Saylor Says.

Special to The New York Times.

KANKAKEE, Ill., July 12.—J. B. Saylor, Vice President of the First National Bank of Crescent City, Ill., was shot and killed at 11 o'clock Sunday night by Dr. W. R. Miller, a well-known practicing physician of that vicinity. Saylor returned home from a trip out of town and found the physician at his house with Mrs. Saylor. After the shooting Miller went home and was in bed when he was arrested by the Sheriff of Iroquois County, who took him to Watseka. A Coroner's jury to-day held Miller for the murder.

On Sunday afternoon Mr. Saylor attended a ball game near Crescent City. When he got home late at night and found Miller with his wife he remonstrated with him for his attentions to Mrs. Saylor. Miller pulled an automatic revolver from his pocket and fired at the banker, riddling him with bullets. Bullets struck both of the husband's arms, one passed through the chest, and a fourth pierced his heart, causing instant death. Mrs. Saylor in the meantime had fled from the house.

"It was none of mw affair, and I let them fight it out," she coolly declared at the Coroner's inquest to-day.

Immediately after the shooting Miller went home, leaving Saylor lying on the floor in a pool of blood, where the body was found by neighbors who heard the shooting.

People in Watseka and vicinity are thoroughly aroused over the crime, and mob violence is feared. Miller sent his wife and family away for a visit several days ago, and the daughter of Mrs. Saylor left home for a similar reason. At the time of the murder the father of Mrs. Saylor was in the house, but he did not endeavor to prevent the trouble or assist his son-in-law when the latter was attacked by the physician.

Mrs. Saylor, on the witness stand, answered questions in a bold, unconcerned manner.

You'll enjoy a cup of Red "Salada" Tea. The most delicious and refreshing beverage in hot weather.—Adv.

GIRL VOYAGER BITTEN BY LEOPARD SNAKE

One in Curator Ditmars's Collection Turns on Her When She Hugs It Too Tight.

MONKEY CHASE ABOARD SHIP

Leads Mr. Ditmars into the Minnehaha's Hold—A Ratlike Hippipotamus Among Bronx Zoo's Arrivals.

Raymond L. Ditmars, curator of the Bronx Park Zoo, bringing with him a consignment of strange beasts, birds, and reptiles and a tale of their adventures on shipboard, got home yesterday on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha. He has been making his collection in the various zoological gardens in the Old World, and he brought to New York forty-eight cages containing 450 strange creatures, many of which have never before been seen in this country.

During the voyage one young woman was nipped by a leopard snake which she injudiciously squeezed too tight while fondling. The other exciting incident of the trip was the escape and capture of two lion monkeys. These small simians have a mane like a lion, and they are said to roar like the king of beasts. They live in South America when at home.

Some of the stars of this collection, which is to add to the attractions of Bronx Park were pointed out by Mr. Ditmars as he walked about among the cages in the hold of the steamer. Most of them have been obtained in pairs. There is the hyrax, which is the size of a rat, looks like a rat, and yet is a member of the hippopotamus family. It comes originally from North Africa, and its descent from the family of Mr. Hippopotamus is traced through its teeth. Instead of having teeth like a rodent it has miniature hippopotamus teeth.

In the next cage was the red fox of Tibet, a scarce and shifty animal that resented being stared at. Next were some South American skunks, and further along the line sulked fine specimens of the black jackal tribe of Egypt.

The centre of attraction in the collection was the Tasmanian devil, member of the badger family, and one of the very few in captivity. The name of the animal, which is about the size of a bull terrier, fits for it, is a sight to scare children and their elders. This interesting animal the great strength of its jaw.

This strength it exhibited during the voyage, for it spent much time biting the wire screen off the front of its crate, and so had to be watched continually.

The lion monkeys disported mischievously in their cage. They failed to roar. Several pairs of bleeding heart pigeons, dun colored, except for a red smudge on the breast, could be seen disconsolate in their cages. Alongside of them were a curious looking pair of burrowing owls from Patagonia. They have flat heads, which they stick out so that only their eyes can be seen.

Near them were Penguins from the Antartic, which looked as though they were near heat prostration. The bower birds were next. Their characteristic is building their bowers from every radiantly colored object they can pick up.

Some of the other specimens are fish frogs, that are web-footed and seldom come to the surface of the water, civit cats, dwarf leimur, fourteen species of tortoise, kudus, an animal noted for its corkscrew horns; a giant salamander from Japan, which weighs sixty pounds and is 4½ feet long; broad-nose crocodiles from the Nile and Congo, South American horned snakes, six purple death adders, and other members of the reptile family, including the Ceylonese monitor, seven feet long, the largest of the lizard branch of the reptile family.

Mr. Ditmars got many of the snakes by trading for them the 200 American snakes he took with him on his trip abroad.

Visiting the collection was at first a daily diversion on shipboard. Three snake enthusiasts were the Misses E. M. Crowley of Newark, Pearla Landers, a Belgian girl, and T. G. Ennis of Philadelphia. Miss Ennis was particularly pleased with the leopard snakes. She took them out on Tuesday a week ago, and was fondling them. One weighing about fifty pounds she was holding to her neck when she squeezed it so hard that the snake resented the embrace. He turned his head, and in a flash struck her on the first finger of the right hand. The woman screamed, and Mr. Ditmars caught the offending snake.

Though the snake is harmless, as a precaution the ship's surgeon was called, and the wound cauterized.

On the first day out Mr. Ditmars took two lion monkeys on deck to show them. He turned his back, and the little simians slipped their collars and darted down the companionway to the hold. Mr. Ditmars followed them and the animals led him a chase. They skipped across the backs of some fourteen staid Kerry cows, and after a merry chase made for the storeroom. There the curator cornered them.

The sides of the room were piled high with sacks of potatoes. Both monkeys scampered to the top of these sacks, with Mr. Ditmars behind them. He managed to get hold of the tail of one of them and clung on, while the little fellow held on with equal determination to a sack. Mr. Ditmars finally pulled the sack down with the monkey, and landed on the floor, with monkey and potatoes on top of him.

After the capture of its companion the other monkey followed the curator back to his cage.

A DOLLAR WITH A HISTORY.

It Pauses in Circulation Long Enough for Some Idle Speculation.

A certain 14-year-old boy or girl ought to be interested to know that $1 silver certificate N67,770,855, series of 1899, served last night in its long career of usefulness to bring four long cool drinks to as many hot and tired young men seated around a table in the Harvard Club of this city. It also gave them a few moments of idle speculation, for on its margin in childish hand was written:

"From Mama and Papa, Aug. 4, 1907," and beyond that, "From Mama and Papa on my thirteenth birthday."

"I suppose she meant to keep it as a memento," said the man with the high ball, "and then lost her resolution and spent it on candy or soda or something."

"More likely," said the man with the mint julep, "she just wrote on it in hope it would come back to her some time."

"Well, see here," said the plain, practical man, "how do you shaps know it was a girl? It might as well have been a boy."

"It wasn't any boy," said the fourth man, "not like any I ever knew. A boy would go right out and blow it in. It was a girl, all right, and a country girl."

But here the waiter brought the check, and the man who owned the bill—he had got it that morning in change for $5 at a railway station in Jersey City—passed it one step on along its journey.

FISHGUARD A CUNARD PORT.

The Mauretania to Stop There on Her Next Homeward Trip.

LONDON, July 12.—It is believed that the Cunard Line steamer Mauretania will make the experiment of calling at Fishguard, in Wales, on July 19 on her homeward voyage.

The purpose is to discover if Fishguard is a suitable channel port for the vessels of this line.

So far as could be learned here last night, no orders had been received from the Cunard Company instructing Capt. Pritchard, the commander of the Mauretania, to call at Fishguard on his coming eastward voyage, which commences tomorrow. However, as previously published in THE NEW YORK TIMES, the Cunard Company has decided to use Fishguard as a port of call for big liners, and the first one to make the experiment will be either the Mauretania on her present trip or the Lusitania, leaving this port on July 28.

AMERICANS HURT IN FRANCE.

Edwin Freigespan's Auto Upset—Miss Ness, a Guest, Badly Hurt.

JOIGNY, France, July 12.—An automobile in which Edwin Freigespan of New York, his sister, and a friend, Miss Ness, were driving was overturned near Brienon to-day.

The two women were seriously injured, Miss Ness probably fatally. They were taken to the hospital at Brienon.

Mr. Freigespan and the chauffeur escaped with bruises.

WHALES OFF NANTUCKET.

Fruit Steamer Reports She Saw Hundreds of Them There.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 12.—Hundreds of whales were passed off Nantucket South Shoal Lightship yesterday by the United Fruit Company's steamer Esparta, which arrived to-day from Port Limon, Costa Rica.

The whales stretched out as far as the eye could reach, and were heading north, evidently in pursuit of mackerel.

DANCED HERSELF TO DEATH.

Elderly Woman Succumbs While Waltzing at Canarsie.

In the opinion of a physician, Mrs. Josephine Willenbucher, 53 years old, of 268 Jefferson Street, Brooklyn, danced herself to death early yesterday while enjoying a waltz in a pavilion at Canarsie, on Jamaica Bay. While dancing she suddenly sank fainting to the floor. Dr. McClusky, from St. Mary's Hospital, found her husband and members of St. Sebastian's Guards of St. Leonard's Roman Catholic Church, endeavoring to revive her. She was dead when he arrived.

The members of St. Sebastian's Guards gave a dance and reception Sunday night at Canarsie, and Mrs. Willenbucher, a prominent church worker and wife of a real estate dealer, was present with her husband. At 2 o'clock yesterday morning her husband suggested that they start for home with a friend.

"Just one more," she said laughlingly. She was already out of breath, but when the music struck up she glided away in the arms of a woman friend.

YACHT WRECKED; ALL SAVED.

Life Savers to the Rescue Off Great Egg Harbor Inlet.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 12.—Capt. M. Garrison, R. A. Brice, C. N. Slack, and B. H. Walker, on board Capt. Garrison's yacht, the Marie, started out from Ocean City this morning for the fishing banks, when the yacht struck the bar in the Great Egg Harbor Inlet and capsized.

The heavy sea running smashed the cabin. Two of the men clung to that, while the other three clung to the bottom of the boat. Deckhouse and boat were washed out to sea.

Life savers saw their signals of distress, ran out the lifeboat, and by aid of a tow from the launch Comanche rescued the men, then almost exhausted from their battle with the waves.

BY BALLOON ACROSS BALTIC.

Danish Count Travels from Copenhagen to Sweden, Thence to Posen, Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A special cable to The Daily News here from Copenhagen, Denmark, says Count Frederick Moltke, a relative of Count Carl Moltke, the Danish Minister at Washington, returned to-day from a successful balloon expedition of 600 kilometers, (360 miles.)

Accompanied by an engineer, the Count, the dispatch says, ascended near Copenhagen and was carried to Sweden and then across the Baltic Sea at the rate of from thirty-six to forty-two miles an hour. Twice the balloon was brought down to the sea, from a height of about 275 feet, by heavy showers, but it rose again and continued on at the same rate, landing the two men safely in Posen, Germany, near the Russian frontier, and about 120 miles from the sea. The trip over the Baltic was more than 180 miles long, which is the best record of the kind made in Northern Europe.

LATHAM STILL STORMBOUND.

Monoplanist's Attempt to Cross Channel Still Barred by Wind and Rain.

CALAIS, France, July 12.—Hubert Latham, the French aviator, who has been waiting here for some time for favorable conditions to attempt a flight across the English Channel in his monoplane, is still stormbound. The rain and the high winds have prevented even trial flights.

A number of French torpedo boats, tugs, and yachts are waiting with steam up ready to follow the aviator and assist him in case of accident.

The rough weather gives no sign of breaking, and it is improbable that the Channel flight will be attempted for some days. Latham introduced a number of modifications in his machine recently, and trial flights are considered absolutely necessary before he starts for Dover.

The other competitors in the meantime have not been idle. Count De Lambert has already almost completed preparations, and it is quite possible that he may slip in and win the prize for the Wright machine. M. Blériot, who is also a possible starter, is now awaiting a break in the clouds, to attempt a cross-country record from Etamps to Orleans. If he accomplishes this before the cross-Channel prize is won it is understood he will go to Calais.

Large crowds assemble each morning at Latham's headquarters in the hope of seeing the start, but the aeroplanist has declared positively that he will wait for more favorable conditions.

FOR DYSPEPSIA take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Relieves the continued sense of hunger, sick headache, nausea and sour stomach.—Adv.

THAW'S WITNESSES ALL SAY HE'S SANE

Prison Chaplains and Keepers and Poughkeepsie Citizens Testify for Him.

STATE CALLS EVELYN THAW

Thaw Tells Court He Will Submit to an Examination by Alienists, but Wants His Own Expert Present.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 12.—Harry Kendall Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, began another fight for release from the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane before Justice Isaac M. Mills, in the Supreme Court here, this morning.

Thaw came into court backed by nearly a hundred witnesses, every one of whom will testify at some time during the hearing, it is said, that Thaw is now perfectly rational. About a dozen witnesses were examined to-day, and nine out of ten of the questions put to them were those that Thaw himself whispered into the ear of Charles Morschauser of Poughkeepsie, his lawyer.

After to-day's witnesses, among whom were the head keeper of the Tombs and Father Evers of St. Andrew's Church, New York, had sworn that Thaw, in their opinion, was entirely rational, and after Justice Mills had adjourned court for the day, Thaw drew the attention of the court and made a few remarks concerning the thorough physical and mental examination which the State had informed Justice Mills it desired made before a final disposition of the case is made.

Thaw talked very rapidly, so rapidly, in fact, that Justice Mills had the stenographer read some of the questions before he answered them. Thaw said he was perfectly willing to undergo the examination, but he wanted an expert of his own present when the examination is made. He also asked that the Sheriff be directed to permit him to take a reasonable amount of outdoor exercise in order that he may render himself physically fit to undergo the ordeal.

State Calls Evelyn Thaw.

It was admitted by the State's attorneys that the younger Mrs. Thaw has been subpoenaed by the State. She will probably take the stand late in the week.

Thaw looked to be in excellent health when he came into court. He now wears big rimmed spectacles, instead of the eyeglasses he used to affect, and his hair is liberally sprinkled with gray. With him in court were Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, his mother; his sisters, the former Countess of Yarmouth and Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, and Josiah Thaw, his brother.

The State's case was in the hands of Assistant Attorney General Roger Clark and District Attorney John E. Mack of Dutchess County. Directly behind the State's attorneys sat Dr. Baker, the Acting Superintendent of the Matteawan Asylum. Dr. Baker took notes during the examination of the various witnesses, and the understanding in court was that the State would rest its case principally on his testimony after the Thaw side has concluded its case.

R. E. Lansing, a venerable citizen of Poughkeepsie, who takes an interest in the religious services held in the Dutchess County Jail on Sunday afternoons, was the first witness for Thaw. Mr. Lansing met Thaw at those services, and apparently took a great fancy to him. He was asked if he could remember the conversations he had had with Thaw. He thought he could.

Poem That Touched Thaw's Heart.

Mr. Lansing said that Thaw had expressed himself as much pleased with a sermon delivered to the prisoners by the Rev. Dr. Hubbard, and had later thanked him for reading a poem which Thaw had said was very beautiful. The poem was entitled "Out of Touch," and was written anonymously. Mr. Lansing had a copy of it in court, and it was offered and accepted in evidence. Mr. Lansing gave Thaw a copy of it several months ago, Thaw saying that he wanted it to send to his mother. Here are two stanzas of the poem:

> Only a note—yes, only a note
> To a friend in a distant land;
> The spirit said "write," but you had planned
> Some different work, and did not know
> 'Twould have saved a soul from sin and woe—
> You were out of touch with your Lord.
>
> Only a day—yes, only a day,
> But can you guess, can you, my friend,
> Where the influence reaches and where it will end
> Of the hours you've frittered away?
> The Master's command is, "Abide in me,"
> And fruitless and vain will your services be
> If out of touch with your Lord.

Witnesses Say He Is Sane.

"Did Mr. Thaw's acts impress you as those of a rational man?" Mr. Morschauser asked Mr. Lansing.

"I noted his every act," the witness replied, "and he was as clear headed and rational as any lady or gentleman present here to-day."

Justice Mills ruled this answer out, and "perfectly rational" was substituted.

District Attorney Mack, in cross-examination, got Mr. Lansing to admit that the three conversations he had with Thaw had not taken up more than twenty minutes in all.

Oscar Mulford, the next witness, proved an entertaining one to the crowd in the courtroom. Mr. Mulford used to teach school, and was hired to watch Thaw from 7 to 9 P. M. each night, while Thaw was in the Dutchess County Jail.

Mr. Mulford said he had talked to Thaw for two hours every night for two months, some of the topics discussed being the Stone Age, hydraulics, the Catskill watershed, atmospheric pressure, cigars, and electricity. On all of these subjects Thaw, Mr. Mulford said, was unusually well informed. The witness said Thaw taught him all that he knew about suction. One of the cigars Thaw had given the witness, he said, was nine inches long and as thick as a broom handle.

District Attorney Mack wanted to know if it was true that the cigar had lasted him a week and the witness answered: "Not quite so long as that." When Mr. Mulford testified that as a school teacher he had taught hydraulics, Mr. Mack wanted to know why it was that he never knew anything about sucton until he met Thaw. Mr. Mulford said he did not know why, but that it was true just the same. This witness also said he regarded Thaw as perfectly rational.

The Rev. Luke J. Evers, pastor of St. Andrew's Catholic Church and one of the Chaplains of the Tombs, testified next. He said he had seen Thaw two or three times on every occasion when he visited the Tombs. He said he went to the Tombs every day when in the city.

Thaw's Impressions of Pope Leo.

"Thaw," said Father Evers, "became interested in many of the prisoners, and it was due to information I received from him that Judge Rosalsky allowed a poor Italian charged with murder to withdraw

a plea that he had ignorantly made to murder in the second degree. Thaw told me the Italian had made a mistake in making the plea and that the lawyer who had permitted him to do so had done a silly thing. Then Thaw asked me about a Polish priest, not connected with the Roman Catholic Church, who had come to him with information which the priest said might prove of value to him.

"As for our conversations in general we talked about almost everything. I remember how greatly pleased he was when a man who had been in the death-house at Sing Sing was brought back for a new trial and acquitted. Thaw had become convinced of the man's innocence. During one of the Summers that Thaw was in the Tombs I went to Europe, and when I returned he asked me if I had seen the Pope. I told him I had, and he then asked me if I had ever seen Pope Leo.

"I told him I had, and he said so had he. He had been received in audience together with a number of Italian noblemen by Pope Leo, he explained, and had received the Pope's blessing. I remember he told me that Pope Leo impressed him as more of a spirit than a man, and that when he was blessed he felt as if a spirit and not a man was blessing him. We talked of everything from the weather up, and my impression of Mr. Thaw was that he is perfectly rational."

John J. Hanley, Head Keeper of the Tombs, followed Father Evers. He told of the generosity of Thaw while he was in the Tombs. He said that one Fourth of July he treated all the prisoners to ice cream, and on the following Christmas he presented to every prisoner a can of cocoa and a package of lump sugar.

Prisoners suspected of being of unsound mind, Hanley said, are kept on the first cell tier. Thaw's cell was on the second tier. Thaw, the witness said, had been one of the most exemplary prisoners he had ever seen in the Tombs. Thaw had tried to have the working hours of the "trusties" reduced from twelve to eight hours a day, Hanley said. He said that in his judgment Thaw was rational, and for that reason had not been put on the first tier. "He never showed any sign of being wrong," he added.

Letters of Stanford White.

After Mark G. Du Bois, a Poughkeepsie reporter, had testified about selling Thaw a typewriter, the Rev. John A. Wade, who was the Protestant chaplain of the Tombs during Thaw's incarceration there, testified that he had had almost daily talks with Thaw. Once while conversing about Presbyterianism, Mr. Wade said, he had been surprised at Thaw's knowledge of that Church. Mr. Wade said Thaw had shown him copies of letters that, Thaw said, Stanford White had written to women in New York. After reading the letters Mr. Wade said he remarked that "Stanford White was evidently a very bad man," whereupon Thaw had answered: "The public does not know the extent of that man's wickedness."

"Thaw often remarked to me," said Mr. Wade, "that he believed the Sunday services in the Tombs were productive of great good. Yes, I believe Thaw is perfectly rational."

Dr. Henry A. Parr, Thaw's dentist, testified next. He told Thaw, he said, that he was wise to get out of the "big affair" first, and then go to work to get out of Matteawan. He had told him to bide his time and he would be freed. Under cross-examination by Mr. Mack the witness admitted that he did not think he had seen Thaw since his recommitment to Matteawan by Justice Morschauser.

Michael Cummings, keeper of the second tier of cells in the Tombs, who was educated for the priesthood, testified that he had had frequent talks with Thaw. One of the subjects discussed, he said, had been the danger incurred in the ascent of the Matterhorn. Thaw, he said, told him he had started to climb the Matterhorn, but had been dissuaded from doing so by his mother and sisters.

Other conversations had to do with coal, coke, and oil, and the Caruso "monkey house" incident. He had forgotten what Thaw thought about the Caruso affair. Yachts, Lismore Castle, the Blackwater, and the Lakes of Killarney were other topics discussed by Cummings and Thaw. Cummings knows every foot of the Irish territory mentioned, and said he had been surprised at Thaw's accurate knowledge of the same places. He never saw Thaw do anything irrational, he said, and was convinced that he is rational now.

Andrew Munn, Thaw's Poughkeepsie barber, came next. Munn said he visited Thaw every other day "to lather his face."

"You lathered his face; well, who shaved him?" asked Mr. Mack.

"He shaved himself," answered Munn, "and when he finished he looked over his face to see if there were any rough places. Sometimes I shaved his neck and his face near the ears."

Munn said Thaw was rational, and so did Morgan Hoyt, a Fishkill Landing Justice of the Peace. Hoyt said his conversations with Thaw were generally on educational matters, and that Thaw had expressed the opinion that the standards of American educational institutions have been raised in recent years.

Charles Barcilla, a Fishkill Landing barber, said he also lathered Thaw's face at times, and believed Thaw was rational.

Then John Flannery, a Dutchess County farmer, took the stand.

His Idea of Farming.

"Thaw told me," said Mr. Flannery, "that farming is a nice business provided you have enough money to live without working. I agree with him. He is rational by all means."

William Gordon, a Fishkill Hotel proprietor with whiskers, was the next witness. He said he talked with Thaw about dogs, horses, and music, but that he himself did not know anything about music.

"When I have a little spare time," said Mr. Gordon, "I generally talk horse and play with the dogs. Thaw came to my place with the jail people from Poughkeepsie. The only irrational thing I ever knew him to do was when he refused a drink I offered him. In my opinion he is perfectly rational."

Edward E. Haven, jailer of the Dutchess County Jail, the next witness, testified that he believed Thaw to be rational.

J. F. Breitenbach, Sheriff's prison guard of New York, who had charge of Thaw during his trials, said that he and Thaw had discussed the Vanderbilt-Széchényi wedding. Thaw told him he had met Miss Vanderbilt at Newport, and also knew the Count. "Il Trovatore" was another topic discussed.

Breitenbach said that on one occasion when he and Thaw started to cross the Bridge of Sighs they found the door locked, and had to get into the prison by way of the Centre Street door. Thaw, he said, insisted on holding his hands so that, if they were recognized, the impression would be given that he was handcuffed to him. Thaw, he said, in his opinion, was then and is yet rational.

Thaw Addresses the Court.

At this point Mr. Clark, for the State, asked the Thaw side to consent to a full and thorough examination of Thaw by properly qualified medical men. Justice Mills interrupted to say that unless there should be a thorough examination of Thaw he would find it difficult to discharge him. Mr. Clark mentioned Drs. Austin Flint and MacDonald as two of the men he might name.

It was at this juncture, immediately following adjournment, that Thaw addressed the court.

"Your Honor," he said, "I desire that it be understood that we have no objection to an examination by experts, but I should like to have my own expert present, even though it be better that he does not interfere, but just stays by."

"I, too, think that you should not object to the examination," replied Justice Mills, "and I think it will be better for you if the examination is thorough."

"Your honor," added Thaw, "I would like to ask you to authorize the Sheriff to permit me to take a certain amount of outdoor exercise in order to prepare myself for that examination."

"That is in the province of the Sheriff," Justice Mills answered pleasantly, "and I am sure he will do the proper and reasonable thing."

The court then adjourned until 9:45 A. M. to-day.

JEROME WATCHING THAW CASE.

Makes an Eight-Mile Canoe Trip to Confer About It at Saranac Inn.

SARANAC INN, N. Y., July 12.—Although it is understood that District Attorney Jerome will take no part in the proceedings now in progress before Justice Mills at White Plains to determine the sanity of Harry K. Thaw, it is evident that, from his vacation retreat at Racquette Lake, he is following the case closely.

Francis A. Winslow, District Attorney for Westchester County, who is now at White Plains assisting counsel for the State, held a week-end conference with Mr. Jerome and D. Fenton Murphy of Mr. Jerome's office.

Mr. Jerome made an eight-mile canoe trip to attend the conference.

BATTLED ON LEDGE WITH MORO OUTLAWS

Jikiri's Band Wiped Out Only After Desperate Hand-to-Hand Fighting.

SOUGHT SAFETY IN CAVE

Driven Out by the American Fire, Jikiri Tries to Behead Lieut. Wilson, but Is Shot Down.

MANILA, July 13.—While detailed accounts of the last fight of Jikiri, the Moro outlaw chieftain who was killed and his band exterminated in a pitched battle near Patian, on the Island of Jolo, on July 5, have not been received, several brief dispatches and a letter or two from American officers who fought against the outlaw give a fairly complete story of the fight.

Hunted from place to place by the regulars and constabulary, who had been in close pursuit, Jikiri, with seven followers, two women and one child, took refuge in a cave that pierced the side of the crater of an extinct volcano. Here the outlaws gathered to make their last stand. As the soldiers came up the scouts located the party, and the troops worked their way around the place until it was entirely surrounded, and there was no chance of escape.

Capt. George L. Byram of the Sixth Cavalry, who commanded the attacking force, then ordered a white flag displayed, and through his interpreter called upon Jikiri to surrender. The outlaw refused and also declined to accept a safe conduct for the women of his party, who remained with the band and bore their share of the fighting.

Capt. Byram ordered up the guns and a terrific shell fire was opened on the cave. The missiles broke above and around the opening, but the ledge protected those inside from the fire of the guns, and little damage was inflicted.

Storming parties worked their way up the steep slope, and finding footing on the ledge endeavored to rush the larger entrance to the cave. The fighting for a few minutes was desperate, but the outlaws drove their assailants back by a savage spear charge. The soldiers were not to be completely routed, however, and, taking up their posts at the end of the ledge, poured a terrible rifle fire into the mouth of the cave, the bullets glancing from the rock walls and throwing showers of sharp splinters of rock among the besieged.

Jikiri himself signaled out Lieut. Arthur H. Wilson of the Sixth Cavalry, who commanded one section of the attacking party. Dashing from the cave the outlaw flung himself upon the American before Wilson could raise his pistol. With one hand gripping the officer's hair the bandit slashed at his neck with the heavy native knife he carried, endeavoring to behead him.

Lieut. Joseph A. Baer of the Sixth Cavalry, saw his comrade's peril and dashed to his aid. As Jikiri swung back the knife to strike again, Baer shot him dead and Wilson dropped to the ground. It is feared that Wilson will be incapacitated from further service in the army, as the muscles and cords of his neck were severed by the bandit's knife.

Writing of the fight, American officers say that in the desperate hand-to-hand encounter on the narrow ledge some of the assailants may have been wounded by their own fire. In their anxiety to save each other they were forced to shoot quickly, using high-power rifles at close range, which were doubly dangerous, as the bullets will plow through several men.

Hundreds of friendly Moros saw the fight at close range. They perched among the rocks where they could see the ledge, and not a movement of the combatants escaped their eyes. Many of them believed that Jiriki bore a charmed skin, impervious to knife and bullet. They could not be convinced that he was dead until they saw and felt his body.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—An additional list of casualties in connection with the fight of the combined force of the army any navy against Jikiri, the Philippine outlaw, and his followers on the island of Patien, was to-day received from Gen. Duvall, commanding the Philippine Division:

John Hauser, Troop A, Sixth Regiment, U. S. Cavalry, died from wounds received in action July 10. Additional names of the wounded follow: Edward Faragher, Troop A, Sixth Regiment, U. S. Cavalry; John Martin, Frank L. Perdue, William A. Miller, Richard Landgraf, Troop B, Sixth Regiment, U. S. Cavalry; William B. Fraley, Grover C. Steele, Fred Mayse, Troop C, Sixth Regiment, U. S. Cavalry; James McLaughlin, Troop K, Sixth Regiment, U. S. Cavalry; Louis McClelland, George F. Van Fleet, John C. Scott, Anatol Czarneckl, and Alex Literbatsky, Company E, Second Artillery.

SUIT OVER MORGAN PSALTER.

Frenchman Alleges It Was Sold by His Agent Without Authority.

PARIS, July 12.—A case arising out of the sale to J. P. Morgan of a twelfth century psalter, the owner of which is Count de Troussures, is being investigated by an examining magistrate.

Count de Troussures testified to-day that he had intrusted a valuable collection of manuscripts of the seventh to fifteenth centuries to Mme. Detonnaye to take to New York to submit to Mr. Morgan. Negotiations were begun for the sale of the manuscripts for $300,000, but fell through, and Mme. Detonnaye returned to Paris.

The count alleges that on examining the manuscripts prior to selling them at auction, he found that the psalter was missing. An investigation showed that it had been sold to Mr. Morgan for $3,000, whereupon Count De Troussures brought charges against the woman. It is stated that Mr. Morgan, on learning of the circumstances of the case, announced that he would return the psalter.

JAPANESE IMPRISON SHERIFF.

Hawaiian Officer Who Arrested Rioters Surrounded in Mill by 350 Strikers.

HONOLULU, July 12.—County Sheriff William P. Jarret is a prisoner in a plantation mill at Waimanalo, where he is surrounded by an angry crowd of 350 Japanese strikers, according to a telephone message received this afternoon. A squad of mounted police and a dozen deputies and several special policemen in automobiles, fully armed, started for Waimanalo as soon as the Sheriff's urgent message was received.

Sheriff Jarret went to the Waimanalo plantation this morning and arrested several Japanese, charged with inciting an assault on Japanese strikers who had returned to work. When he attempted to start for Honolulu with his prisoners the Japanese strikers became wildly excited and assumed so threatening an attitude that the Sheriff retreated with the prisoners to the plantation mill. Then, according to the telephone message, Jarret was besieged with his charges.

Waimanalo is on the southeast corner of Oahu, about eighteen miles from Honolulu.

14 DROWN IN COLLISION.

Steamer Cowle Sinks with Crew in Crash with Steamer Scott.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., July 12.—The steamer John B. Cowle was sunk at 5 o'clock this morning in Whitefish Bay in a collision with the steamer Isaac M. Scott. The Cowle and the Scott crashed together during a dense fog. The Cowle, which was loaded with 4,000 tons of iron ore, carried fourteen members of her crew down with her.

The Isaac M. Scott picked up the survivors and put back to this port with them, arriving here this afternoon. The Scott is a new ship, which was on its maiden trip up the lakes. The John B. Cowle was 420 feet long and owned by the Cowle Transit Company of Cleveland. She was built in 1902.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 12.—The names of those members of the crew of the steamer John B. Cowle who lost their lives in the collision in Whitefish Bay are not known at the offices of the Cowle Transit Company, as the men were shipped from various points along the vessel's route. The Cowle, which was operated by the United States Transportation Company, was in command of Capt. W. G. Rogers.

The Isaac M. Scott is owned by the Lavelle Steamship Company, and is operated by the M. A. Hanna Company of Cleveland.

W. R. H. MARTIN INJURED.

His Horse Throws Him, Breaking Two of His Ribs.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 12.—W. R. H. Martin of the firm of Rogers, Peet & Co. of New York lies at his Belle Haven home, "As You Like It," with two broken ribs and many bruises. He was thrown from his horse while he was riding on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Martin has been seen frequently in town driving four-in-hand or in the saddle.

Just before the accident he was riding one of his finest saddle horses along what is known as the Shore Road. An automobile came up behind the horse. Frightened, it reared and threw Mr. Martin from the saddle. He was picked up and carried home by the motorists whose machine had frightened his horse.

TORPEDO BOATS ATTACK FLEET

Start from Provincetown Harbor for Manoeuvres in the Fog.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., July 12.—Under cover of a heavy blanket of fog that rolled in from the sea the torpedo flotilla left the harbor to-night to begin an attempt to get in by the battleships of the first division of the Atlantic fleet and attack the remainder of the fleet within the harbor as a part of the regular manoeuvres of the war vessels here.

The Connecticut, Vermont, Kansas, and Louisiana, which make up the first division, were early away for manoeuvres to-day, but their work was concealed from shore observers by the fog which all day hovered off the coast.

CAPT. HAINS TRANSFERRED.

"Paper" Removal from One Company of Artillery to Another.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., of the Coast Artillery Corps, who was convicted recently in New York of the killing of W. E. Annis, has been transferred from the Sixty-second to the Thirtieth Company, Coast Artillery Corps. This is a mere "paper transfer" for the convenience of the army, and has no other significance. Both companies are at Fort Worden, Wash., and the Sixty-second Company requires the services of a Captain, which is not the case with the Thirtieth Company.

Pending further action in his case, his military status remains that of an officer under suspension "in the custody of the civil authorities," without pay.

NEW PIGEON FLIGHT RECORD.

Birds Cover 510 Miles in 9 Hours and 17 Minutes.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 12.—In a flight of birds of the Southern Federation of Homing Pigeon Fanciers, just concluded, it is asserted that a record that has stood for the last twelve years has been broken. The birds, all owned in this city, were liberated at North Bay, Ont., 510 miles air line, from Baltimore, and the first to arrive covered the distance in 9 hours and 17 minutes, an average of 1,600.05 yards a minute. The previous record for the distance is said to have been 1,340 yards a minute.

Four hundred and eighty-six birds were liberated at North Bay, and of these sixty-seven beat the previous record referred to.

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LINER TO THE RESCUE OF WRECKED CREW

The Schooner Drusie Was Waterlogged and Sinking When the America Hove in Sight.

FOOD AND WATER GONE

Captain and Boy Imprisoned in the Cabin Chop Their Way Out—Three Days' Battle with the Sea.

The crew of the little ninety-nine-ton schooner Drusie, rescued after three days without food and drink and clinging to their waterlogged craft while an angry sea broke over them, were brought to port yesterday afternoon on the La Veloce steamship America, which picked them up at sea.

Help came to them after one vessel had passed close to their derelict craft and when hope was lowest. They lost all their belongings, and arrived in the garb contributed by the America's officers and men. Before leaving the wreck they set fire to her, and when they left she was ablaze from stem to stern.

The Drusie was owned by John C. Laquesne of Paspebiac, Quebec. She sailed from that port on June 29, taking a cargo of fish and shingles to the Barbados. Capt. Thomas Janes commanded her, and her crew comprised Samuel Janes, mate, and brother of the skipper; Thomas Hayes, steward; Charles Barrett, foremost hand, and John C. Laquesne, Jr., the 13-year-old son of the owner.

Under fair stress of canvas the schooner bowled south at a fair speed and under favorable weather conditions until July 6, when the wind began to freshen. By noon it had shifted to the southeast, and had blown up almost a gale. The Drusie kept to her course under shortened sail, and her men had but little difficulty in keeping her head into the wind.

By early morning the next day the wind was whistling through the rigging with almost hurricane force and the little two master, staggering under reefed sail, hove to to await the abating of the blow. Then came a sudden shifting of the wind from the southeast to the southwest and this kicked up a confused sea that threatened to bury the schooner. She wallowed and careened under the force of the wind and the pounding of the sea, and her men, already exhausted by their efforts to keep afloat, clung on as best they could. They were all on deck, with the exception of Jack, the boy, who had gone into the cabin aft to get a bit of sleep.

At 5:50 A. M. Capt. James made his way with difficulty over the deck load of lumber to the cabin to see if the boy was all right. He descended the short companion way and was walking toward the bunk when suddenly there came a cry from the men on deck, and instantly the vessel, already riding at a decided list, capsized.

Imprisoned by Water's Rush.

The skipper was flung the length of the little room and the boy, tossed from his bunk, landed on top of him. Then came the rush of water, and as the advancing wall struck the opposite side of the room it rolled back and the back wash slammed the door to, making the skipper and the boy prisoners.

Outside on the deck the men had a fraction of a second's warning of what was coming and they scrambled with desperation across the lumber to the weather rail. As the vessel went over they managed to grab hold, and there they hung with a sea tearing at them as though to drag them away.

"We were busy trying to get every bit of canvas in when the wave dashed hard against us," said James, the mate, yesterday. "It came broadside on, and in that position no vessel our size could withstand it. 'We're turning,' I shouted, but before I could finish the sentence we were going over, and all were leaping for the weather rail.

"We just grabbed anything we could get a hold on, and in a jiffy we were on our side, with the deckload sliding off into the sea. Her masts dug into the water, and, leaning over the rail, I could catch a sight of the keel. It seemed to me an eternity while I held on, and before we could get the vessel righted.

Chop Their Way to Safety.

Down in the half-filled little cabin the Captain and the boy were having a fight for their lives. In water almost up to his arms, Capt. James had to grope around the place for an emergency axe kept there. Fortunately, there was a window on the weather side of the cabin, and this the Captain chopped out. To do this, he and the boy had to stand on an overturned dresser. Finally the window was chopped away, and Janes crawled out, drawing the boy through after him.

Perched on the slant of the cabin house and holding to the rail, Capt. Janes surveyed for the first time the wreck, and knew what had happened during his absence. He saw, too, that their lives depended on righting the vessel, for her small boats had been carried away with the sliding deckload.

With the axe he worked his way along the rail, chopping the stays on the weather side. As the last support parted the pull in the opposite direction snapped the masts off close to the deck. As they drifted away the Drusie, freed of her deck load and masts, came slowly back to an even keel. As she righted, the men rolled down her deck exhausted with the strain of hanging on.

The Drusie, half filled, drifted at the mercy of the sea, which frequently broke over her. She had been on her side an hour and a half and the storm was still raging. In addition, the men could find little to eat on board. One, half-swimming and wading, managed to reach the storeroom. He found that the water had carried everything away except about half a dozen cans of tomatoes.

Water Spoils Their Only Food.

The seas had smashed the water butts and there was no fresh water on board. The men attempted to keep alive by opening the tomato cans and drinking the juice. This did for a while, but a sudden sea shipped over the port filled the open cans with salt water, spoiling their contents.

So the schooner staggered on through the night. Friday forenoon the gale moderated and the men prepared to navigate their disabled craft. Capt. Janes had a jury mast rigged, and the crew tried to make sail with an old red and white bedspread. After a time they found that this was no good, and the best use for the spread was as a signal of distress, and all day Friday and until rescue came on Saturday it floated, whipped by the wind, fifteen feet above the men, who, wet to the skin, hungry, and craving water, crouched in the lee of the small cabin, with hope almost gone.

There was one narrow escape from death. Jack, the boy, was aft and Capt. Janes was at the wheel trying to keep his vessel's head to the seas. The sea was still viciously reaching for the men. Suddenly a comber reared and a mass of water rushed down the deck, catching Jack unawares. He was lifted up bodily and was being flung over the taffrail when the skipper, clutching a spoke of the wheel, reached out and grabbed him by his jacket. The Captain drew Jack back to safety, when another sea hit the rudder and the wheel was jerked from his hand. One of the rapidly revolving spokes caught him in the back, flinging him down and injuring him.

Saturday morning they saw a large steamship, evidently a passenger carrier, pass within five miles of them. At the sight the men were on their feet shouting, but the steamer went on leaving them unnoticed.

Help Comes to Exhausted Crew.

At 4 P. M. Saturday the America came into view. Signaling and shouting were resumed, and as the liner came abreast she changed her course and the exhausted crew sank to the deck. They knew they had been seen and that help was on its way.

Capt. Francisca Schiaffino, from the America's bridge, thought at first the red and white bedspread was an American flag. He said that as soon as he knew there were men in distress he ordered a boat lowered to the rescue. The boat got away with First Officer Manuel Fulle, Bo's'n Nicholas de Pasquale, and four seamen. The rescue was accomplished without much difficulty, though there was a heavy sea running.

The men were picked up in latitude 39.17 west, longitude 59.47 north, after the shipwrecked men had been sixty hours without anything to drink, and but the spoiled tomatoes to eat.

It was a sorry-looking lot that were assisted up the liner's side, listening to the cheers of the America's passengers, who watched the rescue from the rail.

Before leaving the Drusie the America's men brought two barrels of oil out of her hold and set fire to the wrecked vessel.

This is the second rescue of Capt. Schiaffino. On Sept. 12 he rescued twelve men from the wrecked Italian bark Umberto I., and for this he received a medal from the Italian King. By a singular coincidence he was making his first trip after receiving his reward when his vessel fell in with the wrecked Drusie.

WOULD GIVE HIMSELF AWAY.

Young Sullivan Says He Can't Find a Job in St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 12.—Maurice F. Sullivan, a youth of 20, son of the late Maurice F. Sullivan, a railroad contractor of Mount Vernon, N. Y., has inserted in a St. Louis newspaper this advertisement:

Young man, educated, refined; traveled extensively, unable to find position, will give self away for three months.

"When I came to St. Louis three weeks ago," said Sullivan to-day, "looking for a job, I wanted something clean and not too hard. When I found I couldn't get the work I wanted I wasn't so particular. I tried stores, factories, mills, every place where they might need a man. It didn't do any good. There's no work in St. Louis for me, and I haven't money to get away from here. So I put that 'ad' in the paper as a last resort. I mean every word of it."

Sullivan says his father failed in business while he was in his third year at the Sacred Heart Academy at Westchester, N. Y., preparing for Amherst.

Guardian Named for Widow of 90.

WHITE PLAINS, July 12.—Supreme Court Justice Tompkins to-day appointed Goodwin Brown of Yonkers a committee of the estate and person of Mrs. Caroline E. Lawrence, a widow without relatives and an inmate of Bloomingdale Asylum, who was declared incompetent by a Sheriff's jury here last Thursday. Justice Tompkins directed that Mr. Brown file a bond of $165,000. Mrs. Lawrence is 90 years old and is suffering from senile dementia. She has an estate amounting to about $1,000,000.

MANDEVILLE HALL AGAIN LANDS IN JAIL

Continued from Page 1.

the $400 check lie around for a day or two, and then thought she would see if it was good, so she asked Thomas Riley, the Superintendent of the Adrian, to call up the Fifth Avenue Bank and find out. Riley said yesterday the check was tendered to him in the ordinary course of business, and as he had never seen the name of Douglas Johnston on Miss Marshall's checks before he thought he would go to the bank with it himself. There he found it was no good.

The next check that the Fifth Avenue Bank lays to Hall's door is one for $23, which was accepted by the Plaza Hotel on July 2 as payment for a night's lodging of Douglas Turner Johnston. "Johnston" told the hotel folk that he was connected with the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, 1,170 Broadway. The check was put through the regular course and was returned by the Fifth Avenue Bank marked "No account."

A few days later turned up a check for $20 drawn on July 3, and signed Chas. W. Stevens. It had been cashed by A. E. Dick, proprietor of the Watch Hill House of Watch Hill, R. I., and had been deposited in the Westerly branch of the Industrial Trust Company of Providence. As it so happened, when the check was sent in, a strange clerk was on the exchanges. He knew that there was a Dr. Charles W. Stevens among the regular customers, and paid the check without examining the signature. If he had done so the fraud would have been caught at once. There was no attempt to copy Dr. Stevens's handwriting, and he always writes out his name in full, while Hall had been content with "Chas."

In the same way a second check, indorsed by Mr. Dick, was honored. It was dated July 5, and was for $48.70, the amount of Hall's bill at the Watch Hill House. The regular clerk returned to his duties the day after this had gone through, and at once detected the mistake. The bank telephoned immediately to Mr. Dick and sent for James M. Fuller, head of Fuller's Detective Bureau.

Flew High at Watch Hill.

Mr. Fuller reached Watch Hill on Friday morning, but found that Hall had left on Wednesday morning. He had impressed everybody by his appearance. He was always well-dressed, and was well set up, and his face, tanned by exposure to the sun and wind, made him look the part he assumed, the college athlete, home from his diplomatic duties in Paris and much interested in the Harvard-Yale boat race. He had casually mentioned that he was a member of the Yale Club in New York, and was accepted as a most desirable guest.

Court Bentley, a garage keeper at Watch Hill, had had no hesitation in letting him have machines whenever he wanted them, and from June 28 to July 7 he had managed to run up a bill of $175 for automobile hire. The manner of his going had, however, cast a shadow on his reputation. Early Wednesday morning of last week he sent two suits of clothing around to a tailor by a hall boy, with directions to have them pressed. Then he did up what other clothing he possessed in a bundle and slunk out by a back way. When the hotel proprietor awoke to the fact that he was gone, all he could find in his rooms were some travel-worn suitcases.

Mr. Bentley it was who first grew suspicious of Hall, or Stevens, as he was known at Watch Hill. His chauffeur returned on Wednesday night from Narragansett Pier, twenty-five miles away, and said that Stevens had kept him all day and then informed him that he intended to stay the night in Narragansett, and that the chauffeur might call for him next day.

Mr. Bentley took no chances. He started at 3 o'clock Thursday morning and went over to Narragansett Pier. He found that Stevens was already up to his old games. He had attracted general attention by his appearance and had managed to get in with the daughter of one of the leading hotel proprietors. He had arranged to meet her at 8 o'clock that evening at the Mathewson.

Mr. Bentley at once sought out Chief of Police Caswell and told him about his $175, and Stevens was arrested as he was going to the trysting place. By this time Mr. Fuller was hard on the trail from New York, and in a few hours Stevens was handed over to Chief Bransfield of Westerly and brought back there.

Mr. Fuller and Mr. James C. Miller, one of the paying tellers of the Fifth Avenue Bank, confronted him and asked him if he was not Mandeville Hall. At first the prisoner stoutly denied it, but when they told him they knew who his father was and all about his divorce and dealings with Vida Whitmore he broke down and confessed his identity.

"Don't publish anything of this in New York," he begged.

He refused to say anything about the charge of fraud in Paris on the ground that it had been all arranged, and his only explanation of the way he got the check book was that it was given him by a woman who had an account at the Fifth Avenue Bank.

He is now held in $1,000 bail in Kingston Jail, to answer a charge of obtaining money on false pretences, the maximum punishment for which in Rhode Island is three years' imprisonment and $1,000 fine. The bank is determined to prosecute him. Its policy is never to let a fraud pass unnoticed, and to this they attribute the fact that in thirty-five years only two professional forgers have tried to rob them.

Want Country Board? See Page 13.

ENSIGN AIKEN KILLED ON NORTH CAROLINA

Looking for Coal Gas in Cruiser's Bunkers When Lighted Candle Causes Explosion.

CORP. MALONEY BLINDED

Others Injured—Dead Ensign Once Badly Hurt in Naval Academy Football Game—From New Orleans.

NAPLES, July 12.—The officers and men of the American warships in this port united this afternoon in paying solemn military honors to the late Ensign Hugh Kerr Aiken of the armored cruiser North Carolina, who died last night as the result of injuries sustained in an explosion on board the cruiser. The religious ceremony was conducted on board the North Carolina by the Rev. Dr. Greenman. Capt. William A. Marshall, commander of the squadron, delivered a touching address, giving high praise to the dead Ensign.

From an investigation instituted by Capt. Marshall, it was learned that Ensign Aiken yesterday tried to determine whether gas was being generated in the coal hold. Wishing to face the risk alone, he instructed his men to keep behind him. When he entered, he was not able to detect any odor of gas, and one of the men, who was carrying a lighted candle, came forward. Unfortunately he slipped and his arm dropped, which brought the light in contact with the gas that was lying in a low level. Ensign Aiken received the full force of the explosion which followed. He was dragged out by the men, but died some hours later.

Corporal Maloney was also badly injured in the explosion, it being stated that he was completely blinded in both eyes. Several other men who accompanied Ensign Aiken were wounded, but less seriously, though at the explosion they sprang back and managed in this way to escape death.

An alarm was immediately given, and the commanding officer with a force of men stamped out the fire, which otherwise might have communicated to the powder magazine. Aiken was picked up in a pitiful condition. He was terribly burned about the whole body and head. The North Carolina being anchored at the end of Santa Lucia Harbor, half a mile from the docks, the explosion passed unnoticed. Aiken was carried to the infirmary of the cruiser, and the accident only became known to-day on his death. The body will be embalmed and shipped to New Orleans.

An enormous quantity of gas had been generated by the 300 tons of coal in the hold, and naval officers are at a loss to know why Aiken permitted a lighted candle to be taken into such a dangerous place.

Admiral Moreno, commander of the Naval Department here, personally expressed to Capt. Marshall the condolences of the Italian Navy, and many Italian officers joined in a demonstration of sympathy. As the Admiral has expressed a desire to show some tangible form of mourning, solemn funeral services will be held on Tuesday, in which all the Italian and American crews will take part.

The body of the dead officer will be embalmed and shipped to New Orleans, where Ensign Aiken was born in 1884, entering Annapolis in 1891. He was one of the best-known members of the football team while at the Naval Academy.

Peter Mullan, the chief water tender of the North Carolina, whose home is in Brooklyn, N. Y., was one of those injured slightly in the explosion.

Another accident occurred on the North Carolina to-day, a sailor named Hechen being struck by a crane while loading coal. Two ribs were broken, and the sailor is reported to be in a serious condition.

While at the Naval Academy in 1902, Ensign Aiken was thought to have been fatally injured in a football game. He was operated on to remove a blood clot on the brain. It was several months before he was able to resume his studies, and by remarkable work he caught up with the rest of his class. He was examined for promotion to Ensign in 1908, and was found to be suffering from defective vision. He received a leave of absence of three months, during which time he recovered enough to gain his promotion.

THINKS SUTTON MURDERED.

Father of Miss Stewart Also Says She Knew Him Slightly.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., July 12.—Councilman Charles Stewart of Pittsburg, father of Miss Mary E. Stewart, upon whom Lieut. Sutton called at Annapolis in October, 1907, on the night he met his death, said to-day he thought the Lieutenant had been murdered.

Mr. Stewart says his daughter is now at Staney Brae, near Lake Joseph, Ontario, and will remain there for some months. He does not intend to have her called home for any investigation, he says. She is in too nervous condition, and he does not think it necessary that she be examined, as she knows nothing about the death of Sutton.

"I am inclined to believe with others who knew more of the particulars than I that Lieut. Sutton was murdered," said Mr. Stewart to-day. "It is not right, however, that my daughter should be brought into this case, for she was simply a visitor at Annapolis at a time when my son was there. She met Lieut. Sutton at a hop, and knew him but slightly. She is a girl of but 19 years, and the morning after his death she fainted when she heard the news."

Mr. Stewart said the people of Annapolis believed that Sutton was murdered.

"Anyway," he added, "they don't bury suicides with military honors, do they? Well, they buried Lieut. Sutton with full military honors."

WASHINGTON, July 12.—As an answer to the report that unusual honors were accorded Lieut. James N. Sutton at his burial, it is said in official circles here that it is customary to accord military honors to an officer who takes his own life. In the case of Lieut. Sutton, it is maintained that the authorities at Annapolis followed a long-established precedent.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 12.—Col. Charles A. Doyen, commandant of the marine barracks at the time of Lieut. Sutton's death, made a statement to-day relative to the events of the night of the fatality. He told of his investigations.

According to this statement, the dispute in the automobile did not commence until after the machine had entered the Naval Academy grounds, and in the dispute, as well as in what afterward occurred, Lieut. Sutton was the aggressor. The statement further says that Lieut. Sutton was placed under arrest. He got away, and armed himself with two revolvers to kill those who had been his companions. The statement says that he finally killed himself. Col. Doyen's statement concludes thus:

"The day after Sutton's death Major Fuller in discussing the affair told me that Sutton had made a remark at the dinner table to a young woman guest that it was the height of his ambition to kill a man some day."

Hughes Issues Requisition for Bailey.

ALBANY, July 12.—Gov. Hughes to-day issued requisition papers on the State of Washington for the return to New York City of Francis G. Bailey, who has been indicted on a charge of grand larceny, first degree. Bailey is charged with having secured under false representation from an export shipping company certain articles which were to be paid for by an Australian company. The goods formed part of a cargo which was shipped to British Honduras.

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YOUNG ELLA GINGLES IMPEACHED IN COURT

Doctor Says That Wounds She Alleges She Received in Attack Were Self-Inflicted.

BACKS UP HYSTERIA THEORY

Department Store Detective Testifies That Lacemaker Was Caught in Theft and Signed a Confession.

CHICAGO, July 12.—The State to-day dealt the defense several blows in the trial of Ella Gingles, the young Irish lacemaker, on trial for stealing lace from Miss Agnes Barrette, her former employer, a charge which she declares was made only to cover attempts to lead her into white slavery. Judge Brentano's court was jammed with women, several of whom obtained entrance through trickery and forgery of passes, it is said.

The story of the Wellington Hotel bathroom incident was impeached in many important features. Attempts of counsel for the defendant to bring into the case names of well-known men, said to be behind the alleged plot against the girl, met with failure.

Dr. Arthur E. Price, for the state, gave testimony tending to support the theory that the girl is suffering from hysteria. Dr. Price saw the girl at the hospital after she was found injured in the bathroom. He thus described his observations:

"Besides a few scratches on the body I found

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TAFT TAKES A HAND IN SHAPING TARIFF

Tells Conferrees What Rates He Wants and Hears La Follette State His Objections.

CUT IN CORPORATION TAX

White House Conference Decides for 1 Instead of 2 Per Cent.—Wickersham to Prepare New Draft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—President Taft has now taken a hand personally in the determination of specific rates of duty in the pending Tariff bill. Now that both Senate and House have done their work, and the bill is in conference the President has abandoned the "hands off" policy which for so long marked his attitude toward the discussion of rates and figures, and is giving the conferrees exact information as to his opinions and desires. As he himself put it to-day, the time for glittering generalities has passed, and the occasion now calls for detailed expression of facts and figures.

Moreover, the President is emphasizing his new attitude by unusual activity. He has already had several conferences with some of the Senate and House leaders, but to-day he set a new record. The morning was one long conference on the tariff. It began with breakfast, when the President had as his guest Representative Fordney of Michigan, one of the stand-pat high tariff conferrees, who were put on the House Committee in order to offset the revision downward tendencies of Sereno Payne who, by virtue of his position as the head of the Ways and Means Committee, heads the House conferrees.

Suspicious of Cannon as Revisionist.

There has been some mysterious realigning of forces in the House recently, and to that fact is attributed the overturning of Payne in the selection of the conferrees. Only a short time ago President Taft was serene in his confidence that Speaker Cannon would really and faithfully render substantial assistance in securing reductions from the Senate bill in conference. But the appointment of men like Fordney and Calderhead as conferrees has renewd the old suspicion of the Speaker's good faith in his rôle of revisionist.

It was regarded as significant, therefore, that after conversation with Chairman Payne on Saturday night Mr. Taft should have Fordney at breakfast this morning. There is reason for believing that the President found Fordney disposed to be reasonable, and consequently was not disturbed as to the result of the conference on Fordney's account.

After the talk with Fordney the President saw several other men who will bear a part in the final shaping up of the bill. Speaker Cannon was one of these. He and the President had a conversation that continued for some time. Then he had a long talk with Senator Curtis, who is interested in the countervailing duty on oil. Senator Burrows, one of the Senate conferrees, was with the President for some time before luncheon, and Senator Aldrich was a guest at luncheon.

Talks with La Follette.

Before the talk with Burrows Senator La Follette saw the President for the best part of an hour, and went over at some length the points of his opposition to the Senate bill. He agreed to present to the President in formal shape a statement of his objections to different rates and the reasons for them. Then, just before luncheon, the President met a number of newspaper men who had been anxious to obtain some authoritative expression from the White House as to the President's attitude toward the conference. Mr. Taft made it clear that he had no intention of issuing any statement on the subject, at least until the bill has received his final action. If he has occasion to say anything to the conferrees or any of them, it will be said in person and directly, and not through the medium of newspapers.

The events of the morning had already made it quite clear that he was saying things to the conferrees directly and in person. It was made clear, moreover, that these discussions with conferrees were dealing with specific questions of rates. So that all this activity means that the President now finds the bill in the situation where he can legitimately exercise his influence, and is proceeding to do so.

It can be said that Mr. Taft has not yet lost any of his optimism as to the ultimate result. His position has been known for some time. He wants, in general, the reductions of both bills and the increases of neither. He recognizes the fact that the Aldrich bill is extremely unpopular throughout the country, and that, despite the opposition aroused by the Payne bill at first, it has now been accepted generally as a fairly good measure in comparison with the Senate bill. So that if the President can now succeed in getting from the conference a measure that conforms practically to the Payne bill in its reductions that will be received by the country as a victory, and a fulfillment of the repeated pledges for a revision downward.

Many Things Prevent a Veto.

Based upon the talks recent callers have had with the President, there is a renewal of the talk that he is liable to veto the bill. It is known that he feels that if the settlement of the matter were to be left to him it would be a simple thing to bring out a bill that would be satisfactory to the country. It is also known that he expects during the remainder of the time the bill is in conference to do the best he can in behalf of the country.

But there are a good many things which will operate to prevent a veto. One of the most important of them is his belief that there are a number of excellent provisions in the bill as it stands. One of these is the maximum and minimum provision. He regards the Senate writing of this feature with much more favor than that of the House. This is due to the great discretion which is conferred upon the President by the Aldrich framing of the provision.

The Payne provision made the operation of the maximum rates automatic and inevitable. The Aldrich provision puts the maximum rates into effect against any country which in the discretion of the President does not "unduly" discriminate against United States products. Thus, for instance, under the Payne provisions, the maximum rates would have been inevitable against Canada and England, because Canada gives a preferential tariff to England. But under the Aldrich provision, if in the judgment of the President that is not an "undue" discrimination, the maximum rates will go into effect against those countries. And there is no question that Mr. Taft will not consider it "undue" discrimination.

To Cut Corporation Tax Rate.

Another of these reasons is the corporation tax. The President recognizes and acknowledges his responsibility for that provision of the bill. He is determined to stand by it and will not submit it to the substitution of an inheritance tax or any other form of special taxation.

The new draft of the corporation tax amendment will provide for a tax of 1 per cent., instead of 2 per cent., on the net earnings of corporations. This was decided to-day at an informal conference at the White House.

It is conceded that the measure as passed by the Senate must be redrafted in order to remove constitutional objections and to meet the views of the Administration. The President has told leaders of the Senate and House that as the Administration would be charged with the responsibility of collecting the tax and defending the act if assailed in the courts the Administration should be permitted to perfect the measure.

Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne have made no objection to the suggestion made by the President, and as a result Attorney General Wickersham is working out the legal problems it involves. In frequent consultation with the Attorney General are Secretary of State Knox, Senator Root, and the President himself. When they have perfected the amendment it will be sent to the conferrees, who will incorporate it in the bill as agreed to in conference.

The President is not concerned over the proposition to cut the proposed rate from 2 to 1 per cent. The additional tobacco tax is estimated to raise $9,000,000, and with that, in addition to the customs revenues to come from the operation of the bill, the President thinks that 1 per cent. on the earnings of corporations will raise sufficient revenue.

Better to Sign Than to Veto.

In view of these things, including his continued optimism as to the outcome and of other reasons, there is reason for saying that the President probably will sign the bill within a short time after it reaches him. He is aware of the sentiment of the country, and has taken stock of the results of a veto. If he can secure only a part of the reductions which he openly expects to obtain from the conference it will give him a bill which at the worst will support the contention that it is a fulfillment of the party promise for revision, although its opponents declare bitterly that it is a betrayal of the pledges.

And under the present circumstances any bill that is not certain to arouse the hostility of a majority of the people is better than a veto for the practical purposes of the Administration, for the tariff must be out of the way when the great programme of corporation and departmental reorganization legislation comes on next Winter. That programme may be counted on to displace the tariff entirely as a current political issue, and no matter how great a howl follows the enactment of the Aldrich revision upward, the probability is that it will die away completely before the Congressional campaign comes on next year.

Conferrees Meet at Night.

The conferrees met to-night, and it is expected that night sessions will be held hereafter in an effort to hurry the work along. The conferrees finished the first reading of the metal schedule and took up the opening paragraphs of the wood and lumber schedule. The important items in metal, however, like iron and lead ore and structural steel, were passed over, though it is pretty well understood that on iron ore a compromise at something like 10 or 15 cents a ton will be reached.

HOUSE FOR INCOME TAX PLAN.

Votes 317 to 14 for Constitutional Amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The House to-day, after strongly denouncing all forms of special taxation and the corporation tax in particular, through four hours of debate, passed the income tax constitutional amendment by far more than the required two-thirds vote. A roll call showed 317 Representatives for the proposed amendment and only 14 against it, one man answering present.

The fourteen opponents of the measure were all Republicans. They were Allen of Maine, Barchfeld, Dalzell, McCreary, and Wheeler of Pennsylvania, Calderhead of Kansas, Fordney of Michigan, Gardner, McCall, and Weeks of Massachusetts, Henry and Hill of Connecticut, and Olcott and Southwick of New York. Four of these are members of the conference committee on the Tariff bill that will have the corporation tax to consider—Calderhead, Dalzell, Fordney, and McCall. Another opponent of the tax and all similar levy was Hill, a member of the Ways and Means Committee.

The speeches and votes together both indicated a strong opposition, particularly in the East, to any of the special forms of taxation. Mr. Payne's speech was itself of that complexion, though he finally voted for the constitutional amendment on the ground that, while he hoped an income tax would never be levied in time of peace, he thought the Government should have the power in case of emergency.

WAR ONLY CURE FOR TARIFF.

John Bigelow Sees No Hope for an Honest Revision by Congress.

From another civil war, due this time not to slavery, but to the tariff, this country may be saved by National insolvency, toward which it is rapidly drifting, says John Bigelow, the aged Democratic statesman, in a letter to the Tariff Reform Committee of the Reform Club, in reply to one calling for financial assistance. Nothing else will save the country from civil war, he thinks.

All appeals for a real revision or a reduction of the tariff, Mr. Bigelow says, are like appeals to drunkards not to drink to excess, or to burglars not to steal so often. He goes on:

> In each and every case these appeals are not merely to toleration of crime, but an excuse for it, just as the toleration of slavery blinded more than half the Nation to the fact that slavery was not only a disgrace to any nation, but a violation of the divine law, which had to be expiated by trials proportionate to its enormity.
>
> When your Reform Committee is prepared to take a firm stand against any tariff upon imports, to make every harbor upon our 600 miles of seacoast as free to the commerce of the world as those of New York are to those of New Jersey, or those of Pennsylvania are to those of Virginia, I shall be happy to join you and do what I can to promote the success of your labors.
>
> In such a work I should have the satisfaction of knowing that I was not even indirectly countenancing a vicious system of taxation; also that I was helping to put our statesmen upon an inquiry for sources of revenue that were not tainted with every crime, save murder, of which highwaymen have been condemned by the laws of God or man.
>
> Your hope from the division of the Administration party over the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill is, I think, largely a delusion. No one can count the number of people that are willing to steal, or go on the highway for a living, whenever public sentiment or the law will say or even countenance the implication that these modes of living are not disreputable. We have before us in the tariff precisely the same issue that confronted us in the rebellion of 1861.
>
> To me it appears that protection is even more firmly fixed in its saddle than ever slavery was, because the property it gives to the protected exceeds the total value of the slave property of the United States at its maximum.
>
> I make no pretensions to being a prophet, and therefore I will only ask what reason there is for hoping for a deliverance from the unrighteous burden of protection by any less severe trials than those by which we effaced the only reproach upon the Constitution of the United States provided by our conscript fathers who framed it? What motive had the Southern planter to go to war for the protection of slavery that the Republican Party has not in far greater degree to fight for protection?

DIPLOMATS HONOR NEWCOMB.

Ambassadors Jusserand and Bernstorff to Serve as Honorary Pallbearers.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The esteem in which the late Prof. Simon Newcomb was held by the scientists of Europe and by the French and German Governments, which had honored him during life, was impressively attested today in the acceptance by tho French and German Ambassadors in person of invitations to act as honorary pall-bearers at the funeral of Prof. Newcomb on Wednesday.

WHAT HAVE YOU LOST?
Whatever it is, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise your loss in The New York Times. Your advertisement will be given a free insertion in the Lost and Found Bulletin, published weekly and posted in over one thousand public places. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

WINDSTORM IN WEST, THE MISSOURI HIGHER

Wagons Picked Up in St. Louis and Horses and Drivers Hurled to Earth.

JAMS STEAMER IN DRAW

Part of a Funeral Thrown Over a Fence—Missouri River Destroys Crops and Farmhouses.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—A cyclonic wind struck St. Louis and its suburbs at noon to-day. Telegraph and telephone wires were blown down, and in St. Louis County trees were uprooted.

In the city the wind picked up wagons and threw the horses and drivers to the ground. Because the trolley wires were blown down electric cars in some parts of the city were stopped for an hour.

The wind struck the steamer Alton today as it passed with 300 passengers from St. Louis through the draw of the bridge at Alton, Ill., twenty-five miles north of St. Louis. The steamer was swung around until part of the wheelhouse was torn off against a pier of the bridge. The boat was jammed there.

With the Mississippi River gauge reading 31.9 feet this morning, the Government Weather Bureau predicted 33.5 feet for to-morrow and 34 feet for Wednesday. The water backed into the buildings along the levee, but no great damage was done. Across the river on the Illinois side the lowlands were flooded, and the rise Wednesday will destroy property.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, July 12.—One person was killed, another severely injured, and several sustained minor hurts when an electrical storm swept the camp meeting grounds of the Free Methodists here to-night. Miss Mary Miller of New Brighton, Penn., was killed, and the Rev. Mr. La Due of New Brighton, Penn., was severely hurt.

Just before the storm broke many campers had congregated near the tabernacle tent, where a testimonial meeting was being held. Miss Miller had been the last to give testimony. The roar of the approaching storm was heard, and Miss Miller, with several others, ran for her tent.

A tree several rods away was struck by lightning, and a limb fell, striking the tent and crushing the girl's head. The Rev. Mr. La Due was struck by a smaller branch of the same tree.

HAMILTON, Ohio, July 12.—More than a score of persons were injured in a tornado that swept over the northeastern part of Butler County late to-day.

At Seven Mile Station the funeral procession of Mrs. Sarah Lloyd was caught in the wind. Five carriages, containing twenty persons, were blown across a road and hurled against a fence, injuring all of the occupants, but none severely. Two carriages, containing six persons, were thrown over a fence and the occupants were held prisoners while the vehicles were rolled over several times. R. C. Withrow, a farmer, was struck by lightning and fatally hurt.

The Ohio Electric Company was compelled to suspend traffic between Hamilton and Middletown because trees blocked the tracks.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 12.—Lightning struck and killed Jerry Spaulding, a teamster from Fort Sheridan, Indianapolis, in the outskirts of Camp William H. Taft, where some of the troops which participated in last week's tournament were still quartered.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A storm of wind and rain that was particularly severe in the Missouri Valley to-night swept around until it encircled Chicago, according to reports received by telegraph companies, whose wires are in bad shape. Wire are down in every direction from Chicago.

The storm extends from Louisville to Minneapolis, and from Kansas City and Dubuque to Cleveland. It is reported to be traveling eastward.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 12.—With the main line of the Missouri Pacific Railroad between Kansas City and St. Louis congested because of the great number of trains of other railroads detoured over it in an effort to reach Chicago, railroad traffic between Kansas City and Chicago to-day was practically at a standstill.

Local flood conditions were at a standstill to-day, as the Kansas River stood at 25 feet, a rise of but a tenth of an inch since yesterday. The Missouri River reading was 26.2 feet, which was .2 inch higher than last night.

At Topeka the Kansas River reached a maximum of 18 feet 10 inches last night, but showed a fall of 7 inches to-day. The river at that point is now at a standstill.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 12.—The Missouri River continued to rise to-day, and at 11 o'clock was within 3 feet of the record flood of 1903. The water has spread over a wide area, ruining crops and farmhouses. The Sheriff of Daviess County, in which Pattonburg, the scene of last week's flood is situated, to-day appealed to the Governor for $10,000 for clothing and provisions. The telegram said conditions in the county were terrible.

The Missouri Pacific's river route was abandoned, and trains must now be run over the main line.

NAGEL BEGINS HIS REFORM.

Ten Clerks Let Out, 100 Reduced, and 100 Promoted in Commerce Bureau.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Secretary Nagel to-day began his threatened reform in the Department of Commerce and Labor, over which he presides. He called ten of his delinquent clerks before him and "permitted them to resign." They did. One hundred subordinates who have been loafing on their jobs were summarily reduced in rank and pay, and one hundred others who have fairly good records behind them were jumped into the vacant positions, the unlucky and the lucky ones exchanging places. As a result of the first move of Mr. Nagel, there is mourning in many quarters to-night and jubilation in others.

The reform is only begun, however. According to reports, the Immigration Service is to be finely combed by the Secretary, and a small squad of inefficients are to be cast out. It is intimated that one or more of the minor officials of this bureau will go in the general raid, but neither Secretary Nagel nor Assistant Secretary McHarg will discuss the matter.

There has been considerable friction among the officials of this bureau in the recent past, and this is expected to militate against some of those who were most in evidence in these ructions.

The Census Bureau aroused the ire of Secretary Nagel, and its chief, former Director S. N. D. North, was forced to resign because of the clash between him and his superior. A number of officials who served under Mr. North have so far been left undisturbed.

PASTOR ATTACKS TAFT.

Criticises President for Removing Commissioner Watchorn.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 12.—At the Christian Endeavor Convention to-day the Rev. H. B. Grose of New York in an address on "Evangelising North America," criticised President Taft for removing Robert Watchorn, Immigration Commissioner at Ellis Island, whom he characterized as an "unselfish and able Christian gentleman."

It was time, declared Mr. Grose, for Christian Endeavorers to ask why such a man had been discharged from a work he was doing so well.

If you want competent Help, see Page 12.

PRESIDENT SHOWS MERCY.

Commutes Two Sentences, One of Teller Who Embezzled for Crippled Child.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—A crippled child, for whom he embezzled bank funds to secure means for treatment by specialists, was the extenuating circumstance which actuated the President to-day to commute the sentence of Carl M. Spencer, once a collection teller of the Des Moines National Bank, from five to three years' imprisonment.

Des Moines citizens urged Spencer's pardon, and the execution of the sentence of the court was postponed pending the result of the appeal to the President. The President declined to pardon, but directed the commutation.

The President has commuted the sentence of Edward E. Flickinger of Galion, Ohio, a manufacturer, who was sentenced to seven and a half years for aiding and abetting Otho L. Hays, President of the Galion National Bank, in unlawfully misapplying the funds of that institution. The commutation is to four years, which will expire Feb. 20 next. The commutation is solely based on representations regarding Flickinger's health.

Two escapes from corrective institutions and a life of rectitude in the twelve years interim, a prison record not too encouraging and a sentence not too excessive, figured in the denial by the President to-day of a pardon to J. B. Gregory, alias Harry Leonard, an alleged bail jumper at Oakland, Cal., now serving a sentence in a Western penitentiary.

The President denied a pardon to David W. Irwin, now serving a sentence of five years imprisonment and $500 fine for timberland claim frauds at Denver, Col.

GUATEMALAN MAGISTRATE OUT

Dismissed on Our Demand—Protected Murderers of Negro American Citizen.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Col. Garcia, a provincial Magistrate of Guatemala, has been dismissed from office as a result of the demands of the State Department for the punishment of the murderers of William Wright, a negro, in that country and the alleged negligence of officials in bringing the guilty ones to justice.

Wright was an American citizen, and was killed by a mob. Col. Garcia was the agent of the Guatemalan Government at Livingston at the time. It is alleged that as a result of bribery solicited by himself, Garcia refused—or, at least, failed—to permit any proceedings looking to the punishment of the criminals.

Instructions given to Mr. Heimke, the American Minister at the time, were very comprehensive and explicit, and he was directed to demand the dismissal of Garcia, as well as the arrest, trial, and punishment of the guilty person or persons, and of all the officials through whose failure to act the ends of justice were frustrated.

DROP MACHEN INDICTMENT.

Cupper and Long Included in Post Office Scandal Bill Nolle Prossed.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Satisfied that he could not secure a conviction, United States Attorney Baker to-day nolle prossed another of the Post Office Department scandal indictments of 1903. The indictment charged August W. Machen, former Superintendent of the free delivery service; John T. Cupper of Lock Haven, Penn., and William C. Long of Washington with conspiring to defraud the United States in connection with a contract to paint letter and package boxes throughout the United States.

An indictment against Cupper and Long, charging bribery of a Government official in connection with securing the same contract, was nolle prossed some time ago.

CRANE WORKERS STRIKE.

Government Armor Plate Orders May Be Delayed at Midvale Works.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Following the refusal of the officials of the Midvale Steel Works to replace the wage scale in force until eighteen months ago, 130 electric crane workers are on strike at the steel plant. The crane workers demand an increase of 2 cents an hour. While there was no cessation of work in other parts of the establishment to-day, it is understood that the plant will be crippled by the action of the crane workers, the 5,000 other employes being affected.

Police have been guarding the company's plant, but the strikers say there will be no violence. Important armor plate orders of the Government may be delayed as a result of the trouole at the plant.

HOLY WAR AGAINST SHAH

Proclaimed by Mujtehids—Nationalist Advance on Teheran Expected.

TEHERAN, Persia, July 12.—Further efforts by Said Ed Dowleh, the Persian Foreign Minister, on behalf of the Government, to reach a friendly settlement with the Nationalists have failed and serious fighting is now looked for. The British and Russian Legations have informed Sipahdar, the leader of the Nationalists, that they will support any reasonable demands, and received the reply that the Nationalists would remain strictly on the defensive until evening to give the Government an opportunity of sending envoys to open negotiations.

As the Government failed to send envoys, it is believed that the Nationalists are preparing for an advance on Teheran.

The news of the arrival of the Russians at Kazvin having produced little effect upon the rival forces, the Shiite Sacred College of Mujtehids has at last decided to bring its influence to bear on the situation, and Mullahs have already crossed the Turkish frontier with orders to proclaim a holy war. A holy war against Moslems is unprecedented, but to legalize it the Shah and his supporters have been declared non-Moslems. Already the country adjoining the frontier is in arms.

The Mujtehids hold a similar position to that of the Sheik Ul Islam at Constantinople, whose decree deprived Abdul Hamid of his throne. The proclamation now issued seems to render impossible the retention of the throne by the Shah.

TITLE FOR ADOLPHUS BUSCH.

Grand Duke Makes Brewer "Commercial Councilor" on 70th Birthday.

CARLSBAD, July 12.—Adolphus Busch of St. Louis has just celebrated his seventieth birthday here.

He received many congratulatory telegrams, and the Grand Duke of Hesse conferred upon him the title of Commercial Councilor.

Tank Steamer Aras Crippled.

PLYMOUTH, July 12.—The German steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm, which arrived here to-day from New York, reports that she spoke the British tank steamer Aras, from New York for Hull, July 9, in latitude 45, longitude 36, steaming slowly with her low-pressure cylinder cracked.

Opens Direct Primary Inquiry in Boston

BOSTON, Mass., July 12.—A special committee of the New York Legislature, with Senator George L. Meade of Rochester as its Chairman, held the first of a series of public hearings in its investigation of the workings of the direct primary law in this State at the State House this afternoon. In the absence of Robert Luce, father of the Massachusetts law, Herbert H. Boynton, Deputy in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, explained the election law of this State.

Frank Schuster Killed on Honeymoon.

CORNING, N. Y., July 12.—Death to-day cut short the honeymoon of Frank Schuster, aged 21, who yesterday fell from the roof of a cottage at Lake Keuka, where he was staying with his bride. The rungs of a chair on which he landed pierced his body.

To Woman, Administrator of the Home.
Riker offers every known effective preparation and antiseptic for disease prevention.
Fresh, Dependable Drugs and Medecines for the cure of sickness.
RIKER DRUG STORES
You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's

Store Closes Evenings 5:30; Saturdays 12:30.
38 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV., 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK
Summer Hosiery!
In the Greatest Sale Ever Held in New York in July.
200,000 Pairs Imported and Domestic, at Prices that are Bringing Us Enormous Business.
Main Floor.

We had 75 clerks selling Hosiery yesterday, and from 9:30 in the morning until closing time they were as busy as they could be.

We Undoubtedly Sold More Hosiery Yesterday Than All the Other Stores in New York Combined

The sale swings right along to-day, with even greater interest, for hundreds of fresh boxes were taken down from the receiving rooms last evening.

Hosiery for the Whole Family! Hosiery for Men! Hosiery for Women! Hosiery for Children! Hosiery for Infants! Hosiery for every occasion!

Women's Imported and Domestic Stockings

The kinds that sell at 25c., 29c. and 35c. Black and Tan, silk lisle Hosiery, silk lisle lace ankle, gauze and medium weight cotton, black cotton with Maco split sole and unbleached split feet; black embroidered and all-over lace lisle stockings in black and colored polka dots. Pair..... 15c

Men's Imported and Domestic Half Hose

There were more than 50,000 pairs when the sale began yesterday, so there are plenty for to-day. The finest domestic and imported productions. Mostly samples and odd lots. If sold regularly would be priced at 15c., 29c. and even 39c. Pair..... 15c

5,000 Pairs Women's Imported Hosiery
Including silk lisle, sheer gauze lisle, hand embroidered lisle, gauze lisle, hand embroidered clocks, etc.; black, white black, white and newest shades; 50c. values. Pair..... 29c

Men's Imported Lisle Half Hose 23c
Hand embroidered, newest patterns; also plain black; 50c. qualities; 6 pairs $1.25.

Children's Stockings 17c
Black, white and tan cotton stockings for boys and girls; holeproof heels and toes; all sizes.

Infants' Summer Socks 22c
In white lisle with colored tops, and tan lisle with colored and jacquard tops; 3 pairs 63c.

Women's Gauze Lisle Hose 23c
All the season's shades; also imported gauze cotton in black; 6 pairs $1.24.

Men's Imported Silk Lisle Half Hose
Self-clocked silk lisle; also plain colored silk lisle in black, tan, cadet, lavender, reseda and hunter's green. Hosiery that commands as much as 75c. Pair..... 29c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

B. Altman & Co.

A SPECIAL ASSORTMENT OF TAFFETA SILK PARASOLS IN VARIOUS COLORS WITH HANDLES OF CARVED OR NATURAL WOOD, WILL BE PLACED ON SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AT $2.00 EACH

ALSO THIS DAY (TUESDAY), A SALE OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S & CHILDREN'S HOSIERY AT REDUCTIONS OF 40% TO 50% FROM THE USUAL PRICES:

WOMEN'S BLACK GAUZE LISLE THREAD HOSE, 28c. PER PAIR

CHILDREN'S RIBBED COTTON HOSE, IN BLACK, WHITE AND TAN, $1.00 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS

MEN'S FANCY LISLE THREAD HALF HOSE, ALSO PLAIN BLACK AND BLACK WITH EMBROIDERY, $1.25 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue.

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The New York Times
during your vacation days. To make sure of its regular receipt have it sent by mail, post free. Order through your newsdealer or at The Times Office, or telephone 1000 Bryant. Daily and Sunday, 17 cents a week, or 75 cents a month. Change of address at your will.

"For Safety Sake" DEMAND
CARBONA
UNBURNABLE CLEANING FLUID
Better than dangerous Benzine or Naphtha for all cleaning purposes.
15c. 25c. 50c. $1.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

I have made a discovery in the treatment of head noises and deafness which I consider an important one. My discovery does away with the necessity of passing instruments into the ear tubes, which measures have proved unsatisfactory, are painful, and instead of curing the disease, have often forced it further up into the ear.

Among the most interesting cases upon whom I tested my new method for head noises and deafness was Mr. Ludlow M. Wildrick, a gentleman 63 years of age. When Mr. Wildrick consulted me in my Chicago office the story he told me was as follows:

"It was in 1865 or 66, while I was in the army, that I first noticed I was losing my hearing. The loss of hearing came on slowly, and as my hearing failed I had terrible ringing noises in my head. After a while I noticed that I could hear better when I was in a noisy place than when in a quiet room. My left ear finally got so bad I could not understand a word that was said to me when the person was on my left side."

Mr. Wildrick visited my office about five months, after which time he considered he could hear well enough, because at that time, he told me, even with his worst ear, his left one, he could understand what was said clear across the room, and that his head noises had disappeared. His wife told me at that time that her husband had been hard of hearing for about forty years, and that he had kept getting worse all the time. She said that when he was lying with his good ear on a pillow he could not hear a sound. "And even with his good ear I would have to go right up to him to make him hear, and even then I would have to shout to make him understand what I said. Now I can talk to him in an ordinary conversational tone and he can understand me. He can even hear what I say to him from the next room."

Mr. Wildrick resides in Congress Park, Chicago. I only mention this case to show what can be done by my new method in many cases of deafness and head noises in persons well advanced in years who have been deaf a long time.

This is who I am and what I have done:—I graduated in medicine in New York in 1879. I was the prize winner of my class. I won in competitive examination the position of Physician to Bellevue Hospital, where I served in 1879 and 1880.

I have made a specialty of diseases of the throat and ear for thirty years. I decided the best way I could tell the people who I was and what I had done was to advertise in the daily papers.

The following interview with Professor Loomis will explain what he thought of me:—

(New York World, Sept. 2, 1894.)

"Professor Loomis, of the University of New York, the great specialist, said, in alluding to medical men who advertise:—Dr. McCoy, for instance, is an able man, well educated, a thorough scientist and a first-class physician. He is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital. He advertises, does an immense business and is doing much good.'"

If you think my training and experience should make me a good ear doctor, I should be pleased to have you visit my offices. It will cost you nothing for an examination and advice. If your ears have been so neglected that treatment will not restore your hearing I have the best instrument ever invented to make deaf people hear. It is called the Baker Microphone. I will be pleased to give you an opportunity to test this little device free.

Dr. J. C. McCOY
213 Flatiron Building, Broadway and 23d St., New York.
Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 9 A. M. to 12 M.
If you live out of the city, write for advice and booklet describing the Baker Microphone.

The Best Bitter Liqueur
Underberg
The World's Best Bitters
Taken daily, means good appetite, digestion and perennial health.
Sold Everywhere.
LUYTIES BROTHERS,
U. S. Agents, New York.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century

The Buffalonian
$8
Lv. Desbrosses St.....7:45 P. M.
" West 42d St.....7:55 "
Ar. Buffalo.....7:15 A. M.
West Shore R. R.

Victor Talking Machines and Records. Buy from us direct.
LANDAY BROS.,
400 Fifth Av.
(OPP. TIFFANY.)

John Jameson
THREE STAR
Whiskey

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.
Capital and Surplus $12,000,000
Oldest, Largest and most Reputable in New York

NORDICA WILL WED SOON IN LONDON

Prospective Bridegroom, G. W. Young, Due There To-morrow to Acquire Legal Residence.

$2,500 FEE NORDICA'S PRIDE

Says Price Paid Her at Reid's Party for King and Queen Is Record for Woman Singer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 12.—It is reported on reliable authority that the marriage of Mme. Lillian Nordica to George W. Young will take place in London as soon after the latter's arrival in England by the Lucania on Wednesday as the legal requirements in regard to residence can be fulfilled.

Nordica is very proud of having received a fee of $2,500 for singing at Dorchester House on the occasion of Ambassador Reid's party for the King and Queen. She says it is the biggest fee ever paid any woman singer in Europe or America.

The prima donna obtained this special price because in order to sing at Dorchester House she had to break an engagement to sing at the Princess de Polignac's musicale in Paris. She is singing at Mrs. John W. Mackay's party to-night for $1,500.

The engagement of Mme. Lillian Nordica to George Washington Young, banker, has been announced several times within the last two years, but was denied as frequently by both parties concerned. Rumors and gossip in society and musical circles were set at rest, however, when, after returning from a concert tour through Canada, Mme. Nordica made a formal announcement of the engagement at a dinner given by her in the Plaza Hotel in this city.

Her marriage to Mr. Young will be Mme. Nordica's third matrimonial venture. Her first husband was Frederick A. Gower, a wealthy electrician, whom she met and married in Paris in 1882. They did not live happily together, and three years later Mme. Nordica began legal proceedings for a separation. The case was postponed from time to time, and, in 1887, news was received that Gower had lost his life while making an attempt to cross the English Channel in a balloon. His body was never recovered. Mme. Nordica settled her claim to the estate for $40,000.

Mme. Nordica's second marriage took place in Indianapolis on May 27, 1896 when she wedded Zoltan Doeme, the Hungarian tenor. She obtained a divorce from Doeme in this city in 1904.

Mr. Young has long been a prominent figure in social and financial circles in New York. He was formerly President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, in which he is still interested. He is now Vice President of the Windsor Trust Company, besides being a Director in the Père Marquette Railroad Company, the National Bank of Commerce, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company, and the Casualty Company of America. He is also head of the banking firm of George W. Young & Co. of 59 Cedar Street.

Mr. Young is a native of New Jersey, where he was born on July 1, 1864. He began life as an office boy, and at the age of nineteen became Paying Teller of the Hudson County Bank of Jersey City. At the age of twenty-eight he was Vice President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and since then he has advanced rapidly as a financier.

He has been married before, his first wife being Miss Natalie Bray of this city, whom he married on Nov. 28, 1889. She obtained a divorce in Trenton, N. J., in January, 1908, in a suit which Mr. Young did not answer. They have two children, Dorothy, aged fifteen, and George Washington, Jr., aged twelve.

SOON TO NAME CHANCELLOR.

Kaiser Sends Buelow Word He Will Be in Berlin To-morrow.

BERLIN, July 12.—The Kaiser has sent a message to Chancellor von Bülow announcing his return to Berlin Wednesday to consider the question of his successor in office, and it is probable that the announcement of the name of the new Chancellor will be made within twenty-four hours of this conference. Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, Secretary of the Interior and Vice Chancellor, is still regarded in Ministerial quarters as the most likely successor to Prince Bülow.

The Chancellor has said farewell to the foreign Ambassadors still in Berlin, announcing at the same time that his retirement was imminent. He has sent a letter to Ambassador Hill, who is at Geneva, expressing regret that circumstances prevented a personal interview, and bidding him good-bye.

APENRADE, Germany, July 12.—The imperial flotilla, which has been cruising on the Baltic coast, anchored last night in Apenrade Bay. The Kaiser sails on his yacht Meteor in the daytime, but comes on board the Hohenzollern for the night. He spends a portion of his mornings in disposing of state business forwarded to him from Berlin. There is much speculation among the members of his staff regarding the successor to Chancellor von Bülow, and his Majesty has freely voiced his regret at the Chancellor's retirement.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LISBON, July 12.—The Portuguese Government has as yet taken no definite steps in the matter of sending ships or delegates to the Hudson-Fulton celebration, to be held in New York.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 12.—According to mail advices received here to-day from Libau the Russian battleship Slava, while engaged in target practice four days ago, ran on a rock at the entrance to Libau harbor and sustained serious injuries to her bottom. She proceeded under her own steam to the dry-dock, where extensive repairs will be undertaken. The Slava was built in 1903, and is one of the best vessels of the Russian Navy.

LISBON, July 12.—There was an encounter yesterday between Royalists and Republicans in the town of Lonza. The Royalists objected to the formation of the Republican Club. A number of shots were exchanged, and several persons were dangerously hurt.

TROOPS CHECK BOLIVIAN MOB.

Peruvian Stores Pillaged, and a State of Siege Proclaimed.

LA PAZ, Bolivia, July 12.—A guard of five hundred soldiers was stationed at the Peruvian and Argentine Legations last evening and the troops prevented the mob from setting fire to the buildings.

The greatest disorder prevails throughout the city; many of the Peruvian stores have been pillaged, and the demonstrations against both Peru and the Argentine Republic are exceedingly violent. A state of siege has been proclaimed.

The Bolivian Government, acceding to the wishes of the people and the newspapers, has decided not accept Argentina's arbitral decision on the boundary question. This is considered as equivalent to a declaration of war with Peru.

LIMA, Peru, July 12.—No fear is felt here that war will ensue between Peru and Bolivia on account of the hostile demonstrations at La Paz following the decision given by President Alcorta of the Argentine Republic on the boundary limits of the two countries. Peru has been satisfied with the award, and the attitude of Bolivia, which has protested against the decision of the arbitrator, is unfavorably commented upon.

President Leguia this morning addressed a large gathering of all classes of society, which took the form of a demonstration in front of the university, requesting the people to remain calm and exercise prudence in the present trying circumstances. He asked them to have confidence in the Government, which had taken all necessary steps to maintain the honor and dignity of Peru.

Up to the present there has not been a single hostile movement against Bolivia, and in order to avoid the possibility of exciting public feeling, the authorities declined to permit the holding of a public meeting, which had been arranged for this evening. Police guards have been placed at the Bolivian Legation and Consulate.

BUENOS AIRES, July 12.—The Council of Ministers at a conference to-day decided to telegraph the Argentine Minister at La Paz, Señor Fonseca, to withdraw from that country in case he is not able to obtain immediate and complete satisfaction with reference to the hostile manifestations against the Argentine Republic.

Señor Fonseca to-day announced the fifth hostile demonstration against Argentina, in spite of the presence of Bolivian troops at the legation. A body of men started to attack the legation building from the rear. The personnel of the legation asked for the protection of soldiers. Troops were thereupon sent forward and prevented the continuance of the movement. The Argentine Legation is now guarded by 800 soldiers.

Another dispatch from the Argentine Consul at Tupisa, Bolivia, announces that the consulate was stoned, windows were broken, and the flagstaff was knocked down, and the house of an Argentine citizen attacked.

VALPARAISO, Chile, July 12.—It is believed here that war between Peru and Bolivia is imminent because of the disorders at La Paz following the decision handed down by Argentina in the boundary dispute between the two countries.

The Chilean Admiralty said to-day that Chile would remain neutral, but she is preparing to send warships for the protection of Chilean interests.

COLOMBIAN REBELS GIVE UP.

Official Report to That Effect, but Other Advices Call It Armistice.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The revolution in Colombia is at an end, according to a message which was received late to-day by Señor Guzman, the Colombian Charge d'Affaires, who rushed immediately with it to the State Department.

The message came from the cable agent of the Colombian Government at Barranquilla, and was transmitted through the Colombian Consulate General at New York City. The end came without any conflict, the revolutionist army surrendered, and the legal authority of the Government was re-established, said the message. All the country was declared to be at peace.

Señor Guzman's message is not borne out entirely by the State Department advices, however, they being to the effect that an armistice has been declared pending a conference between Jorge Holguin, Acting President, and Gonzalez Valencia.

Late to-day a dispatch came from Barranquilla saying that the Port of Porto Colombia has been blockaded since July 6 by the Colombian gunboat Cartagena.

The conference between Gen. Valencia, the head of the revolutionary forces, and Acting President Holguin, the department was advised, is to take place to-morrow at some point near Bogota.

For the purpose of protecting American interests and also to keep in close touch with the situation the gunboat Tacoma is now on her way to Barranquilla, where the trouble started, and where her commander will meet American Minister Northcott for the purpose of consulting with him as to any further steps that may be deemed necessary. The Minister has telegraphed that the Americans at Barranquilla are in no danger. The Minister intends to remain at that place while the unsettled conditions in Colombia continue.

An executive decree has been issued by the Acting President closing to trade the ports of Barranquilla and Savanilla. The city of Santa Marta is said to be threatened by the revolutionists and the situation there is said to be critical.

FORCED SERVICE FOR ENGLISH

Lord Roberts Introduces Bill Drafting All Young Men Into Army.

LONDON, July 12.— The National Service bill, which provides for the compulsory service in the Territorial Army of all male citizens between the ages of eighteen and thirty, was introduced in the House of Lords to-day by Field Marshal Lord Roberts, who, in supporting the measure, painted a gloomy picture of the condition of the country's defenses and the threatening dangers of the empire. Lord Roberts took occasion to denounce the present policy, which he characterized as a "willful gamble with the safety of the country and the empire," and asserted that his bill would furnish 1,000,000 well-trained and disciplined soldiers in a few years.

ROOSEVELT IS BACK FROM HUNT IN SOTIK

Will Stay at Ranch Near Naivasha to Bag Three Hippopotami and a Baboon.

ALSO RARE DIGDIG ANTELOPE

All of Party Are Well—Ex-President and Kermit Will Next Hunt Ten Days with Lord Delamere.

NAIVASHA, British East Africa, July 12.—The Roosevelt expedition, which has been hunting for the past five weeks in the Sotik district, arrived at 11 o'clock this morning at the farm of Capt. Richard Attenborough, on the south shore of Lake Naivasha.

E. J. Cuninghame, the general manager of the expedition, came into Capt. Attenborough's last night in advance of the others and left at daybreak this morning to meet Mr. Roosevelt and guide him to the Captain's place. Mr. Cuninghame had a very hard trip, and on the last day of his journey his porters were without food or water.

Mr. Roosevelt and his son Kermit will remain at Captain Attenborough's only long enough to bag three hippopotami—a bull, a cow, and a calf; a specimen of the rare digdig antelope, a bushbuck, and a baboon. They will then move on to the ranch of Lord Delamere, one of the game wardens of British East Africa, to hunt with him for ten days at Njoro. The other members of the party will stay at camp at Capt. Attenborough's. The Captain is at present in Naivasha engaged in securing and shipping out supplies for the expedition.

Major E. A. Mearns, a member of the Roosevelt party, rode a distance of forty miles recently to give medical attention to three natives belonging to an expedition under O. C. Chapman, who had been severely mauled by a lion. In spite of his efforts two of the men died.

All the members of the Roosevelt expedition are well. In addition to the other game previously reported as secured in the Sotik district, Mr. Roosevelt bagged two more rhinoceroses, each with big horns, a wildebeeste, and a number of lesser specimens.

GENOA, July 12.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt and her three children, who arrived here yesterday from Naples, were met this morning by Miss Carow, Mrs. Roosevelt's sister. The party spent the morning driving around Genoa to see the sights, and left this afternoon for Miss Carow's villa, at Porto Maurizio, where the Roosevelts will remain for two weeks.

The Carow villa is on Monte Calvario, and commands a beautiful panoramic view of the Riviera.

DOES NOT BLAME MULAI.

Spain Regards Killing at Melilla as Local Affair, but Sends More Troops.

MADRID, July 12.—An official communication issued to-day sets forth that the Spanish Government considers the killing last week of four Spanish workmen by natives at Melilla, Morocco, to be purely a local incident that in no way affects Spain's relations with Mulai Hafid, the Sultan of Morocco. Nevertheless, there is a disposition in Madrid to regard the killing of these men as a parallel case to the French assassinations at Casablanca, and as forcing as well as authorizing Spain to protect adequately Spanish interests and Spanish territory.

Although the negotiations with the Moroccan Commission in Madrid continue on the subject of the frontier and the other questions which Señor Merry del Val, Spanish Minister to Morocco, has been unable to settle, it is pointed out that the precarious position of the Sultan himself, and the fact that rebellion and anarchy are rampant among the tribes, force Spain to adopt firm precautionary measures.

A total of 7,000 infantrymen and cavalrymen have embarked at Barcelona for Melilla.

SUFFRAGETTES JAILED AGAIN.

Fifteen Prefer Prison to Paying Fines for Smashing Windows.

LONDON, July 12.—Fifteen of the Suffragettes who in the course of the raid on the House of Commons on June 29 indulged in the breaking of windows with stones hidden in brown paper parcels, went to prison for a month to-day rather than pay the fines inflicted by Sir Albert de Rutzen, the Bow Street Magistrate. Sir Albert commented severely upon the lamentable spectacle of respectable women in the dock on charges usually associated with the juvenile hoodlum.

The Suffragettes, most of whom made short speeches, asserted that their offenses were purely political. The course of Prime Minister Asquith in refusing to receive their petition, they said, had made militant action necessary, and if the women were in the wrong Home Secretary Gladstone, War Secretary Haldane, and John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, who had incited them by taunting them with the statement that they were using only "pinprick methods," ought to be beside them in the dock.

The four Suffragettes who last Saturday presented a petition to Mr. Asquith, after which they were arrested and charged at the police court with disorderly conduct, to-day refused to give undertakings for their good behavior. They declined to pay the fines imposed, and were sentenced each to three weeks' imprisonment.

New Spanish Minister Coming.

LONDON, July 12.—The Marquis de Villaloban, the newly appointed Spanish Minister to the United States in succession to Don Ramon Pina, will leave here July 17 for Washington.

TAFT THANKS GOMEZ.

Replies to Friendly Message on Presentation of Colors to Cuban Army.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Cordial messages passed between Presidents Gomez and Taft following the presentation of regimental colors to the Cuban Army on Independence Day. Replying to President Gomez's dispatch expressing the hope that the act would seal the everlasting friendship of the two nations, President Taft said:

"Convey through appropriate channels to President Gomez high appreciation of the latter's message on Independence Day. The incident of the presentation of colors testifies the good will of the American people to Cuba and the Cubans, and is welcome as is everything that tends to affirm the intimate relations that unite the two nations in their advancement and beget mutual confidence and friendly regard."

President Gomez in his message said: "We are now solemnizing the commemorative day of the independence of the United States, the foundation of the independence of the American nations, by receiving from the friendly hands of the citizens of Washington's great country the banners of our regiments. May the act seal, as we earnestly wish it will, the everlasting friendship of the two nations."

100 DEAD IN CLOUDBURST.

Orizaba Disaster Caused Property Loss of $500,000 Besides.

MEXICO CITY, July 12.—Further details received here of the cloudburst last Friday at Orizaba place the loss at $500,000 gold. The Rio Blanco cotton mills were wrecked and three operatives killed.

A large area is under water, and other sections are half flooded. It is estimated that the total loss of life will exceed one hundred.

BRAZIL HONORS CLEVELAND.

Names Municipality Clevelandia in Memory of Late President.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—"Clevelandia," in honor of former President Cleveland, is to be the name of the municipality of Bella Vista de Palma, Brazil, according to news received at the State Department.

This homage is paid to Mr. Cleveland because of his services as arbiter of the question of boundary lines between Brazil and the Argentine Republic.

HOMES FOR OLD PRIESTS.

France Grants So Much Grace to Suppressed Teaching Orders.

PARIS, July 12.—The Government has issued a decree modifying the law of 1904, which suppressed teaching orders, so that in future permanent homes will be assured aged and infirm priests as members of the various orders. Heretofore the law provided for the evacuation and sale of the houses of congregations; if petitions that they be used as homes for members were not formulated within a stated time, or if the funds in hand were not sufficient properly to maintain them.

The Government now waives the first condition and undertakes the maintenance of the houses, if the funds of the occupants are insufficient for that purpose.

SIX SOCIALISTS TO HANG.

Russian Court-Martial Sends 14 More to Siberia as Terrorists.

WARSAW, July 12.—A court-martial to-day sentenced six Socialists to be hanged and fourteen to exile in Siberia.

The sentences are all for Terroristic activity.

WM. VOGEL & SON

It is not what you pay, but what you get for what you pay.

Relative to the Disposition of Merchandise Within the Season for Which It Is Designed.

A Series of Sales to Be Organized Which Involve Men's Clothes of Our Own Make Exclusively. Our Own Stocks, Together With Special Purchases of Furnishings and Outfittings.

THE caption of this announcement sounds a deep note in the policy of this business---we do not and will not carry over garments designed for one season into another season---hence the entire month of July will be devoted to the disposition of all merchandise through the medium of special sales. ¶ Ours are not "sale stores." We conduct throughout the course of the season an even, regular business, appealing to the reason of men on the score of value, not because of low price or cheapness. ¶ It is not our desire to clothe our business nor our addresses to the public in the garb of sensationalism. We have our story to tell to the public and we tell it in a frank, straight-from-the-shoulder manner. It is upon such lines that this business has been built and is ever growing to larger proportions. ¶ Little fables and fictions find no part in our schedule of advertising. ¶ We mean that the name of Wm. Vogel & Son shall stand for something---for an entity, not a nonentity---a business with a policy and purpose well defined and clear cut. Never resorting to any practice which in our mind is not in keeping with the dignity and ethics of good storekeeping. ¶ Our two great stores, during the month of July, will form the distributing base of merchandise which will claim the interest and attention of every man who is on the alert for exceptional values. These two spacious stores contain a treasure trove of clothing and outfittings, vast in proportions and of high and distinctive character. ¶ Keep your eyes on us during the month of July for exceptional values.

WM. VOGEL & SON

Broadway at Houston St. Broadway at 44th St.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS

Use the A. & S. Subway Station—Hoyt St.

Extraordinary Tuesday Sales.

Ribbons Main Floor, center. East Building.

35c. and 39c. Moire Ribbons, 25c. and 29c. a yard.
37c. Messaline Ribbons, 25c. a yard.
19c. Taffeta Ribbons, 13c. a yard.
Fine Lingerie Ribbons, in white, pink and blue, 22c. and 30c. a piece.

Babywear Second Floor, front. East Building.

Children's $1.29 to $3.98 Dresses, 69c. to $1.98.

Shoes Second Floor. West Building.

Women's $3.00 and $3.50 Low Shoes, $1.98.
Girls' $2.00 and $2.50 Low Shoes, $1.48.
Women's $3.50 Low Shoes, $2.85.
Men's $3.50 Low Shoes, $1.98.
Boys' $2.00 Shoes, $1.48.

Embroideries Main Floor, center. Central Building.

15c. to 35c. Embroideries, 7c. and 10c. a yard.
59c. to $1.50 27 and 54 inch Flouncings, 39c. to 89c. a yard.
39c. Embroidery Edgings, 25c. a yard.
$1.25 to 2.50 Lace Trimmed Flouncings, 89c. to $1.49 a yard.

Women's Capes Second Flor. Central Building.

Women's $12.00 Broadcloth Capes, $7.75.
Women's $16.50 Shantung Coats, $11.95.
$5.00 Natural Linen Coats, $3.25.
Women's $4.00 Linon Coats, $2.98.

Parasols Main Floor, front. Central Building.

$1.25 and $1.50 Parasols, 97c.
$2.50 Silk Taffeta Parasols, $1.42.
$1.00 White Linon Parasols, 72c.
$5.00 Hunter Green Parasols, $3.74.

Dress Goods Main Floor. West Building.

89c. All Wool, 50 inch. Panama, 59c. a yard.

SECRET SERVICE MEN MUST PATROL AGAIN

Commissioner Baker Sends 13 of Bingham's Appointees to Precincts.

MURDERS STILL UNSOLVED

Nothing to Report in Sigel, Bersin, Pogano, and Thirteenth Street Cases —Dan Finn in Favor Again.

Only a mild sort of shake-up, and not the promised cataclysm, happened yesterday at Police Headquarters. Whereas the swearing in of two new Deputies and the shifting of Inspectors and Captains by wholesale had been promised, it came out that only thirteen secret service policemen were ordered back to common patrolman's duty in various precincts.

This dispersion of the thirteen follows Commissioner Baker's statement of Saturday that he had no need of any Secret Service Squad, and that he could get along very well with the $1,000 a week given by the city for the expenses of special investigation.

Word went around Police Headquarters that the thirteen were men Gen. Bingham used to shadow certain city officials. Those in authority at 300 Mulberry Street, while not stating their belief in this regard, said that the thirteen had been doing no work worth while. Gen. Bingham, before he left for Nova Scotia, absolutely denied that he had ever had any city officials shadowed.

The men were of Bingham's make. "I can't find any excuse for you men being in Headquarters," said Commissioner Baker, in sending them out on patrol. "I have looked over your records for the past year, and I can find that you have done nothing."

When the new Commissioner was asked if these thirteen were used by his predecessor for shadowing Mayor McClellan and the other high officials with whom he had had words, he answered:

"Ask Bingham and Woods."

"Ask Baker," said Inspector McCafferty. "If these men ever did any criminal investigating they never did it for me."

Chief Inspector Schmittberger said that he did not know of any service the thirteen had ever rendered the Detective Bureau.

Inspector McCafferty had little progress to report yesterday in the Staber, Bersin, Sigel, Pogano, and other murders with which the police have been grappling for some time.

"Anything new in the Bersin murder?" he was asked.

"No."

"The unidentified woman in Thirteenth Street?"

"No; but in all these cases we are working on silently and doing little talking. You know, these cases sometimes run along for months and then suddenly the solution of the mysteries flashes out."

"Any advance, Inspector, in the case of Pogano, the old Italian, who was shot in his room during the Fourth of July celebration?"

"No, I think not; but I will call Detective Gloster."

Detective Gloster said there was no advance to report.

"You see," went on Inspector McCafferty, "anything of that sort might happen during a Fourth of July celebration. You never can tell. Maybe it wasn't murder; maybe it was accidental."

There was also nothing to report in the Sigel case. Every section of the United States having sent in statements that they had with them Leon Ling, the Chinaman wanted for Elsie Sigel's murder, now the foreign countries are catching the Leon Ling fever.

The latest statement comes from Budapest, via Vienna, Austria-Hungary, saying that the Chinaman is in the former city, where the police are looking for him. The police were set on, the cable says, by an anonymous letter. The Inspector had not heard of this newest Leon Ling.

A piece of news that was making Headquarters smile a little yesterday was that Commissioner Baker has sent back to Magistrate "Battery" Dan Finn his old probation officer, Bernard J. O'Connor, who had been taken from him by Commissioner Bingham, following broadsides of denunciations exchanged between the General and the Tammany Magistrate.

BURGLARS BUSY IN BROOKLYN.

Try to Enter Three Houses on One Street—Store and Club Robbed.

Burglars in Brooklyn yesterday tried to loot three houses in one block, including the home of a Supreme Court Justice, to blow open the safe in a Brownsville store, and to rob the clubhouse of a Republican organization.

Two cracksmen made their way to the roof of the home of Supreme Court Justice Samuel T. Maddox at 87 Bainbridge Street by way of a vacant house adjoining. They were pounding away with hammers and chisels on the scuttle when Edward Maddox, a son of the Justice, was awakened.

"Say, what are you doing up there?" he shouted.

"Oh, don't mind us," replied one, "we's only repairing a leak in the roof."

Suspecting that something was wrong, Mr. Maddox telephoned to Police Headquarters. Three policemen came around from the Gates Avenue Station. Hearing the policemen below, the burglars gathered up their tools and walked over to the scuttle on the roof of the house of Mortimer Reynolds, two doors below, and tried to force open the Reynolds scuttle. The noise of their hammers aroused one of the members of the household, who frightened them away.

They passed over to the scuttle of the home of Richard Goodwin, a realty broker, at 89 Bainbridge Street. Awakened by the banging on the roof, Mr. Goodwin telephoned for the police. By this time other residents of the block had been aroused by the persistent hammering, and soon many of them were in the street, while others were poking their heads out of windows.

When the reserves from the Gates Avenue Station arrived there were twenty policemen on the scene. Leaving two of their number outside, the policemen entered the Goodwin house, but the burglars slid down to an extension of a house and then to the ground. Climbing over a fence they escaped up Lewis Avenue.

At the Twelfth Assembly District Republican Club, at 400 Ninth Street, near Seventh Avenue, which is the headquarters of Congressman William M. Calder, the district leader, three burglars were discovered in the grillroom gathering up the silverware. Frederick Dorsch, the club steward, attacked the robbers with an axe. He struck one of them on the arm and then the three ran out through the front door and escaped.

Cigars and cigarettes were stolen from the offices and salesrooms of the Brooklyn Tobacco Company, 190 and 192 Ostrander Avenue, in the morning.

ENTERTAINING THE ELKS.

A Barbecue and Athletic Events Begin Their Convention Week.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 12.—Elks by the thousands flocked to Pasadena today, where the first entertainment provided for the annual reunion of the Grand Lodge took place this morning. The Grand Lodge members and their escorts were provided with automobiles, and after a trip over the city were deposited at Tournament Park, where athletics, chariot races, and feats of horsemanship were provided for their entertainment. At noon there was a monster barbecue. In the afternoon a number of athletic events were run off at Ascot Park.

At night the opening public ceremonies of the reunion of the Grand Lodge were held in the Auditorium Theatre. Gov. James N. Gillette of California, Mayor George Alexander, and Motley Flint, Postmaster, spoke welcome to the visitors. Grand Exalted Ruler Rush L. Holland responded.

Belated special trains bringing thousands of Elks from all parts of the country have been arriving. The city is given over to the visitors, and perfect weather prevails. The first meeting of the Grand Lodge, when new officers will be elected, will take place to-morrow.

It is estimated that 50,000 visitors have arrived. The battle for votes for the office of Grand Exalted Ruler has become lively between J. U. Sammis and August Herrmann. William H. Atwood of Dallas is regarded as the dangerous dark horse.

JAILER'S RUSE SAVES A LIFE.

Mob Told That No Arrest Had Been Made for Attack on Girl.

PITTSBURG, Penn., July 12.—Only a ruse by the authorities of Canonsburg and Meadowlands near here, prevented the lynching early to-day of a man who was arrested at midnight in connection with an attack on twelve-year-old Lydia Spade.

Believing the man had been captured, but uncertain, a large crowd gathered about the Canonsburg Jail after midnight. A rope was thrown over a tree and a demand was made on the jail officials to surrender the prisoner. Chief of Police Swan told the angry crowd that no arrest had been made, and appealed to all present to institute a hurried search for the criminal. The appeal won, and the crowd separated into searching parties, which scoured the vicinity until long after daylight. In the meantime, Joseph Johnson of Cumberland, West Va., who had been arrested as a suspect, was kept hidden in the jail, and to-day is heavily guarded by extra police.

The prisoner was arrested at Canonsburg, hatless and almost breathless, running down the railroad track.

As a precautionary measure Johnson was taken to Washington later in the day. He stated that he was under the influence of liquor yesterday.

MOB AFTER GIRL'S ATTACKER.

Deputy Sheriff After a Stiff Fight Lands His Prisoner in Jail.

DETROIT, Mich., July 12.—Armed with shotguns, ropes, and revolvers, a mob of 500 tried to take Frank Bradley, accused of attacking eighteen-year-old Mary Oberfitzlous, from Deputy Sheriff Louis Lubs yesterday. The Deputy Sheriff after a lively fight landed his prisoner in the jail at Oakwood, a suburb of this city.

The girl was attacked as she was on the way from her Oakwood home to this city. She reported the attack to the police and accused Bradley, who was captured after a chase of two miles.

KILLED BY STING OF A BEE.

Iowa Woman Succumbs Before Physicians Can Be Summoned.

MASON CITY, Iowa, July 12.—Mrs. Mary J. Buck, a resident of Garrison, was killed by the sting of a bee to-day. A hive of bees belonging to a neighbor had swarmed, and lit on a tree on the Buck premises.

Mrs. Buck was sitting on the porch of her residence when one of the bees stung her on her right temple. She called for help and was carried into the house. Physicians were summoned, but before they could reach her she was dead.

DIDN'T RAISE REQUIREMENTS.

Dr. Chittenden of Sheffield Says Examinations Weren't Made Harder.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 12.—In connection with the report that the entrance examinations at the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, had been stiffened in view of recent criticism, and that as a result only about 278 of 900 men taking them have passed, Director Russell H. Chittenden of the school said to-day that as far as he knew there was no conscious attempt to make the examinations any harder.

Dr. Chittenden did not know how many men had passed. He understood that the results were not all in.

GUARDED FROM BLACK HAND.

Manufacturer Threatened with Death Unless He Paid $10,000.

LIMA, Ohio, July 12.—Threats that his house would be dynamited and that he and his family would be killed unless $10,000 was paid to the "Black Hand of Lima" are the substance of letters received recently by Henry Deissel of the Deissel-Wemmer Manufacturing Company, a wealthy man of Lima.

Mr. Deissel turned the letters over to the police, who are guarding his house and prosecuting a search for the writers of the letters.

HELD AS A COUNTERFEITER.

Prisoner Said to be a Friend of the "Chancellor of the Phony Exchequer."

Vincenzo Battaglia, said by Capt. Flynn of the Federal Secret Service to be a member of a syndicate of dealers in counterfeit two and five dollar bills, when arraigned yesterday before United States Commissioner Shields was held in $7,500 bail for examination on July 19.

The arrest of Battaglia, who is connected with the Cosmos Trading Company of 23 Grand Street, was the outcome of the capture last week of Giuseppe Clementi, known as the "Chancellor of the Phony Exchequer."

Within the last month more than a score of Italians have been caught in this city attempting to pass spurious two and five dollar bills sold to them by the syndicate of which Battaglia is charged with being a member.

Sedele Postorelli, manager of the Italian banking house of Di Berardini in Pittsburg, under arrest there, is believed to have had dealings with the Battaglia-Clementi syndicate.

JEFFRIES WILL FIGHT NEGRO.

Declares That He Has Not Repudiated His Promise to Johnson.

TORONTO, Ontario, July 12.—James J. Jeffries to-night denied the statement attributed to him that he would not fight Johnson.

"It is absolutely untrue that I have repudiated my promise to fight Johnson, and I intend to do so," he said.

At the conclusion of his sparring exhibition with Sam Berger at Hanlon's Point to-night Jeffries stated that upon his arrival in New York next week he would post a forfeit for the fight.

FLATBUSH BURGLARS FACE MURDER CHARGE

Grand Jury Finds Indictment in First Degree Against Schliemann and Giro.

SAY SCHLIEMANN FIRED SHOT

Mr. Elder Believes Giro Did Not Kill Mrs. Staber—McCafferty Satisfied They Are Not Bersin Murderers.

The two burglars charged with killing Mrs. Sophie Staber at her home, 453 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, last Thursday morning, have been indicted for murder in the first degree by the Kings County Grand Jury. The indictment charges Carl Giro, alias Alexander Metzler, and John Smythe, alias Frank Schliemann, jointly with the murder of Mrs. Staber.

Judge Dike is willing to delay his vacation next month to give the two prisoners a speedy trial, but Acting District Attorney Elder, who has charge of the prosecution, said that the men are not likely to be brought to trial before October. He wants both to appear for trial at the same time. As Schliemann is in the Swedish Hospital recovering from two pistol shot wounds, it will be some time before he is sufficiently strong to leave the hospital. Giro, however, will be arraigned on the indictment before Judge Dike on Friday, and will then be remanded to jail to await trial.

All the witnesses in connection with Mrs. Staber's death were on hand yesterday before the Grand Jury. One of them was Edward A. Staber, who was struggling with Giro when his mother was killed. His right hand was in bandages because of the injuries he received then. He kept aloof from the other witnesses while waiting his turn to testify.

He was the last witness examined. He remained in the Grand Jury room half an hour, and when he came out immediately left for home. The other witnesses were Inspector O'Reilly, Dr. Wuest, the Coroner's physician, and Capt. Dulfer of the Flatoush police station, in whose precinct the indicted men were arrested eight hours after Mrs. Staber had been shot.

Mr. Elder said yesterday that he had ample evidence to prove that Schliemann, the wounded burglar, was the man who fired the shot which killed Mrs. Staber. Young Staber, it was said, told him that while he was struggling with Giro for the possession of a revolver, Schliemann, who had begun to go down stairs, returned and fired. Mrs. Staber had entered the room to assist her son when Schliemann's pistol was discharged.

"Giro was too far away from Mrs. Staber at the time she was shot to cause the powder marks, which were found on her nightgown," said Mr. Elder. "This will make no difference as to the charge against the men. Both will be tried for murder in the first degree."

All the facts in connection with the murder will, it is expected, be brought out at the Coroner's inquest, which will be held by Coroner Brewer in the Municipal Building to-morrow night at 8 o'clock.

It was reported around Police Headquarters in Brooklyn yesterday that Schliemann had made another confession to Inspector McCafferty. While the Inspector is still working on the Staber case, it is now certain he is not making any efforts to connect the Flatbush burglars with other recent murder mysteries. He is, however, trying to show that Giro and Schliemann were concerned in a dozen other burglaries in Flatbush and the Bronx.

He is understood to be trying to connect them with the burglary and robbery at the Taintor home in Borough Park last November. Schliemann told the Inspector that he, Giro, and another man had committed this robbery. Before the Inspector left for Manhattan, he said he might make several arrests which may cause a string of burglaries to be laid to the den of the Flatbush prisoners.

Falling Bar Kills a Woman.

While gathering pieces of wood in front of the house at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-ninth Street, which is to be occupied by E. H. Harriman, an unidentified woman was killed yesterday at about noon by being struck on the head by an iron bar which fell from the roof while three workmen were removing the iron railing from the roof. The workmen were arrested, all technically charged with homicide. The woman killed was about 60 years old. She was picked up unconscious and died while being lifted into an ambulance.

WARNS CHAMELEON IMPORTER

Society Threatens to Prosecute Wholesale Dealer in Lizards.

The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, which has made a number of arrests of peddlers selling chameleons on the streets, claims to have learned that the little lizards have been handled in wholesale quantities by a dealer in Grand Street, and has warned him that unless he discontinues the traffic he will be prosecuted.

In every instance that a peddler has been arrested for selling chameleons a conviction followed. A Greek peddler arrested last week in Brooklyn for this offense informed the society where he had obtained his supplies.

In passing on this case, the Magistrate declared that, in his opinion, the conduct of the wholesale dealer was more reprehensible than was that of the poor peddler, unfamiliar with the law, and remarked that it would be well for the society to take action against the wholesalers.

The chameleons sold on the street have usually fallen into the hands of children or women. With the best of intentions, the average child, knowing nothing of the habits of the lizard, has let them die of starvation. Women often wear chameleons on their clothing as ornaments, apparently without considering the torture thus inflicted.

MOONSHINERS UNDER BAN.

Grand Jury Hears About Illicit Distilling and Raids Will Follow.

When Bernard Insler, who made apple brandy in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and had a distillery in Brooklyn also, was convicted last May in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court of having violated the internal revenue laws, the defense alleged that he was being persecuted.

This allegation was based on the statement that many apple brandy makers in Hudson River towns as well as in Manhattan and Brooklyn were doing business without interference. The charge was continued after Insler had been sentenced to nine months' imprisonment in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $750.

The protests made in behalf of Insler have been so insistent that the Federal authorities have finally decided to close up all the "moonshine" apple brandy distilleries in this district. With this object in view Insler was brought from the penitentiary yesterday and taken before the Federal Grand Jury, which is investigating complaints of wholesale revenue frauds in the Hudson Valley, Manhattan, and Brooklyn.

It is thought Insler furnished valuable information to the jury and that it will result in many arrests and raids on moonshine distilleries.

$24,073 UNCLAIMED GAS FUND.

This Sum of the Rebate Still Waiting for Consumers to Call for It.

According to a report made yesterday by Commissioner Shields, custodian of the gas rebate fund, the Northern Union Gas Company has an unclaimed balance of its refund moneys belonging to consumers amounting to $24,073. Concerning this balance Commissioner Shields says:

"By Saturday, July 3, all moneys due to consumers have been repaid except $24,983. Of this sum $910 is covered by alleged assignments, as to which it has not yet been determined whether the assignor or assignee should receive it, and by affidavits of claimants which have not been drawn in proper form or the validity of which has not been determined.

"Except for this $910 every consumer whose present address has been ascertained has been paid. Neither the Special Master nor the gas company has been able to ascertain the present addresses of those who cannot be found at the address where their payments of overcharge were made, and no claim has been made by them or on their behalf for any money due them."

The report commends the newspapers for the aid they gave to the work of repaying the gas rebates by telling where and how the money was to be returned to consumers.

Since the disbursement began nineteen weeks ago 882,183 consumers have had $8,004,454 returned to them.

SUE OVER AN AUTOPSY.

Family Declare Physicians Had No Right to Perform It on Mrs. Boyd.

Dr. Pedro F. Franke of Far Rockaway, L. I., refused last night to discuss the suit which has been brought against him and Dr. Thomas G. De La Hoyde, also of Far Rockaway, by Robert, John, and William Boyd and their sister, Mrs. Margaret Hoffman, for $10,000, the plaintiffs accusing the physician of mutilating the body of their mother, Mrs. Jane Allen Boyd, who died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, on Feb. 16, following an operation for appendicitis. The Boyds, who are prosperous and live in Hammels, say that an autopsy was performed without permission, and that the condition of the body was so bad when it was returned to them that the undertaker called their attention to it.

Dr. De La Hoyde said last night that the case had been Dr. Franke's and that he had supposed permission had been received before an autopsy was performed. Dr. Franke said that the Boyds did not appreciate all that had been done for them in the illness of their mother, and he called attention to the fact that a Queens Grand Jury had recently failed to return indictments when the case was presented to them. He declined to say anything else.

The action will be heard in the Queens County Supreme Court.

BARON AN OUTCAST, TRIES SUICIDE HERE

Paul Von Der See, with Fortune and Family Gone, Drinks Laudanum in the Dog Exchange.

LONG THE ANIMALS' FRIEND

Found Refuge There When the World Looked Darkest—"I Loved Her to the Last," He Wrote of Wife.

One cold morning about five years ago, when Bruner Wolfrum, Superintendent of the New York Dog Exchange, at 204 East Nineteenth Street, went to work, he found lying across the doorway the body of a dilapidated-looking man. Wolfrum gave the stranger a shake and aroused him sufficiently to learn something about him.

"My name is Paul Von Der See, and I am down and out," said the stranger. "I am cold and hungry."

Wolfrum picked the man up and carried him inside and placed him in a chair beside a fire. Von Der See revived and told his story briefly.

"Whisky has been my ruin," he said. "I am without work and have been without food for many hours. My habits have cost me my wife and my home, and I have nothing else to live for."

Wolfrum sent out and got a hot breakfast for Von Der See, and after his hunger had been appeased bade him go upstairs and find a resting place on a lounge until he felt better.

Several hours later Von Der See returned to the office, where Wolfrum had a talk with him, the result being that he was put to work assisting in the care of the dogs.

"I'll be glad to do anything to make money to care for myself," said Von Der See, and he went to work with a will.

"So long as he was sober he would do his work well, and would care for the dogs better than any man I ever had," said Mr. Wolfrum yesterday. "He seemed to treat them all as friends, and as long as the animals remained here they appeared to be very fond of him. But he would go on protracted sprees now and then, and of course was in no condition to any work. I felt sorry for him, so I did not discharge him.

"He frequently told me of his old life before drink got the better of him, and I learned from these talks that he was the scion of a titled family in Germany and had the right to the title of Baron. He told me he was a graduate of Heidelberg and Munich Universities. He said his wife, a titled woman, had divorced him on account of his drinking. He also told me that he had inherited an estate valued at 1,000,000 marks, ($250,000,) but that this was all gone through dissipation, and he had not a thing left to show for it."

Early yesterday morning, when Wolfrum went to the exchange, he was met by a dismal howl from the dogs. Observing that they had not been fed, Wolfrum suspected something was wrong, so he went to the room occupied by Von Der See and found him lying on the bed apparently asleep.

"Poor devil, on another spree," remarked Wolfrum as he went downstairs to feed the barking animals.

He walked through the kennels and into his office. On the desk there was a note. It read:

I am tired of life. Notify my uncle, Otto Kluge, of Kiel, Jaegerberg, Germany, that I am dead and give my regards to him. Also tell my wife that I loved her to the last minute. PAUL VON DER SEE.

Wolfrum rushed back to Von Der See and tried to arouse him, but the only answer he could get was a groan. An empty vial which had contained laudanum was on the floor by the side of the bed.

Wolfrum hastened downstairs and notified the police, and Von Der See was hurried to Bellevue Hospital by Dr. Rutlege, who responded to the call.

It was said at the hospital last night that Von Der See may recover, but he will be kept there a prisoner, charged with attempted suicide, for a few days.

$25 Weekly Alimony for Mrs. Bolton.

Pending a trial of a suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Tillie J. Bolton, a Brooklyn school teacher, against James H. Bolton, an accountant in the Controller's office, and the son of the late Rev. James H. Bolton of Somerville, N. J., alimony at the rate of $25 a week and a counsel fee of $200 was awarded her by Supreme Court Justice Erlanger yesterday. Mrs. Bolton names Mrs. Emma Zellick as corespondent, but Bolton denies his wife's allegations.

Wilhelm Pflug Estate to Family.

The will of Wilhelm Pflug, who died at 4,420 Richardson Avenue, the Bronx, on June 29, filed for probate yesterday, leaves his widow, Martha Pflug, $7,000 in lieu of dower. His sons, William and Charles, get $2,500 each, and another son, Henry, is made the residuary legatee. The petition accompanying the will gives the value of the estate at $24,500.

NOT A SMUGGLER, SHE SAYS.

Mrs. Boulanger Denies That Articles Displayed in Court Were in Her Trunk.

The hearing in the case of Delvina M. Boulanger, a dressmaker, of 60 West Fifty-sixth Street, accused of having smuggled a trunkful of costly Parisian garments into the country, was continued yesterday by United States Commissioner Shields. The accused arrived here on April 7 on the liner President Cleveland under the name of "D. M. Baker."

The exposure of the alleged smuggling was the outcome of a quarrel Mrs. Boulanger had with her friend Miss De Villiers, a milliner, also in business at the Fifty-sixth Street address.

August Stainken, the Customs Inspector who passed the "Baker" baggage on the arrival of the President Cleveland, called as a witness for the Government, denied that upon opening a trunk he found a $10 bill on top of the clothing it contained. He also told of the declaration made by the passenger and of his examination of the trunk and its contents.

The defendant was called to the stand, and a handsome gown was displayed as among the articles contained in the trunk that was seized.

"Where did you get this gown?" asked Lawyer James Nugent.

"It is a real cashmere gown and I made it myself," answered Mrs. Boulanger.

"And what about this changeable satin gown?"

"I made it in Boston from imported material, and in twelve years it has been registered twice out of the Port of Boston."

"Did any of the articles produced by the Government in this case come over on the steamship President Cleveland?"

"Not one of them."

The witness said she never had any trouble with the customs authorities until after the row with Miss De Villiers about her callers at night.

TRUST MEN NEEDN'T ANSWER.

Court Victory for H. W. Poor and Frank Tilford in $100,000 Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Erlanger vacated the order yesterday obtained recently by H. C. Brown & Co. directing Henry W. Poor and Frank Tilford to appear for examination in a suit brought against them by Brown & Co. to recover $100,000 in connection with the sale of Lincoln Trust Company stock just before the panic of 1907.

It was alleged that Henry R. Wilson, ex-President of the Lincoln Trust Company, and Mr. Tilford entered into a conspiracy to unload the trust company stock they owned on Brown & Co., representing that the trust company had assets in excess of $23,000,000, a surplus of $575,000, divided and undivided profits of more than $200,000; that its earnings were more than 32 per cent., and that the stock was worth $375 a share.

Under these representations, it was contended, Brown & Co. took the stock and had advanced $100,000 on it when the panic struck. Answering the charges, the defendants declared that their representations were true at the time they made them.

Justic Guy handed down a decision directing the examination of Mr. Poor and Mr. Tilford, and ordered the books of the trust company produced. Counsel for the defense contended that the papers on which the Justice based his order were insufficient. Justice Erlanger, in vacating the order yesterday, grants leave for its renewal upon proper papers.

MANY SEE A MAN KILLED.

Crushed Under a Train in the Presence of Women and Children.

In plain view of hundreds of women and children, who had gone to Hammel's Station, Rockaway Beach, to meet husbands and fathers, John MacKenzie of 164 East 109th Street, barkeeper at the Florence Hotel, Rockaway, was ground to death yesterday evening by an eastbound B. R. T. train running over the Long Island Railroad.

The train was approaching the station and MacKenzie, hoping to catch it, tried to save time by crawling beneath the closed crossing gates. Then he ran alongside the approaching train, jumped for it, but missed his hold, the train passing over him. His body was taken to the Rockaway Beach Hospital.

Motorman Joseph Craig and Conductor Hallett Abrams were in charge. The former was arrested, but was released later on bail.

DOG IN THE WHEEL CAUSES AUTO WRECK

Driver Lost Control and the Car Plunged Over a Thirty-Foot Embankment.

OCCUPANTS BADLY HURT

W. B. Clarke and W. C. Hall, Engineers of New Palisades River Road, Both Rescued Unconscious.

Watson B. Clarke, the county engineer, and William C. Hall, the contracting engineer in charge of the construction of the new river road along the Palisades, started out in an automobile from Edgewater, N. J., yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock on an inspection trip. That portion of the road had been completed, and the party was making good time.

As the automobile was nearing the residence of Mayor George A. Carleton, which is about two miles from Edgewater, a dog belonging to Mr. Carleton ran out into the road, and before he could check himself dived into the right front wheel of the machine. The sudden wrench as the wheel whisked the dog around caused Mr. Clarke, who was steering, to lose his grip on the wheel, and the car swerved into a fence at the right of the road, smashed through it, and pitched down the thirty-foot embankment.

When he saw that the car could not be stopped Mr. Hall managed to free himself and jumped, but Mr. Clarke was caught and carried down the embankment. He was found under the machine, which had turned turtle.

Mrs. Carleton, the wife of the Mayor, was the first to reach the scene of the accident. She saw at a glance that Mr. Clarke was unconscious and badly injured. Others came from her home and word was sent to Edgewater for assistance, and a search was made for Mr. Hall. He was found on the embankment, also unconscious.

Just at this time another automobile came along, and the driver consented to take Mr. Clarke to the hospital at Englewood. When he reached there Mr. Clarke was still unconscious, and it was found that his shoulder and both of his arms had been broken, and that he had also received internal injuries. It was said, however, that he had a good chance of recovering, though suffering greatly from the shock.

While Mr. Clarke was being taken to the hospital a telephone message was sent to Dr. Margarette T. Brewster of Cliffside and Dr. S. F. Hubbard of Edgewater. They came in haste and found that both of Mr. Hall's legs had been broken, and that he, too, had received internal injuries. He was taken to Edgewater and later transferred in an ambulance to the Englewood Hospital, where it was said last night that he would probably recover.

139 Vacation Schools Open.

Vacation schools and playgrounds to the number of 139 were opened by the Department of Education yesterday, with Miss Evangeline E. Whitney in charge. The schools will be opened for six weeks from 9 o'clock until noon. The playgrounds will be open from 1 o'clock until 5:30. Evening roof playgrounds were opened last night to run for eight weeks, from 7:30 until 11 o'clock. Evening recreation centres will also be held in schools in the congested districts. Thirty day nurseries were also opened yesterday for mothers and children.

New Athletic Club Incorporated.

The incorporation of the Arrowhead Athletic Club was approved by Supreme Court Justice Blanhard yesterday. His objects are stated to be to "improve the physical, mental, and moral condition" of its members. The incorporation provides for five Directors, who, for the first meeting, are Frank C. Smith of 516 West 185th Street, Herbert Kranichfeld of 282 Audubon Avenue, Frank Cassebeon of 554 West 182d Street, and R. Parker Doak of 1,466 St. Nicholas Avenue.

High-class Help Wanted. See Page 13.

NOTE—It is predicted that crashes, homespuns and flannels will be more popular than ever with men next summer.

Coat-and-Trousers Suits

of crash, homespun and light fancy worsted, of delightful coolness and attractive appearance; in the popular summer shades, $14 to $32.

Outing Trousers, including plain and delicately striped white flannels, $3.50 to $7.50.

Semi-annual offering of $1.50 and $2 white or fancy, plain or pleated Shirts **95c**

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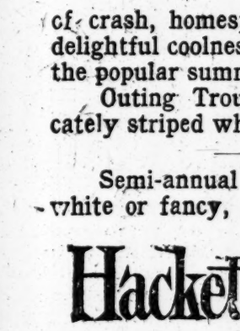

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A two-hour train every hour on the hour, from 7 A.M. to 6 P.M. from Liberty St., in addition to other trains. Ten minutes before the hour from West 23d Street. HARD COAL. NO DUST. Parlor cars on all trains. Dining cars morning, noon, and night. Sleepers on midnight train.

A TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

Mid Summer Sale of Brill Clothes

It will pay you well to buy several Brill suits now. You will get at least three months' wear out of them this season, and they will be just what you want for next season.

Because of increased cost of fabrics, clothes next spring will have to be sold at increased prices.

Because Brill clothes are advanced style now, Brill stores guarantee that they will be good style next season, or you can have new clothes free.

$18.00, $20.00 and $22.50 Value Brill Summer Suits, $13.50

Pure worsted suits in stone, smoke, olive, green, blue and black shades, in over 30 stripe designs.

Smart tropical and light weight velours, cheviots, crashes and New England homespuns.

Blue serge suits of unusual standard under $18.00.

The tailoring, trimmings and fabrics are standards used in garments up to $22.50.

The models are all Brill models for men and young men, and all are advanced in style. Included are Brill summer comfort models, one-half and one-quarter lined.

Brill Brothers

CLOTHIERS. FOUR CONVENIENT STORES.

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UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.

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RAW MATERIALS.

The Bureau of Statistics publishes annually the figures showing the imports of raw materials, which are particularly apropos at a time when the tariff is taking final form. The imports for the fiscal year just closed are $100,000,000 in value below the preceding year, but in quantity surpass all records. We imported 23,000,000 pounds of raw silk at a time of industrial depression, the largest previous imports being under 18,000,000. We imported 236,500,000 pounds of wool, which was never surpassed except under the abnormal conditions attending imports in anticipation of higher customs. We imported 86,000,000 pounds of rubber, although we had never before imported quite 77,000,000. We imported 432,000,000 pounds of hides, although we had never before imported over 425,000,000.

No argument is deducible regarding imports of materials which are already free, like silk and rubber, but it is different regarding such important items as wool and hides. In these and similar items the interests of the ultimate consumer far outweigh those of the producer. Nobody in the United States raises or can raise cattle or sheep for their pelts or skins. Everybody wears shoes and clothes. The raw materials of immense industries, in which each and every American has important interests as wage earners and users of the product, are a mere by-product, and yet it is proposed to burden the main industry for the protection of the subsidiary industry, at the immediate expense of each individual among us. The slogan, "Free hides or fight," is a good one. "Free raw materials" is a better, and particularly timely when there is general exultation over the perception that imports of raw materials signify a boon to industry and trade.

CALVIN AND LIBERTY.

In Geneva, on the anniversary of his four hundredth birthday, the twentieth century has been honoring the memory of CALVIN as an advocate of human liberty. Yet to this generation the very word "Calvinism," even when divested of the downright cruelties erroneously associated with it, is significant of mental and spiritual subjection and a total absence of both the inspirations and the freedom of modern life. CALVIN, indeed, had no more conception of democracy than he had of what we call "free thought." He was a leader in the secession of half the civilized world from the old thralldom of Rome; but his ideal was still a theocracy. The State he aimed to establish was a government of the best, with a reformed Church dominant, which permitted each man to think for himself only so long as his thoughts were godly.

The world has grown further away from CALVIN and Calvinism, it seems, than it has from Rome, to which so many millions are still faithfully attached. But it is well to honor CALVIN'S memory, for he helped to lead the way out of darkness into light, and it is well, also, to reflect a little on the teachings of his life if not on his creed. A return to the dry husks of Calvinistic theology is impossible. But even that would be better than the general acceptance of a doctrine of absolute negation. "Nothing matters" is the motto, it seems, of a large part of mankind to-day. With CALVIN everything counted; man could not escape the least of his responsibilities; he was born in sorrow and destined to damnation if he did not live according to the higher law.

There is surely a middle course for those who reject predestination and have no material fears of damnation, but it is not that represented, say, by Mr. HENRY JAMES in one of his latest and, presumably, most maturely philosophical books, "The Ambassadors," which has just appeared in the definitive edition of his works:

> Live all you can; it's a mistake not to. It doesn't so much matter what you do in particular, so long as you have had your life. If you haven't had that, what have you had? • • • Live, live!

Those words of Lambert Strether seem to represent the very antithesis of Calvinism, and to embody a philosophy much esteemed in this enlightened hour. The liberty Calvinism represented seems slavery in retrospect, but in his hour he was as advanced a leader as the Lambert Strethers are in this. The thought inspired by this is not how far we have gone forward, but that we may yet be compelled to retreat.

THE MONEY SIDE OF EDUCATION.

What is the value in dollars and cents of a rudimentary education such as may be obtained in the elementary public schools of this city? A committee of New York High School teachers, with a teacher of mathematics, Mr. ELI W. WEAVER, at its head, recently attempted to answer this question, coming to an interesting conclusion.

This committee, taking at random the names of 376 boys who were graduated from the elementary schools of Brooklyn in 1892, traced the careers of 192, and was able to obtain more or less complete records of 166. Eighty-four were found to be engaged in commerce, 36 in skilled labor, 22 in the professions, 8 in civil service, and 13 as managers and foremen. The average age of the 166 under consideration was 30 years, and the average annual income from their personal efforts was found to be $1,253.05. Investigating at the same time the condition of the day laborer in this city, the committee found that such a man's average annual earnings rarely exceeded $500, while his employment was irregular and the earning period of his life much shorter than that of the men engaged in occupations open to the elementary school graduate.

Now, the committee does not jump at the conclusion that the possession of an elementary education means this $700 difference between earning capacities. It contends only that by the acquisition of the elements of an education the individual is raised to a plane which brings within his reach this future of greater efficiency. The committee's study of the industrial biography of these 166 young men also led it to believe that their progress was not materially aided by the influence of family or friends. It was not overlooked that in an investigation of such a character it is possible to trace only the more successful of a given number of persons. On the other hand, in pursuing its inquiry the committee got track of several ambitious youths who had been exceptionally successful, and in estimating the final average these were entirely excluded.

RAPID TRANSIT DEVELOPMENTS.

Upon the eve of his departure for Europe the Chairman of the Public Service Commission for this district authorizes an elaborate interview in which he characterizes the last ten years as the dark ages of rapid transit development. He did not say—but it is a fact—that that period embraces the time during which was procured that legislation whose repeal was a condition precedent to breaking the deadlock that prevented any addition to the existing subway facilities. The passage of the Elsberg bill designed to prevent the repetition of such "outrages" as the construction of the present subway was so effective that not another yard would ever have been constructed save through the repeal of that law. But the spirit of the Elsberg law survives in a later enactment whose effect is to allow private capital to construct subways, but in compliance with rules different from those under which enterprise makes its ventures in any other field of activity.

This is exemplified in the glaring defects of the plans produced by the Public Service Commission for new subways. Those plans start with the Commission, not with those whose capital is to construct them. In Manhattan the plans omit any connection with the Pennsylvania Railway station now under construction. In Brooklyn the plans offer construction with public funds, and the gift of a monopoly of operation as a bribe to the construction of routes which private capital shuns. These are singular results of intrusting transit development to public officials. Manhattan cannot approve any subway construction which omits the Seventh Avenue route, putting the Pennsylvania Railway station on a trunk line with transfer privileges throughout the city. The proposal to put this station on a "spur" subway is absurd. The addition of facilities to districts already well if not completely accommodated cannot make up for the omission of districts where there are no accommodations. Brooklyn is blind to its own interests if it approves any plans limiting the use of routes constructed wholly with public funds to any one company.

The Chairman of the Commission is naturally warm over the public and authoritative suggestion by the Pennsylvania Railway that the Commission's plans are defective. He remarks feelingly that the Commission cannot compel bidders to bid, and that the initiative for the extension of existing lines must come from their owners. Obviously it follows that the Commission alone cannot make bargains. The utmost it can do is to make offerings so attractive that enterprise is tempted. In Brooklyn those terms are so wasteful that no private bidder would ever have ventured to propose them. In Manhattan the terms are prompted rather by prejudice than by perception of the public interests. Punishment and competition rather than accommodation of passengers is the apparent motive of the plans. The Commission appears to think that the public would rather have two subway systems without transfers than a single system with transfers, and is indifferent regarding accommodation of the lower west side if only it can have accommodation to the upper east side. In our judgment neither of the proposals pending should be judged solely upon its independent merits. The better plan is the one which fits best with the existing portions of a system which is bettered by each addition. The co-ordination of the existing routes with future routes is as important as the addition of new routes. It is this point which private management would emphasize and public management ignores with indifference to financial results. Yet profits are necessary to publicly owned or managed subways, unless they are to become charges upon the taxes.

"AMERICANESSE OBLIGE."

Let all patriotic Americans thank ALICE KEPPEL for teaching them that phrase. It explains a great deal. Of course, few really patriotic Americans customarily give trinkets they are wearing to persons who express admiration for the trinkets, but few really patriotic Americans ever had a chance to bask in the sun of royalty. We must make allowances. Mrs. KEPPEL was reminded, by her sudden acquisition of a valuable diamond, of Spanish ideas of hospitality. But there is a difference. The noble Spaniard who proffers his horses to the guest who praises them would be shocked if the guest took them. That would leave the host horseless, and no polite guest could gravely contemplate such a calamity. The Englishwoman accepted the diamond, though the donor was not her hostess. The custom of bestowing precious jewels upon friends and flatterers has hitherto been restricted to Kings.

> This diamond he greets your wife withal,
> By the name of most kind hostess.

Thus spoke Banquo to the Thane of Cawdor, who thereupon proceeded to murder King Duncan, not because of the diamond, but in spite of it. This should teach us that gifts of jewelry are not always efficacious.

The comedy of human life as it is represented nowadays in London by the possessors of wealth accumulated by American industry enlivens the nations. Only an Elizabethan pen could do justice to the subject. The creator of Sir Epicure Mammon and the strange creatures of "Every Man Out of His Humor" would have been stirred to even more prodigious satires by the doings of people from the youngest country in the world who are yearning for social recognition by the royalty and nobility. The gods may laugh, the Europeans certainly smile, with some small show of politeness. For, after all, money has its uses wherever it comes from.

"Americanesse oblige," indeed. We were all tired of the once typical nasal American who bragged of his native land as he stalked through the palaces of the Old World. We were all sorry about Mr. HOWELLS'S irreconcilable Maine man who sat on the cathedral steps reading Mr. BOUTELLE'S newspaper. But the other extreme is less bearable.

THE SLANDERED CARP.

The Boston Transcript deplores the introduction of carp into the fish ponds of this Nation. Commenting upon the attempt made in Southington to exterminate the big fellows by the use of vitriol, which resulted in the killing of all the other fish, our contemporary moralizes in this wise:

> The promoters of an experiment which has since brought down upon them the curses of fishermen appear to have reasoned that the Germans were people and ate carp; the Americans, being likewise people, would likewise consume the same fish in the same quantities.

The Transcript is right in saying that Americans have more varieties of fish from which to choose than the Europeans. Millions of them can have fresh trout, shad, bluefish, salmon, black bass, striped bass, halibut, and mackerel. But many millions more get these fish after a railroad journey that spoils their flesh and flavor, and these people would find fresh carp, which grow abundantly in every farmer's pond, more wholesome and toothsome. The better varieties which we have imported rank in Europe "with the trout, and bring the same price per pound." We quote Mr. HUGH M. SMITH, Deputy Commissioner of Fisheries at Washington, who thus dismisses the common indictments against the carp, now the most widely distributed of American food fishes:

> It will suffice to say (1) that special investigation has shown the carp does exceedingly little harm to any other fish, as any one would expect from its known habits and anatomical peculiarities; (2) that the injury done to the feeding grounds of wild fowl has been grossly exaggerated; on one hand, a scarcity of ducks may occur entirely independently of the presence of carp, and, on the other, a great abundance of carp may be coexistent with an undiminished growth of wild celery; and (3) that the carp is a good fish of very great importance, and to say anything to the contrary is to ignore facts.

In all but the coast and lake districts of the country the prejudice against the carp is disappearing. In ten States there are special carp fisheries; in thirty-five States it is regularly marketed, and the annual catch amounts to 20,000,000 pounds, which is worth $500,000 to the fishermen.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Could Find Nothing to Investigate.

A curious and significant episode in the career of SIMON NEWCOMB was his brief Presidency of the American branch of the Society for Psychical Research. In the volume of reminiscences published by him several years ago he told how he accepted the office rather carelessly, as he had at the time only a vague knowledge of the organization's purpose and methods, but he was asked to lend it the prestige of his name and scientific reputation by men whose attainments he respected, and he took the place under the impression that he could be of real use in investigating matters said on what seemed to be high authority to be of importance as well as interest.

With characteristic conscientiousness NEWCOMB at once went to work in the, to him, new field. To his surprise and discomfiture he soon discovered that he could find nothing to investigate. He industriously read the society's reports, and tried to make a personal study of "telepathy," which then claimed more of scientific respect as a plausible hypothesis than it does now. He found himself, however, utterly out of his element. The "facts" presented to him for explanation and co-ordination were not of the kind with which alone he was accustomed to deal. In other words, they did not seem to be facts at all from the standpoint of the scientific observer, and experimental methods, the only ones he knew or trusted, were inapplicable to phenomena the very existence of which was more than dubious. Nothing ever happened when he established the conditions upon which he thought the attainment of truth depended, and he could not see the necessity for assuming, or even suspecting, that a mysterious power or supernatural beings produced effects that could so easily have been the result of familiar causes.

So, after a very brief occupancy of the Presidential office, NEWCOMB resigned it in a letter which, despite the mildness of its phraseology, gave the Researchers, especially the more or less eminent scientists among them, the keenest pain they had ever experienced. Of course the great astronomer's failure to find anything to investigate does not prove that there was or is nothing, but he was a man of broad interests, and he was at least as well qualified for taking up the work of psychical research in the domain to which that term has come to be restricted as are any of the men whose names lend it such little dignity as it possesses. Hence was the episode significant as well as curious.

Laudations for the Much Criticised.

President TAFT, while laying the cornerstone of a new church in Washington on Sunday, took occasion to praise and magnify a class of workers who get few good words from any quarter, thus illustrating the implacable amiability which all but a few have found to be his most marked characteristic. That vague something called "the Government," he said, was not himself, or the Cabinet, or the two houses of Congress, or all of them put together, but the great body of trained civil servants in subordinate positions, who know how things ought to be done and do them about as well when their nominal chiefs are away as when they are present.

There is truth in this, of course, but it is a little difficult to recognize the department clerks when described as "willing for a reasonable compensation to give out what is best in them to the carrying on of this Government in an honest, effective way." Still harder is it to see them as "men who are philosophers enough to know that by the enjoyment of a small salary, if they rid themselves from the worry and the corroding effect of mercenary ambition, they get more happiness out of life in seeing their families grow, in the education of their children, than by aspiring to be millionaires and plutocrats."

All very fine that, and it ought to be true, but is it? In time, no doubt, service under the Government will come to be in this country what it is in a few others, a career worthy of and worthily rewarding the philosophical patriot here pictured. President TAFT has himself found or made it so in his own case, but the ordinary holder of place or office, municipal, State, or National, is as yet usually a bird of quite another feather, worrying much more about the retention of his job than about "giving the best that is in him," and devoting most of his ingenuity to the task of getting more pay for less work. In that he is fairly successful, but it seems likely to be some time before the phrase "professional office holder" carries the implication of honorable efficiency which it certainly ought to convey—the implication which the kindly President already claims for it.

However, everything is improving, and of course the Government's servitors are rising with the rest of us. Perhaps they have risen higher than we outsiders know. President TAFT has had a near view of them, and we can all at least hope that he is right.

White Men and the Tropics.

One of our correspondents, in a letter printed on this page yesterday, declared unwarranted our recent denial that Panama had been made a fit place for the permanent residence of white men, or that the tropics in general ever could be occupied by them in the sense in which they hold the temperate zones. To refute our assertions Mr. GRANGER appealed from what is rapidly coming to be the consensus of scientific opinion and authority to an individual experience—his own. That is good argument, so far as it goes, but it doesn't go very far.

Of course he was right when he said that many a victim of the climate in hot countries really dies or loses his health as a direct result of excesses and exposures which the wise avoid, and unquestionably a combination of care and knowledge as to what to do and what not to do will make life in Panama or any such place comparatively safe. To say that, however, is to give the whole case for the tropics away, since the combination mentioned is a rare one among human beings, and it is little use to say that they could live in the tropics if they would, when one knows that as a rule they won't.

As a matter of fact, the white man can live there much the same as he can live under the ocean—if he restricts his activities to the narrow limits of a diving bell or the short tether of a rubber hose from an air pump. And it is not the cases of individual success in observing infinite precautions that count, but the general effect on white races of prolonged residence in the tropics. What that is anybody who will make a mental journey around the equator can see. Only the men with black or dark-brown skins are ever really and permanently at home under a vertical sun, and—well, the world owes little to the owners of such skins, and they are acquired at a heavy cost.

Ireland's Representatives.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few days ago I saw in the columns of THE TIMES a letter re the representation of Ireland in the British Parliament. Assuming (1) that there are 587 members, on an Agrarian principle, England would get 285, Wales 35, Scotland 89, and Ireland 178. Such would be the Feudal representation. Now, if on the other hand, we assume (2) that population should constitute the basis, it would appear that the distribution of this elective body would be somewhat as follows: England, 440; Wales, 17; Scotland, 65, and Ireland, 65. Unquestionably population should constitute the basis of an elective body, as broad acres have not even the amount of articulate speech of the serpent of old or of Balaam's beast of burden.

WALTER MUNFORD.
Jersey City, July 9, 1909.

PROFITS IN FARMING.

High Prices for Crops Do Not Mean Wide Margin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest to-day's editorial on "Crops." On the whole, it states the situation correctly, and you are quite right in ascribing some of the estimated increased yields to better farming methods, since the indications are that greater yields per acre may be expected. However, a large crop of corn is not always advantageous, for there is rather a tendency to overproduce in this staple, thus depressing the price to the farmer and causing a shortage the succeeding year. But the tendency is more and more toward meeting the demand.

One should not make Secretary Wilson's mistake of crowing over big crops and prosperous farmers, because high prices for crops do not necessarily mean good profits after the cost of producing the crops is deducted. Many persons who know little about agriculture would be much surprised if the small margin of profit to the farmers with last year's record-breaking crop values could be figured out. It cannot, owing to the general lack of business methods in farming. The average farmer is unable to tell exactly which products are profitable and which are not. Nevertheless, business farming is becoming more common from year to year; and with abler men as farmers, and better instruction in the agricultural colleges, farming will soon be on a par with any other business intellectually and morally.

STANLEY F. MORSE,
Agricultural Expert of The Country Gentleman.
Albany, July 9, 1909.

MRS. PIPER'S SITTINGS.

Scientists Disregard Small Talk of Mediums as Unimportant.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to offer a few remarks upon your editorial in to-day's paper on Prof. James's Piper report. Opening remarks by the so-called "controls" are never of evidential value, and if you think that that is the sort of evidence that James, Hyslop, and others of us put any faith in you are greatly mistaken. The evidential material only comes in the midst of the sitting. "Chaff," or small talk, always opens it, which, of course, adds nothing to the evidential value of the case. The facts that count are those things told the sitter which he did not know, and which the medium could not possibly have found out.

Fraud has been thrown out of court in the Piper case years ago, and is no longer discussed as an explanatory hypothesis. The reasons for this are (1) that the trance state has been carefully tested by medical men and found to be genuine; (2) that no amount of "shadowing" has ever yielded one suspicious sign; (3) that even assuming, for the sake of argument, that she is a fraud, she could not possibly have found out incidents about her sitters that were told them. Thus, in my own sittings with Mrs. Piper, my soi-disant mother told me a number of intimate and detailed incidents concerning her life in Naples which I did not and never had known, and which I had to write to my sister, living in England, to verify. All proved to be correct. It would have been an utter impossibility for Mrs. Piper to have found out these facts, even granting she attempted to do so. HEREWARD CARRINGTON.
New York, July 9, 1909.

FLATBUSH AVENUE STATION.

Very Hard to Find Trains Since There Are No Signs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is evident that President Peters of the Long Island Railroad does not use the Flatbush Avenue station in going from his business to his home, otherwise I am sure he would not allow conditions to remain as they are.

The train service is excellent, fine, up-to-date electrical equipment, frequent trains making good time, and polite guards, but why does he not place a few signs in the Subway waiting room so that passengers can find their trains without running around from one gate to another like a lot of lost sheep.

A board showing the time, destination, and track number of the next train would improve matters 100 per cent.

And, incidentally, I wonder who is the genius that planned this underground station. It must be the same man who constructed the crystal maze. If the Public Service Commission would stop worrying about matters which need no adjustment and investigate conditions at this station they would be doing something worth while. A COMMUTER.
New York, July 9, 1909.

Judge Dowling for Mayor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a student of the political situations which have existed in our city during the past fifteen years, I respectfully suggest for your consideration a man whom I think has every qualification for the office of Mayor of the Greater City of New York; a man who will strictly abide by the provisions of the charter; a man who has the most economic tendencies, and whose executive ability has been well established; whose training, both judicially and in legislative halls, qualifies him typically for the office of Mayor. I refer to the Hon. Victor J. Dowling, Justice of the Supreme Court.

Judge Dowling served with honor and distinction as Senator in our Legislature. He has made an enviable record as Justice of the Supreme Court; he has demonstrated his sense of equity and fairness on the bench; he has ever preserved the dignity of his position, and has always manifested a sense of righteousness and integrity in all his dealings. He is a man of high character, and one against whom suspicion was never even suggested. He is a man who has always received and deserved the respect and honor of his fellow-citizens. His standing in the community is high, and his civic pride and virture is a matter of personal envy. He is a man who was born and brought up in our city, and has become a student of our municipal laws; a man who knows the wants and needs of the public.

CHARLES W. SINNOTT.
New York, July 9, 1909.

A Baseball Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I observe in an able editorial in SUNDAY'S TIMES on the subject of baseball pitchers this erudite statement: "Modern baseball is a great game, and pitching the ball is the best part of it, even when a Wagner is at the bat or in the field." As an expert in the dynamics of baseball, I should like to inquire of THE TIMES if we are not confronted in our National game by the same problem which confronts us in other dynamic situations, to wit: The conflict of the irresistible with the insurmountable? For example, if we have pitchers whom no batters can bat, and batters who can bat any ball that is delivered to them, how is the game to be played? W. J. L., Ph. B. B.
New York, July 11, 1909.

Psychic Manifestations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The most important result of the work of the British Society for Psychic Research has probably been to establish in the minds of many intelligent and unprejudiced persons a conviction that genuine and psychic manifestations do occur. As to the explanation of these phenomena, that is another question. The point at issue is the establishment of the fact. The fact is one thing, the explanation another. The unscientific mind is prone to consider that belief in the existence of a phenomenon is conditioned largely upon the reasonableness of the explanation adduced therefor. H. W. C.
New York, July 9, 1909.

News from Colombia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The most untrustworthy news items, so called, are those emanating from Colon and Panama about Colombia.

Why not call such affairs as that at Barranquilla "riots" instead of "revolutions"? It is absurd to dignify them by the latter term. A. O. GRANGER.
New York, July 10, 1909.

J. J. HILL BACK AN OPTIMIST.

Crops Will Bring High Prices, He Says, and Business Is Improving.

James J. Hill visited his office yesterday, having returned from his fishing trip to Canada. Mr. Hill annually repairs to Canadian waters for salmon fishing, and this year he returned with the best record he ever made at the sport.

Speaking of the crop outlook, Mr. Hill said that the crops this year, though not extraordinary, would be good average crops which would sell at good prices. The purchasing power of the crop, Mr. Hill pointed out, will be unusually large because of the high prices.

The period of low prices for cereals in this country, he said, is over, for which reason, among others, the cost of living has been advancing and is not likely to recede.

Mr. Hill said of the business outlook that there was no disturbance in sight, and that business was still improving.

NEW ASTRONOMICAL STATION.

Smithsonian Institution to Build on Mount Whitney at 14,000 Feet.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—A meteorological and astronomical observation station at an altitude of about 14,000 feet is to be erected on Mount Whitney by the Smithsonian Institution. The work of preparing the trail up the mountain over which the material will be transported by pack mules is already under way.

It is said the station, which will be temporary, will be completed by the first of September.

FOR CHILDREN OF TENEMENTS.

Volunteers of America Plan Outings in the Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Through the generous readers of your paper, last year the Volunteers of America were enabled to carry out that most meritorious and Saviour-like mission of taking a number of the city's needy and, in many instances, sick little children to the invigorating fresh air and the beauty of country life.

As our officers will testify, one of the strongest evidences of the value of this effort is the sudden and almost incredible benefit these children derive. A photograph of the child's former condition compared with its appearance after receiving the care and oversight of the Volunteers is often very marked in its contrast.

The least difficult of our task would be to explain the gravity of the need amid the heated atmosphere and crowded tenements. The cases are pitiable.

May I remind your readers that the two-fold benevolence, that which embraces both the remedy and the desired result, will possibly save the lives of many during this season? I cite but two cases.

A poor woman whose husband is in Sing Sing, and who lives with her three little children and her father, who has a cancer, and has had to have his arm amputated, in an uptown tenement, has been supporting herself and these on $3 per week. They had absolutely nothing in the house, and were living on stale bread and milk. The Volunteers have taken this case, and are caring for them.

A woman who was a janitress and worked until faint and worn out was finally taken to the hospital. The children, aged 2, 9, 10, and 18, were in dire need. Through the instrumentality of our officers, the girl of 16 and the boy of 18 found employment, and the little children are being cared for. Their condition was woe-begone and pitiable in the extreme.

Let those of us whom Providence has favored, placing in circumstances which permit of our gaining the sea breezes or the mountain air, in hearing of the song of birds and in view of the beauty of flowers, remember those who are knocking at our door for the smallest means to enable them to experience temporary relief.

Sir, "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord," but, oh, may this gift to those whose cry reaches us come early.

Will you ask that subscriptions or donations be sent to President Ballington Booth, 34 West Twenty-eighth Street, which is the National Headquarters of the Volunteers? An official receipt will be sent for every donation received. BALLINGTON BOOTH,
New York City, July 9, 1909. President.

MUNICIPAL COURT SALARIES.

Thinks Recent Increase Unjust to Other County Clerks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note, with great surprise, in to-day's issue of The Chief that the Municipal Court attendants have had their salaries increased from $1,200 to $1,500 annually. Now, this is really unjust, unreasonable, and not in accord with good principle. It should have never been allowed. Only a few months ago the Board of Estimate and Apportionment spurned any increases in salaries, no matter whether they were consistent or within the grades. There are thousands of clerks in the county service who receive a salary of $1,000 annually who have to work hard and have large families dependent upon their support. Notwithstanding this and efforts made in their behalf to have the above board increase their salaries within the grade, it was not allowed because no increases were to be made in any case. UNJUST.
New York, July 9, 1909.

New Jersey's Tariff Interest.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On this so important item of tariff legislation the Senators from New Jersey have been conspicuously influential, apparently comprehending their sole duty to lie in wearing the Aldrich tag. Was it for this that Senators Kean and Briggs were elected by the Legislature of New Jersey? Already one hears many of the Jersey voters saying: "How long, O Kean, (Catiline,) will you continue to abuse our patience?" WINSTON PAUL.
New York, July 10, 1909.

HINDU FOLK RHYMES.

The Camel shrieks, "I'm drowning!"
And the Sheep
Debate the Question, "Is the Water deep?"

The earth is glad of Clouds above the Grain;
The Home is glad of Babes that laugh and run.
When God is pleased He sends reviving Rain;
When God is greatly pleased He sends a Son.

The Frisky Bullock plows the furrow through,
Which One-that-lieth-down will never do.

All Slanders find an end
When Lip on Lip is placed;
If Friend but speak with Friend
The Meddler is disgraced.

No Craft is beyond him, no Meanness beneath;
He'll pick up a Cent from the Mud with his Teeth.

Melons want the Sun to warm their gold;
Mangoes want the Rain to make them live;
Women want strong Arms to take and hold;
Children—all the Love the heart can give.

Fortune may avail;
Plowing cannot fail.

He sings for those that have no ear,
He sports for those that cannot see,
He reads for those that cannot hear—
I wonder what his Pay will be?

My Baby cries—and all the World is Wrong.
My Baby laughs—the World is full of Song.

By diverse Yearnings torn and tried,
Poor Men grow ever thinner.
The Bridegroom longs to see the Bride—
The Guests to see the Dinner.

ARTHUR GUITERMAN.

REPUBLICANS SEE A BANKRUPT CITY

Campaign Committee Dolefully Predicts a Grand Smash in 1920.

SOME RAPS AT McCLELLAN.

Municipal Lighting Plant Sites Used to Show Recklessness in His Administration.

The Campaign Committee of One Hundred of the Republican Club went into action yesterday for the first time. For the present the committee intends to confine itself to an educational anti-Tammany campaign. The immediate plans contemplate an output of political pamphlets painting Tammany Hall and the city administration in dark colors.

"Pamphlet No. 1," issued yesterday, appears with the caption "Will New York's 'Wicked Partner' Bankrupt the City?".

The answer goes with the question—"New York will go bankrupt in 1920."

No proof is brought forward to enable the reader to see New York's finish in 1920. But on the title page appears the picture of Father Knickerbocker with an auctioneer's bell and a "New York For Sale" sign added to the traditional outfit with which the cartoonists provide him. Also the Tammany Tiger is crouching on his trail, hungry eyes fixed on him.

From this scenic start, "Pamphlet No. 1" proceeds through two or three pages of catechismal questions and answers to its climax. This has to do with the purchase by the McClellan administration in 1905 of three sites for municipal lighting plants which have not been built.

One of these sites is in Manhattan. It comprises the entire block bounded by East Ninetieth and East Ninety-first Streets, the East River, and Avenue A. The purchase price was $350,000. Another site was in the Borough of Queens, between Canal Street and Nott Avenue, the East River, and West Avenue. This is near the Queensboro Bridge. In Richmond a parcel of 150 feet of water front was purchased at Richmond Terrace for $55,000.

The site purchasing activities of Mayor McClellan in 1905 is ascribed by the Republican Club campaigners to a desire to offset the municipal ownership issue on which the Mayor was running that year. In connection with this, "Pamphlet No. 1" says:

> They decided promptly to make a demonstration of flirting the doctrine of municipal ownership, and lost no time in negotiations for sites upon which to build municipal lighting plants, or rather, to enable them to tell the people they were going to build lighting plants, if they were continued in power.
>
> All of the energy of the Real Estate Bureau in the Finance Department was centred on obtaining sites and on obtaining them quick. "To be able to compete successfully with the trust," said the Mayor, "we must have water front property, in order that coal may be delivered at the plants in barges and unloaded directly into the plants."
>
> McClellan knew then that municipal lighting plants would never be built. In fact he stated privately that under existing laws the city could not do so. But he needed something to meet the municipal ownership issue badly, and there was no law which prevented him from spending our money for this purpose.

In the pamphlet it is pointed out that the three sites for which an aggregate of $605,000 was paid in 4 per cent. fifty-year bonds carrying an annual interest charge of $24,200 plus 1 per cent. of the principal for amortization purposes are rented by the city for only $884 a year.

"The total interest for fifty years," the pamphlet says, "is $1,210,000. The total revenue at the present rentals in the same period will be $43,300, a net loss to the city of $1,166,800."

The Manhattan site was rented to the Pastime Athletic Club as an athletic field for $25 a month. Later the city made a contract with a bill poster concern for $5 more a month for billboards about the plot.

"The billboards," the pamphlet says, "are a source of revenue to the bill poster concern. In addition they keep taxpayers from trespassing or from witnessing what is going on in this property to the great convenience of the members of the Pastime Athletic Club."

The Queens site, which carries an $8,000 interest charge annually, is rented for $2 a month to a man named Shannon, who uses it for storage purposes. Charles E. Griffith, who sold the Richmond site to the city for $55,000, rented it for $40 a month. This is $8 a month more than the combined rental for the other two sites, although they cost the city in the aggregate ten times as much as did the Richmond site.

PENNSYLVANIA'S NEW POLICY.

Railroad Will Issue Stock Instead of Bonds in Future Financing.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's proposed financing in connection with the provision to be made for the $80,000,000 of notes and $20,000,000 of bonds, which mature next year, will take the shape, it was learned yesterday, of an issue of stock instead of bonds. At their last annual meeting the stockholders authorized the Directors to increase the road's indebtedness to the extent of $80,000,000 to provide for the maturing obligations.

Announcement of the proposed stock issue, it is said, will probably be made within the next sixty days. Thus far the exact amount of the issue and the price at which the stock will be offered to the stockholders have not been definitely determined. It is probable, however, that the issue will be something, but not much, over $80,000,000.

The purpose to issue stock instead of bonds to provide the funds required by the Pennsylvania will apply, it is said, not only to this particular financing, but also in all probability to most of the future financing by the Pennsylvania.

NEW HOTEL PROJECTED HERE.

Mr. Ellis to Build It After Quitting the Ritz-Carlton Management.

General Manager Ellis of the Ritz-Carlton hotels in London and Paris is coming to New York in the Fall to arrange for the construction of a hotel in this city to be conducted on the lines of the Ritz-Carlton hostelries.

Mr. Ellis has been a hotel man all of his life and has been connected with some of the best hostelries in Europe. For the past fifteen years he has been connected with the Ritz-Carlton hotels in Paris and London, dividing his time between the two cities.

It is reported that Mr. Ellis will sever his connection with the Ritz-Carlton management in August as his contract runs out at that time.

It is understood that he has the backing of large financial interests in the United States in his undertaking.

A NEW "OLD SOUTH" CHURCH.

Plans Filed for Buildings at Park Avenue and 85th Street to Cost $215,000.

Cram, Goodhue, and Ferguson, as architects for the ministers, Elders, and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of this city, filed with Building Supt. Murphy yesterday the plans for a group of new buildings for the congregation of the Old South Church, at Park Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, on the southwest corner. The church building will have a frontage of 133 feet on the street, with a four-story rectory and a two-story parish house fronting on the avenue.

The group is to be of New York ledge stone, with rubble foundations, designed in Gothic style, and the church will be finished with tall arched windows and have a slender spire crowned with a cross.

The rectory will have large Tudor casement bays of decorated stone. The estimated cost of the building is $215,000.

SAGE PARK PLANTS STOLEN; 2 ARRESTS

Policeman McKeagney Is Suspended After Admitting He Saw Rhododendrons Taken.

THEY WENT TO A WOMAN

Pilferer Used a Taxicab to Send Them to Her Boarding House—A Bartender and a Woman Arrested.

Park Commissioner Henry Smith believes with Deputy Police Commissioner Bugher that in the arrest of Patrolman James McKeagney of the Arsenal Station he has put a stop to the wholesale thefts of rhododendrons that have been going on in Central Park for two years.

The thefts of flowers in the Park, both this season and a year ago, amounted well up into the hundreds of dollars, particularly as in the rhododendrons stolen were many of great value, having been brought from Belgium at a cost of many thousands of dollars and presented to the Park by Mrs. Russell Sage.

For a long time Commissioner Smith has been trying to catch the thieves. Vain efforts were made also by Gen. Bingham and even by Inspector McCafferty. It now appears that the thefts were committed at night with the connivance of McKeagney, who has behind him seventeen years of service on the force. The flowers were taken on two occasions in a taxicab to a woman's boarding house on the west side of Central Park.

Frank Boyle, a bartender, and Mrs. Sarah Airy, a boarding house keeper at 14 West Ninety-fourth Street, were arrested last night and taken to Police Headquarters. The warrant against each charges the theft of $5 worth of rhododendrons from the bed at the west entrance—not the one where Mrs. Sage's plants grow.

Mrs. Airy was arrested at Stony Point, N. Y., where she has a boarding house. She became hysterical, and then fainted when she heard what the officer had come for. He brought back with him several rhododendrons he found in her garden, and she said that Boyle had told her they were given to him by a Park employe.

Boyle would say nothing. He was arrested at Avon, N. J., where he worked as bartender in a hotel.

Both were bailed out.

John Griffin, who, as he will tell you, is not gardener, nor yet horticulturist, but arboriculturist, missed a great many plants during the Spring, and as Mrs. Sage had filled out her beds in the park with 1,000 fresh plants in place of those that died and were stolen last year, he reported to Commissioner Smith.

The thefts were principally near the West 106th Street entrance, and though McCafferty's sleuths watched night and day the flowers kept on disappearing. Finally they gave it up.

As soon as Gen. Bingham was removed, Commissioner Smith again applied to the police, and Deputy Commissioner Bugher took charge of the case. Three detectives found that after each of several thefts the tracks of a taxicab were found on the drive. Knowing the dates, they traced out the records of the taxicab companies, and found that John James of 141 West 100th Street had driven through the Park at midnight on those dates.

The sleuths tackled him about it yesterday. He admitted that he had driven a man there twice, the last time on June 18; that the man had pulled up several of the plants while Patrolman McKeagney stood by, and took them in the cab to the landlady of the boarding house.

On this information the sleuths went to the Arsenal and arrested McKeagney.

"Why, yes," said McKeagney to the Deputy Commissioner, "I did let the man take a few rhodondrons; I didn't see any harm in it."

The Commissioner then threw open a door and confronted the policeman with the chauffeur. McKeagney admitted that this was the chauffeur who had taken the thief to the garden.

"But," said he, "there wasn't anything for me in it. I didn't see any harm in his picking a few flowers."

The Deputy Commissioner took his shield from him and he was straightway suspended from the force. Later he was arraigned before Magistrate Barlow in the presence of Inspector Schmittberger and the Deputy Commissioner. The charge was that of conniving at the commission of a crime without interference, and the patrolman with three stripes on his arm was paroled in custody of his counsel.

SHERMAN IN MANCHESTER, VT.

Vice President, Mrs. Sherman, and Utica Party Arrive by Auto.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., July 12.—Vice President James S. Sherman, Mrs. Sherman, and a party of Utica people, arrived by automobile at the Equinox House last night. Mr. Sherman left on the night train for Utica, but joined the party again to-night, and will remain here until he leaves for Washington, where he is due on Friday.

In the party are Richard U. Sherman, Miss Gertrude Miller, Miss Florence Miller, Miss Eleanor Miller, Charles Miller, Edward G. Wagner, and Sherrill Babcock.

Sherrill Sherman, son of the Vice President, will compete in the three days' tournament, which begins here on the Ekwanok Country Club links Thursday morning.

Social Notes.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who stopped in town for a day or so on her way to the Adirondacks, returned to the St. Regis Saturday, and left last night for her Newport home. She has not entertained this Summer, as she is still in mourning.

Mrs. Ashton C. Clarkson, who has just leased the Willetts place at Roslyn, L. I., for a term of years, will spend the Summer with the Misses Gladys and Helen Clarkson, at Northeast Harbor, Me.

Mrs. Eugene Philbin and family sailed Saturday on the Cedric to spend the Summer months at Hamburg.

Everard Calthrop arrived in London Monday last, and is the guest of Lord Alverstone at Horton Lodge. Mr. Calthrop will tour England, Scotland, France, and Italy before returning late in the Fall to New York.

Dr. Louis Faugeres Bishop and Mrs. Bishop of 54 West Fifty-fifth Street are at the Tuxedo Club, Tuxedo Park, until September.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller, Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus Hartley Dodge, and Percy Rockefeller, who have been with Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Lamont at the Curtis Hotel, in Lenox, arrived in New York yesterday by automobile, and will stay here for a few days.

Mrs. E. C. Potter of New York is visiting Mrs. J. Thompson Spencer at Althorpe, on Ochre Point, Newport.

Mrs. Charles Nevins and family of New York have arrived at Jamestown for the season.

Miss Annie Leary will go to Newport in September to occupy her cottage for the Fall season.

Mrs. William B. Leeds and William S. Leeds of New York are at the Curtis Hotel, at Lenox, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Conde Nast of New York are at the Stockton cottage, at Newport, for the rest of the Summer.

STILL FIGHT BUILDING CODE.

Real Estate Men and Architects Ask for Votes Against It.

The various real estate and building construction interests who have been fighting the proposed new Building Code do not intend to give up until the document is presented to the Aldermen for final consideration. This was evidenced yesterday by action taken by the Allied Real Estate Interests and the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects.

It is generally understood that the code will be brought before the Aldermen to-day, if the necessary number of votes to insure the passage of the document can be obtained. With this in mind, these two organizations yesterday forwarded to each Alderman a letter urging him not to vote for the code as now drawn.

The Real Estate Interests' letter reads:

Dear Sir:

I understand that an effort will be made at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen to be held to-morrow (Tuesday) to pass the Building Code revision prepared by the majority of the Building Code Revision Commission.

On behalf of the conference of interests who have already examined into this matter and submitted a report in reference thereto, I wish to protest against passing this revision in its present form. Some slight concessions to public opinion have been made, but not sufficient to benefit the taxpayers of this city or to affect the merits of the case. Under the circumstances it would be a public calamity if the proposed code is enacted into law. Very truly yours, ALLAN ROBINSON, President.

The architects' letter declares "favorable action upon the report will be contrary to the best interests of the City of New York."

Mr. Robinson also issued a statement yesterday in which he did not hesitate to comment harshly on the political phase of the situation. In it he said:

"Word was passed around yesterday among real estate men and builders that it was the intention of Alderman Keenealy, Chairman of the Building Code Revision Commission, to jam the majority report through the Board of Aldermen to-day, practically in the form first reported, and without any of the changes demanded by real estate and building interests.

"It is believed that Charles F. Murphy has issued orders that the code, as it now stands, giving the Superintendent of Buildings unlimited power, and making it practically impossible to use cinder concrete for fireproof construction, must go through. Murphy and Daniel F. Cohalan, Grand Sachem of the Tammany Society, are reported to be financially interested in the company which manufactures hollow tile, and the passage of the Murphy code would enable the hollow tile interests to establish a practical monopoly.

"'Little Tim' Sullivan is said not to be on the inside of this deal, and refuses to let Murphy have full swing. If the code goes through it will only be after the Sullivans are in on the ground floor.

"Murphy realizes that if the so-called revision does not go through to-morrow it may have to wait until after election. It is this fear which is driving the Tammany people into immediate action. If the Murphy code goes through the cost of building will increase, and rents will go up."

Patrick Gallagher, a builder, with offices at 1,181 Broadway, wrote to Acting Mayor McGowan yesterday severely condemning many of the provisions of the proposed code.

Cornelius Ford, President of the New Jersey State Federation of Labor, issued an open letter yesterday expressing the hope that the code will be defeated. He characterized the National Fireproofing Company, which manufactures hollow tile, as "one of the most bitter foes organized labor has even known in this State," and the fight is one "between organized labor and organized greed."

CHICAGO SCIENTISTS MARCH.

Start for Ilongo Under Successor to Murdered Dr. William Jones.

MANILA, July 13.—Headed by H. C. Sims, an anthropologist, who took the place of Dr. William Jones after the latter was killed by tribesmen while studying the customs of the natives, the expedition of the Field Museum of Natural History of Chicago to-day started from Eschague, Isabella Province, for the Ilongo country, where Dr. Jones died.

A force of constabulary accompanied the scientists to guard them against attack.

NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 12.—The New York Yacht Club racing fleet left Newport this morning in a thick fog on the run to Glen Cove, the closing event of the July regatta. The boats left their moorings in the harbor early and assembled off the Brenton's Reef Lightship for the start. On account of the fog they could not be seen from the shore. The boats were lost to view soon after they left the harbor entrance, and when the blanket of mist lifted for a few minutes about noon all of the boats had disappeared around Point Judith. There has been a light southwest wind blowing all day.

The Newport Casino was lively to-day, where the first concert of the season was given by Mr. Mullay and his musicians of the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

Mrs. J. J. Mason entertained a dinner company to-night, afterward taking her guests to Freebody Park for the vaudeville. In the boxes were Commander and Mrs. William F. Fullam, Lieut. Commander and Mrs. W. W. Phelps from the Naval Training Station, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sedgwick, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert T. Varnum.

Bogea Oumiroff, Mme. B. Oumiroff, and Miss S. Gordon Shaw of Berlin, Germany; Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Logan, Miss Justine Ingersoll, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Babbage, R. Pennington, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Harvey Tiers of New York are registered at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

F. S. G. D. Hauteville, who has been at the Muenchinger-King cottage arranging for improvements to his Newport place, has gone to New York, and sails Wednesday for Europe.

R. I. Gammel gave a luncheon at Gooseberry Island to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Phipps will arrive shortly to occupy the Summer residence of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills and will be joined next month by Mrs. Phipps's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Yoakum and Miss Yoakum, with Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, are expected in Newport shortly to occupy the Osgood villa on Bellevue Avenue.

Mrs. James P. Kernochan is expected from Europe this week at her place on Marine Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard and the Misses Morris are returning from Europe to Newport for the season this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings are expected this week for the Summer.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. French E. Chadwick have returned from a visit abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. James M. Forbes of New York are at their cottage.

Miss Augusta L. Hammedieu, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. J. Mason, has concluded her visit and returned to New York.

Mrs. John R. Drexel has sent out cards for a dinner on July 14.

Mrs. George Gordon King will entertain a dinner company on July 30.

Mrs. William F. Fullam gave a tea this afternoon at the Training Station, where many of the Summer residents joined the roller skating party. The officers of the station intend to have these parties every Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly have sent out cards for a dinner at Vinland on the evening of July 30.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones will give a dinner party on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Berwind are taking Saturdays for their dinner parties during the season.

Mrs. Robert Goelet has arrived from Europe at her cottage on the Cliffs, and has been joined by her son, Robert W. Goelet.

Casino registers include Thomas Slidell of New York, who is spending a month in the cottage colony; Franklin A. Plummer and W. Pitt Scott, U. S. N.

Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll entertained a dinner party at her cottage this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. C. Taylor, have returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sayles of Warwick are here on their steam yacht Augusta.

EAST SIDE REVELS IN STREET SPRAYS

Small Boys Enthusiastic Over Commissioner Edwards's New Cleaning Devices.

PAVEMENTS SWEPT CLEAN

Belief That the Adoption of the Machines Will Affect a Big Saving for the City.

Commissioner Edwards's new street cleaning machines not only did a great deal toward removing the dirt from many of the streets on the lower east side last night, but also washed the feet and legs of many small boys who got into the spray from the nozzles.

The occasion was the test of two machines of a sort which have been used with great success in many Western cities. The Commissioner has just got an appropriation of $100,000 to experiment with devices of this sort, and last night was the first of the series.

The Commissioner started for the scene of action in his automobile about 9 o'clock, picking up Deputy Commissioner Hogan on the way. He drove to the barns where the machines are kept at Avenue C and East Sixteenth Street, and then the experiment began.

The concern whose machines were on trial had sent an expert to manipulate them, and it must be said for them that they worked well. They are in the form of large green tanks, holding 300 gallons of water on trucks. The water is forced out by means of air pressure through elongated nozzle openings, and the pressure is so great that everything in sight is cleaned away into the gutter, where "White Wings" can be stationed to remove everything but the water, which will be driven into the sewers.

One machine can operate over a distance of 360 feet without refilling, and it is estimated that two machines can clean a distance of four miles in eight hours, doing the work of twenty men. The work will cost the city about 30 cents for 1,000 square yards, and Commissioner Edwards says there need be no criticisms from taxpayers when they see the results.

The machines, which will operate in pairs, last night started work by going east in Sixteenth Street, and after they had completed their work the block shone like a Dutch housekeeper's kitchen floor, as Sixteenth Street is asphalted. The Commissioner next put them to work on Avenue C, where equally good results were obtained on cobble stones.

"I shall try in the next two weeks many other kinds of machines," said the Commissioner, "and in a short time I expect to have twenty or thirty of them at work. We estimate that we can clean each street about three times a week. The amount appropriated this year is merely for purposes of experiment, so that I can tell how much to put in my budget to do the work next year. We shall let the job out to some firm. The city will sell the water needed at $131.33 per million gallons."

After the machines got in good working order and the air pressure at its height they were taken over to the Bowery, the Commissioner following in his automobile. There throngs gathered to watch their operation, and the small boys in the neighborhood took great delight in wading in the water. The wagons worked down Stanton Street from the Bowery to the river, then down several of the cross streets, including Chrystie and Forsyth, covering altogether a distance of about three miles.

The new machines are not intended to do away with the work of the "white wings," but only to supplement their labor. The wagons will work mostly at night, when the water pressure is highest.

SAILING FOR EUROPE.

Many Leave by Nieuw Amsterdam and Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

NIEUW AMSTERDAM (Rotterdam)—Mr. and Mrs. Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Aikins, Mrs. George C. Avery, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bernard, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Buck, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Burgess, the Rev. and Mrs. S. Parkes Cadman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Damon, B. J. Delvalle, United States Consul at Curacao; Mrs. Delvalle, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Fitz Gibbon, Mrs. P. van den Heuvel, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Hodgins, H. V. Jackson, Mrs. W. V. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McCay, Mrs. Martha Murths, Mr. and Mrs. R. Bleecker Rathbone, W. S. P. Oskamp, I. R. Pels, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Seaver, C. A. Smylie, Col. E. A. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Thompson, Mrs. M. H. Tuck, Robert C. Walker, Mrs. J. F. P. Warner, Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Wilderman, and Miss J. H. Williams.

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE, (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Aaron, T. S. Barnes, Mrs. Johns J. Borland, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Borland, Dr. Bernard B. Bromberg, Mr. and Mrs. William Reynold Brown, Morris R. Clothier, Mrs. Edward L. Daingerfield, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dalton, John M. Dorrace, Robert Durbin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Engelhard, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Fay, Mr. and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Alister Greene, Capt. Heinemann, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Leiter, A. J. McElroy, Mr. and Mrs. David P. Manning, Thorpe D. Nesbit, Dr. Horst Oertel, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. A. Albert Sacks, Horace Russell Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert J. Tilly, Louis I. Waldemar, Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Wright, Mrs. William Edgar Wooley, and Juan Zanaga.

GERTRUDE HOFFMANN BACK.

Gives Her Salome and Spring Song Dances at Hammerstein's.

Gertrude Hoffmann returned to Broadway last night with her Salome dance, which, in conjunction with Mendelssohn's "Spring Song," she gave at Hammerstein's Roof Garden before an audience which crowded the garden to its capacity. The reception the dancer received proved that her popularity with New York audiences has not diminished. Her act as staged by Mr. Hammerstein is one of the most elaborate ever shown at a vaudeville theatre. In the present revival of the "Spring Song" Miss Hoffmann has ten assistants, and besides the regular theatre orchestra there is a special one gathered from the orchestra of the Manhattan Opera House of thirty pieces. Miss Hoffmann will continue at the roof garden for several weeks.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Henry B. Harris announces the engagement of Ethel Brandon for a prominent part in Martha Morton's play, "On the Eve," which will have its premiere in New York in September.

George M. Belden was engaged yesterday by the Wagenhals & Kemper Company to be stage manager of the "Paid in Full" company that will open the Astor Theatre on Aug. 2. The entire cast is Fritz Williams, Katherine Florence, William Riley Hatch, Florence Robinson, Benjamin F. Wilson, and Pauline Darling.

Bertram Marburgh was engaged yesterday by Joseph W. Gaites for "Keegan's Pal," the play in which Emmett Corrigan is to be starred next season.

Robert Cummings and Charles Wyngate were added yesterday by Margaret Anglin to the company which is being engaged to support her in "The Awakening of Helena Ritchie" at the Savoy Theatre in September.

Louis Calvert, who is to be classical director of the New Theatre, arrived on the steamer Minnehaha yesterday.

"The Climax" continued its New York engagement at Weber's Theatre last night. It will stay there throughout the Summer.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, July 10, averaged 13¢ cents per pound.—Adv.

MAY ACCEPT THIRD AVE. PLAN.

Stockholders' Committee Inclined to Reorganization Scheme.

At the final hearing before the Public Service Commission yesterday on the proposed plan of reorganization of the Third Avenue Railroad, the opposition to the scheme was not nearly as emphatic as at the previous sessions.

John M. Perry, representing the Stockholders' Committee, stated yesterday, however, that he believed the majority of his clients are in favor of the plan.

"While we feel that in some details this plan is unjust," said he, "it gives us a footing with the bondholders. I understand that our committee controls a majority of the holdings of the stockholders of the company, and I am not sure that the figure is not considerably larger than this."

A stockholder sitting in the rear of the room interrupted to shout: "I am ready to pay the $30,000 assessment on my shares to-morrow."

Alexander C. Lassen then stated that he has worked out a new plan of reorganization, which he will present to the commission. Under it, he declared, the road could be placed on its feet by a bond issue of only $6,500,000.

"Not more than $1,500,000 in cash would be needed under my plan," said he, "to take the property out of the hands of the receiver. The income of the road will be sufficient to meet the receiver's certificates when they fall due, and the remainder of the bonds could be disposed of as occasion requires to meet the exigencies of up keep and betterments."

John M. Bowers, counsel for the Bondholders' Committee, was the first speaker. He declared that the law of the State gives the company a vested right to reorganize as it pleases, and the functions of the commission in the matter are only "ministerial."

"I accept all that has been said about what the stockholders of the Third Avenue road have suffered. I can quite appreciate that the change of motive power from horse to cable, and from cable to electricity, and again the lease to the Metropolitan have endangered seriously, if not wiped out entirely, the value of the Third Avenue stock.

"But it was the stockholders who agreed to these changes in motive power and to the Metropolitan lease. I do not believe that tale of woe could have been more seriously aggravated than when it was told here that within the month the Interborough-Metropolitan had sold out its holdings in Third Avenue at 35 to 40 cents on the dollar."

Mr. Bowers took up the question of the disappearance of the $10,000,000 in consolidated mortgage bonds issued in 1900, which Receiver Whitridge has declared does not show physically on either the Third Avenue proper or its allied roads.

"It is claimed," said he, "that large sums were expended in the Kingsbridge power house for relaying the rails of the Union and Westchester roads, and for other costly improvements on the Kingsbridge road.

"Whether the money went for these routes is a question to be determined only by an enormously expensive inquiry. Col. Amory's 'evidence'—so-called—of occurrences after he left the employ of the road was not sufficient justification for incurring the expenses at such a search."

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., July 12.—William Phillips, who has been a guest of Joseph H. Choate, left to-day for Washington.

Mrs. Edward Everett has gone to Washington after a visit with Mrs. S. W. Woodward at Eden Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Alexandre entertained at dinner to-night at Spring Lawn.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Newman and A. G. Anderson of New York are at the Maplewood, in Pittsfield Mr. and Mrs. William Tate, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Andrews, and Mr. and Mrs W. B. Hadley of New York are at Henton Hall, in Stockbridge

Spencer P. Shotter, who, with his family, will sail on Wednesday for Europe, will leave Shadow Brook open and in charge of Miss Shotter, Mr. Shotter's sister.

E. R. Edminster of Brooklyn has offered a hundred-dollar trophy for a special golf tournament at the Country Club of Pittsfield. Among those who have qualified are Miguel R. Martinez, Albert A. Sprague of Chicago, Cummings C. Chesney, and Edward A. Jones.

Miss Adele Kneeland, in whose gardens the Episcopal bazaar was given last week, has been asked to allow the public to visit her gardens by subscribing a small sum for charities. Miss Kneeland is considering the matter.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Bacon, who have been at the Hotel Aspinwall, have gone to New York to sail for Europe.

Ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey is at the Hotel Aspinwall.

Mrs. Carlos De Heredia has issued invitations for a luncheon at Wheatleigh on Wednesday.

Mrs. John Swann has gone to Boston to see Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Wharton Swann sail on Wednesday for a Summer on the Continent.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed will give a dinner at Lakeside on Thursday evening.

BAR HARBOR SOCIETY.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., July 12.—Mr. and Mrs. George A. Widener of New York arrived to-day on their steam yacht Josephine. They will occupy Mizzen Top, the R. Hall McCormick cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. David Ogden and the Misses Ogden of New York, who are spending the Summer at their bungalow across the bay, returned to-day from an automobile trip to the White Mountains.

The Boston Symphony Players gave their first concert to-day at the Swimming Club. The largest crowd of the season was at the club.

Henry Sampson, Jr., of New York, who is now on his way to this country from Africa, where he has been hunting with a party of companions since last Fall, will come here for the month of August.

Hotel guests of to-day include at the Louisburg Mrs. Robert Bosher, Mrs. Charles Bosher, R. S. Bosher, Jr., of New York, Girard McIntyre of Philadelphia; at the Newport are Mrs. S. D. Schenck and Mrs. N. Collins of New York, and Mrs. E. T. Farquhar and Mrs. W. N. Previs of Philadelphia.

AT NARRAGANSETT PIER.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, July 12.—Members of a motor party, arriving today at the Imperial, include Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Worthington of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Worthington and the Misses May and Gwendolin Worthington of Cleveland, Ohio.

In another motor party arriving to-day were Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Riordan, Edward Riordan, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Seitz of Newark, N. J.

Mrs. E. L. Mitchell of St. Louis arrived to-night at the Imperial.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. McNeely and Miss McNeely of Philadelphia arrived here to-day in a touring car, and in another motor car were George F. Cottle of Annapolis and J. H. Iden.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Emery of New York and Mrs. George W. Hall of Portsmouth, N. H., are members of a motor touring party, which arrived to-day at the Mathewson.

Registered at the Casino to-day are Mrs. William Harding Jackson of Nashville, Tenn., and E. J. Beakey of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Shaw of Springfield, Mass., arrived to-day at the Rivers.

John H. Hanan left for New York today on the steam yacht Surf.

ROBILLARD HELD FOR FLORA COOKE'S DEATH

Bronx Authorities Say It Was His Auto That Ran the Girl Down on July 4.

QUESTION HIS WIFE ALSO

Coroner Says She Admitted Leaving Her Car to Seek Doctor—Arrest Due to Boy's Evidence.

Norbert Robillard, who lives at 1,445 Zerega Avenue, Westchester, was held yesterday, in $5,000 bail by Coroner Schwannecke of the Bronx on the technical charge of homicide, it being thought by the Coroner and the police that it was Robillard's machine which ran over and killed Flora Cooke on Eastern Boulevard, near Middletown Road, on July 4. The girl was with two companions when run down. She was taken to the Fordham Hospital, where she died shortly after.

Meyer Harris, a sixteen-year-old boy, who lives at 576 East 181st Street, is to some extent responsible for the holding of Robillard. At the time of the accident Harris caught the number of the car as "45,671, New York," which turned out to be the wrong number. However, the number of the Robillard car is 45,641, and Harris says that it is the same car, although it is alleged that the cover has been changed since the accident.

The police say they arrested Robillard because one of his neighbors told them that Mrs. Robillard, after returning from an automobile ride on the evening of July 4, had said she would never go out in the car again, as she had just been in a horrible accident. Officers Wagner and Meyer of the Bronx Precinct took Harris with them yesterday to the Robillard house, and Mr. and Mrs. Robillard rode back with them to the station.

Although Mr. and Mrs. Robillard were much wrought up over the affair they both denied that they had been the cause of the accident. Coroner Schwannecke interrogated them separately, and said that their stories differed to some extent. Both admitted, however, that they had been near the scene of the accident, and Mrs. Robillard said that she had even left her car to look at the child, and had afterward gone in search of a doctor.

The witness Harris was sure that the car was the same he had seen. The Robillards' car is a dark green one, which corresponds with Harris's description of the one that ran the girl down.

Joseph Damathe, a builder, of Taylor and Morris Park Avenues, the Bronx, furnished bail for Mr. Robillard.

Detectives Meyer and Wagner late yesterday afternoon took the Misses Neumann and Hariman, who were with Miss Cooke when she met her death, to the garage where the Robillard machine is stored, but neither of them could identify it surely as the car which had run Miss Cooke down. Nor could the girls identify Mr. or Mrs. Robillard as the occupants of the car.

The house was searched for a light brown cover which the detectives had heard was sometimes used for the Robillard automobile, but it was not found.

Coroner Schwannecke expects to have more witnesses on Wednesday, and Karlin and Busch, the lawyers for the girl's father, say that they will ask that Robillard be held without bail on a charge of murder in the first degree.

Thomas Cooke, the father of the girl, who lives at 46 ast Seventh Street, has said that he will leave no stone unturned in his efforts to punish the person responsible for the death of his child.

SAYS DICKENS PLAY IS HERS.

Miss de Santleys Claims She Dramatized "David Copperfield."

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff will hear the argument to-day upon the application of Grace Hawthorne de Santleys, a playwright, for an injunction restraining Mildred Holland, the actress, and Edward C. White, her husband and manager, from producing, or in any way exercising proprietorship over, the version, written by the plaintiff, of Charles Dickens's "David Copperfield."

Miss de Santleys says she is the authoress of the version in question, which was produced by Miss Holland at the Yorkville Theatre last season. She further alleges that the actress and her husband promised to pay her for the play, but instead of doing so copyrighted it themselves, and then produced it without giving her compensation.

TANGUAY ON NEW YORK ROOF.

Vaudeville Singer Heard in "The Follies of 1909."

Eva Tanguay made her appearance as the star in "The Follies of 1909" at the Jardin de Paris last night. Her appearance as "the vaudeville star" in the Opera House scene in the first act was the signal for much applause from the audience.

After she had sung "the madhouse opera" number there was more applause from the crowd which filled the large roof garden. The "I Don't Care" song was sung, and Miss Tanguay sang several new songs, including one called "Go as Far as You Like," which pleased the audience.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Capt. R. L. Carmichael, Coast Artillery, is placed on the unassigned list, and will proceed to Fort Moultrie for duty.

Capt. E. Croft, Nineteenth Infantry, is detailed for duty at the Northern and army competitions to be held at Fort Sheridan, and for duty at the National match for 1909. Upon the completion of this duty he will proceed to his proper station.

First Lieut. U. S. Grant, third, Corps of Engineers, is detailed to act as Superintendent of the State, War, and Navy Department Building at Washington.

Capt. W. M. Coulting, Quartermaster, to Mound City, Ill., to inspect construction work.

Capt. W. T. Patten, Thirteenth Infantry, is detailed as Professor of Military Science at the University of Washington, Seattle.

Capt. H. S. Hansell, Medical Corps, is designated to conduct the examination at Fort Snelling of applicants as First Lieutenants in the Medical Reserve Corps.

First Lieut. R. N. J. Wiley, Fifth Infantry, is detailed for duty at the Northern and army competitions, to be held at Fort Sheridan July 20. Upon the completion of his duties at Fort Sheridan he will proceed to Camp Perry for duty pertaining to the National match.

Capt. L. T. Le Wald, Medical Corps, Fort Wayne, for duty as a member of the examining board to meet July 17 to conduct the preliminary examinations of applicants for appointment in the Medical Corps.

Major C. R. Darnall, Medical Corps, is detailed as a member of the examining board at Washington, D. C., for service during the examination of Capt. C. W. Farr, Medical Corps, to determine his fitness for promotion.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander G. W. Logan to special duty, Navy Department, Washington.

Lieut. L. R. Sargent, continue treatment naval hospital, New York.

Paymaster G. W. Reeves, Jr., continue treatment naval hospital, Norfolk.

Lieut. F. A. Todd, to treatment naval hospital, New York.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Restless at New York, Nanshan at Cavite, Buffalo at Hongkong, North Carolina, Montana, and New York at Naples, Biddle, Panther, Connecticut, Kansas, Louisiana, Vermont, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Hampshire, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Virginia, Wisconsin, Maine, and Ohio at Provincetown, Lawrence at Mare Island, Davis, Farragut, and Goldsborough at Sausalito.

Sailed—Hist, from Bradford for Portsmouth, N. H.; Marcellus, from East Lamoine for Newport News; Pentucket and Cumberland, from Newport for New York; Rainbow, Barry, Bainbridge, Chauncey, Dale, Charleston, Cleveland, Chattanooga, and Denver, from Siakwan for Shanghai; Wilmington, from Siakwan for Shanghai, and Tacoma, from Guantanamo for Barranquilla.

If you want a desirable Furnished Home, see Page 12.

Never ask for "imported" ginger ale—say "Ross's imported," and you'll get the real thing: always cool, sparkling and ——safe to drink.

ROSS'S
Belfast Ginger Ale

The Rev. Charles William Camp.

The Rev. Charles William Camp, Secretary of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company from 1893 until its dissolution last year, died at his home at 524 Lefferts Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I., Sunday night, aged 64 years, of Bright's disease. His father was rector of the Episcopal Church at Saratoga, and his maternal grandfather was the Right Rev. John Henry Hopkins, first Bishop of Vermont. He fought in the civil war in the First New Jersey Cavalry. He was at one time assistant rector of Christ Church, New York, and was afterward rector of Holy Cross Church, North Plainfield, N. J.; St. John's Church, Kingston, N. Y.; and Grace Church, Lockport, N. Y. When the insurance company went out of existence he joined the staff of the Protestant City Mission Society. He was at one time Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Freemasons of this State. He is survived by a widow, one son, Guy Camp of Washington, D. C., and a daughter, Miss May Camp of Richmond Hill.

Miss Mary Morgan.

LENOIR, N. C., July 12.—Miss Mary Morgan, oldest daughter of the late Senator Morgan of Alabama, died here yesterday. She was for many years secretary to her father, and had a wide acquaintance here and abroad. The body will be sent to Selma, Ala., the old family home, for interment.

Obituary Notes.

Major A. C. BRUNDAGE died at Bath, N. Y., yesterday. He was former Master of the New York State Grange, Adjutant of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath, and prominent in State Republican politics.

SEYMOUR DE WITT, President of the First National Bank of Middletown, N. Y., died at his home in that city yesterday, aged 65 years. He had been connected with the bank for the past eighteen years, and for thirty-two years previously was connected with the United States Express Company in New York. He was a personal friend of Senator Thomas C. Platt.

THOMAS J. CLARK, an associate of the late Michael F. Dwyer in the racing world, died of apoplexy at his home, 546 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in Ireland July 23, 1837. For thirty-five years he was engaged in business as a fish dealer in the Bedford section of Brooklyn. His wife, two sons, and seven daughters survive him.

The Rev. Dr. JOHN LEROY TAYLOR, for seven years pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Asbury Park, died yesterday of Bright's disease. He was 55 years old and graduated from Lane Theological Seminary in 1880. He had been pastor of churches in Greeley, Col., Waverly, N. Y., Wyoming, Ohio, and this city. He will be buried at Laporte.

THEODORE MILTON IVES, Secretary and Treasurer of the American Thread Company, 260 West Broadway, died yesterday in his home, 42 Fifth Avenue, in his 65th year. Mr. Ives had been connected with the company in this position since its foundation about ten years ago. For some years previous he was connected with the Willimantic Linen Company. He belonged to the Merchants' Association, the New England Association, the Riding Club, and the Wool Club.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

LICHTER.—Son born July 12 to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Lichter, 1,031 College Av.

WAYBURN.—To Mr. and Mrs. "Ned" Wayburn, (nee Davis,) on July 11, at their home, 22 Redfield St., Rye, N. Y., a son.

Married.

BOYLSTON—SMITH.—July 8, 1909, at Bear Creek, Penn., by the Rev. J. Huston Eccleston of Baltimore, Sarah Porter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Cotton Smith, to Samuel Shoemaker Boylston of New York, son of Mrs. S. Montgomery Roosevelt, Baltimore papers please copy.

WALTON—O'CONNOR.—July 6, at the bride's home, Edwards Road, Hyde Park, Cincinnati, by Rev. J. N. Ervin, Mr. Joseph G. Walton and Miss Elsie O'Connor.

INGERSOLL—PECK.—July 7, Seymour, Conn., Daisy Peck to Charles W. Ingersoll.

KANOUSE—HARRINGTON.—July 10, Newton, N. J., Florence Harrington to Daniel Kanouse.

KEANE—BUTLER.—July 10, Catherine V. Butler to Edward S. Keane.

KELLER—JOHNSON.—July 10, Maud Johnson to Alfred W. Keller.

WATSON—KELLY.—July 11, Asbury Park, N. J., Mary F. Kelly to Nealle H. Watson.

Died.

BLOODGOOD.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Andrew D. Bloodgood, (Second Company,) from residence of his son, William D. Bloodgood, Woodmere, L. I., on Tuesday, July 13, at 10:30 A. M. THOMAS DIMOND, Pres.

BROCKIE.—On July 12, at Wave Crest, L. I., John H. Brockie, son of Anna P. Brockie and the late William Brockie, in his 36th year.

BURGESS.—William H. Burgess, at his Summer home, Southampton, L. I., on Sunday morning. Interment at Mount Auburn Cemetery, Boston

PIRATES TAKE FINAL, GETTING 4 OUT OF 6

Mathewson Defeats Them in First Game, but They Slaughter Marquard.

CAMNITZ ALLOWS ONE HIT

Willis Is Easy for the Giants, but Series Ends with Disappointment for 25,000 Fans.

Twenty-five thousand or more persons yesterday afternoon tobogganed from a Matterhorn of enthusiasm to a Mammoth Cave of gloom when, after witnessing a 6 to 2 victory of the Giants over the Pirates on the Polo Grounds, they saw Pittsburg make it four out of six in her favor for the series, shutting out McGraw's men by a score of 9 to 0. Such extremes of joy and sadness seldom are seen even in a ball park. Mathewson pitched the first game in such masterly fashion that, though it was plain he was working on his nerve, and not on his old-time magnificent endurance, fandom went wild with delight. Apparently, the McGrawites were about to retrieve their dismal experience at the hands of the Buccaneers. If Matty, after the reports of his lowered vitality, could twirl so effectively, surely Raymond or Marquard, or even Crandall could hold the Smoky City in the second struggle. It was evident the Pirates were nettled to the point of loose play by their defeat in the opening half of the double-header, and it was good medicine to assume their work in the second game would be affected by their chagrin.

But, alas! Marquard was a mark for the skull and crossbones crowd. The Pirates not only made him walk the plank, so to speak, but insisted that he do so on his hands and wiggle his feet in the air. Not content with slaughtering him, they made a jest of him—a joke so palpable that nobody had to ask "What's the answer?" The response was:

Pittsburg, 9; New York, 0.

One explanation of the amazing difference between the results of the first and second games is that Willis pitched one, Camnitz the other. McGraw's hitters got to Willis plenteously, rapping him in five of their eight turns at bat. Camnitz put up a delivery that was unhittable with the exception of an infield tap by Marquard in the sixth, which, while going on record as a safety, might have been an out had a spryer third baseman than Barbeau gone after it. Only four Giants reached first base in that second game—Murray twice on balls, Marquard on his scratch bingle, and Tenney by a force hit. Of the four, three made second—Murray on a steal the first time and on Miller's muff of a throw from the plate on the second occasion, and Tenney on Miller's wild throw trying for a double on his force of Marquard. Red was the only one of the four to go to third, and he accomplished that feat just once—on O'Hara's out at first in the second inning. Yet Camnitz struck out only four men, and exactly five owed their retirement to the outfield, neither an assist nor a put out going to Barbeau's credit.

Altogether different from the second was the first battle. It looked at first as if the Pirates would back the Giants against the ropes as on Friday and Saturday, for they started with two runs in the first round on Leach's dexter couble, with one down, Clarke's out at first, Wagner's stroll and steal, and Storke's hit to right, Pittsburg's big first baseman being caught trying to stretch. In the second, though, the McGrawites cut the lead in half by counting on Bridwell's central single with two out, his steal, and Schlei's rap to extreme left. A peppery double play by Bridwell through Doyle to Tenney spoiled Pittsburg's chance in the fourth, and in the same round Matty, with the bases full and two gone, skied to Leach. Matty tightened up wonderfully after the fourth, retiring the Pirates in a procession through the next five chapters and holding them hitless in that period. And in the lucky inning the Giants gave a good account of themselves.

It was an odd inning, that seventh. Schlei's hot bound to short ran almost the full length of Wagner's body and glanced toward right field, being good for a base. Old Honus was so discomfited by his near-error that he was drowsy when Mathewson landed on the leather for a drive through short.

The runners advanced on Tenney's grounder to Storke. Ha! Larry Doyle at bat—Doyle at bat and men on third and second with one down. Larry went through his usual comedy of heehawing at the first strike called on him, and then he swung so savagely that the ball shot over first base at pretty nearly a record pace.

Had there been only one umpire that rap would have been called foul. The ball barely cut the corner of the bag, and to a man standing near third base it would have seemed to be outside. Fortunately, two judges were at work, and Bob Emslie at the plate could follow the course of the leather perfectly. It was a two-bagger, and Schlei and Matty came in on it. Wilson raced for the ball and made a throw to the plate, but Storke and Gibson and Willis and Barbeau and Wagner and Clarke and almost every other man on the team were so busy jawing the umpires that the hurl wasn't accepted, with the result that Larry ran all the way home. Doyle was sent back to third, however, on the rule limiting a wild throw into the stand to a one-base gain, only the pointsmen getting runs. After which McCormick flied to Wilson, and Doyle was so slow in starting home on the catch that he was nailed by the outfielder's fine throw to Gibson. However, New York had tallies enough, as Pittsburg couldn't get to the blackboard after the initial inning.

Pittsburg's butchery of Marquard in the second encounter, told minutely, would read like a meat bill. Without going into all the harrowing details, it may be itemized to the extent of saying that the visitors' first brace of tallies came from Miller's two-bagger with one out, the hitting of Wilson with a pitched ball, Gibson's single, and Doyle's muff of a bluff throw from the plate to catch Gibson at second, on which Wilson got in from third. In the fifth, the Pirates counted three times on Gibson's single, a force hit by Camnitz, Barbeau's saftey, Leach's walk, hits by Clarke and Wagner, and a double play on Storke's fly to centre by which Clarke was run down between third and home, O'Hara to Schlei to Devlin to Boyle, Leach scoring in the middle of the play. The Westerners got three more runs in the seventh because Barbeau walked, Leach was safe on a sacrifice through Tenney's muff of Wilson's assist-Clarke was hit by the pitcher, Storke singled after Wagner filed to Doyle, Miller strolled and Wilson was nailed at first, whereupon Miller was caught stealing second. And in the final, just to be as pernicketty as possible, the Buccaneers tallied once again on Clarke's triple and Wagner's one-bagger.

Herzog twisted his ankle coming down from a jump for a high one in practice before the first game, and about the same time Matty's bat, slipping from his hands, struck Myers's shins, hurting the Indian severely. Cincinnati is booked for a game this afternoon. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tenney, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0	Barbeau, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3	Leach, cf.	4	1	1	3	0
McCor'k, lf.	4	0	1	3	0	Clarke, lf.	4	0	0	5	0
Murray, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	Wagner, ss.	2	1	0	1	3
O'Hara, cf.	4	0	0	2	1	Storke, 1b.	3	0	1	8	1
Devlin, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2	Miller, 2b.	3	0	1	2	1
Bridwell, ss.	2	1	1	2	5	Wilson, rf.	3	0	0	3	1
Schlei, c.	3	1	3	6	0	Gibson, c.	3	0	0	2	3
Math'son, p.	3	1	1	0	3	Willis, p.	3	0	0	0	0
Total.	31	3	9	27	13	Total.	29	2	4	24	8

Errors—Barbeau, Miller, Wilson.

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—3
Pittsburg	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Leach, Miller, Doyle. Three-base hit—McCormick. Sacrifice hit—Tenney. Stolen bases—Bridwell, Wagner, Devlin. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 1; New York, 6. First base on errors—New York, 2. Double plays—Bridwell, Doyle, and Tenney; Wilson and Gibson. Struck out—By Mathewson, 3; by Willis, 1. Base on balls—Off Mathewson, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Emslie and O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Barbeau, 3b.	4	2	2	0	0	Tenney, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1
Leach, cf.	2	2	0	1	0	Merkle, 1b.	1	0	0	3	0
Clarke, lf.	3	2	3	2	0	Doyle, 2b.	4	0	0	4	0
Wagner, ss.	5	0	1	3	2	McCor'k, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Storke, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0	Murray, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Miller, 2b.	3	1	1	2	4	O'Hara, cf.	3	0	0	1	2
Wilson, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	Devlin, 3b.	3	0	0	3	3
Gibson, c.	4	1	2	5	1	Bridwell, ss.	3	0	0	4	4
Camnitz, p.	4	1	0	0	3	Schlei, c.	2	0	0	3	1
						Wilson, c.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	9	11	27	10	Marquard, p.	3	0	1	1	4
						Total.	28	0	1	27	15

Errors—Miller, Doyle, Bridwell, Schlei.

Pittsburg	0	2	0	0	3	0	3	0	1	—9	
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

Two-base hit—Miller. Three-base hit—Clarke. Sacrificed hits—Clarke, Leach. Sacrifice fly—Storke. Stolen bases—Murray, 2. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 7; New York, 3. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 2; New York, 1. Double plays—O'Hara, Schlei, Devlin, and Doyle; Bridwell and Tenney. Struck out—By Marquard, 3; by Camnitz, 4. Bases on balls—Off Marquard, 4; off Camnitz, 2. Hit by pitchers—By Marquard, 3, (Leach, Wilson, Clarke.) Wild pitch—Marquard. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes.

Overall Shuts Out Phillies.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Chicago won today's game from Philadelphia, 3 to 0, through the superb pitching of Overall. The Chicagoans scored all their runs in the first inning, after two men were out, through Schulte's being hit, his steal, Knabe's fumble of Chance's grounder, Steinfeldt's triple, and Hofman's single. Doolin was sent to the clubhouse in the first inning for disputing Umpire Johnstone's judgment on called balls. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2	Grant, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2
Sh'd'd, lf.	3	0	0	5	0	Knabe, 2b.	4	0	0	2	5
Schulte, rf.	3	1	0	0	0	Titus, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Chance, 1b.	3	1	0	2	0	Magee, lf.	4	0	0	4	0
Str'nf'dt, 3b.	4	1	2	1	1	Brsf'ld, 1b.	4	0	0	7	0
Hofman, cf.	4	0	2	2	0	Osborn, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Tinker, ss.	4	0	1	2	0	Doolan, ss.	3	0	0	3	0
Archer, c.	3	0	0	9	0	Doolin, c.	0	0	0	1	0
Overall, p.	4	0	0	3	1	Martell, c.	3	0	1	3	1
						Covaleski, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	3	5	27	6	Corridon, p.	2	0	0	0	2
						McQ'lan, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*Ward	1	0	0	0	0
						Total.	31	0	3	27	11

*Batted for Corridon in the eighth inning.

Errors—Knabe, Steinfeldt.

Chicago	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

Two-base hit—Martell. Three-base hit—Steinfeldt. Hits—Off Covaleski, 2 in one inning; off Corridon, 2 in seven innings; off McQuillan, 1 in one inning. Stolen bases—Schulte, Chance, Hofman, Titus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 6. First base on balls—Off Corridon, 3; off Overall, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Covaleski, Schulte. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Chicago, 1. Struck out—By Covaleski, 2; by Corridon, 2; by Overall, 8. Wild pitches—Corridon, 1; Overall, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Rigler.

Dropped Flies Give Brooklyn a Game.

After six attempts Brooklyn secured a victory over Cincinnati in the second game of the double-header at Washington Park yesterday, winning in the ninth inning after two men were out by a score of 5 to 4. This result was brought about by a base on balls to Hunter, who took Bell's place at the bat; a dropped fly by Mitchell, who was slightly interfered with by Oakes, Hunter scoring, and Oakes's failure to hold Clement's long fly, which scored Burch. It was Brooklyn's game as to the Cincinnatis' ninth appearance at the bat, when after the first two men had been disposed of Lobert doubled to left field and tallied on McLean's hit to the clubhouse for three bases. The runner, however, kept up his gait for home, and reached there through a horrible throw by McMillan. These two runs gave the visitors the lead by one run, and the outlook at overturning was not at all bright, especially when McMillan and Marshall were easy outs. Dubuc then started his team on the downward path by presenting Hunter with a base and then followed the mistakes of Oakes and Mitchell, which gave Brooklyn the victory and caused some 2,000 "fans" to become enthused. Umpire Klem was roundly scored in the sixth inning when Bescher, who overran third base and was clearly touched by Lennox on his return, was declared safe. Bescher finally scored.

The first game was a splendid exhibition of hard and safe batting, in which the Cincinnatians excelled and won by 11 runs to 11. Griffith's men got a total of twenty-six bases, including three home runs, one triple, and three doubles. Two of the home runs and three of the doubles were made off Pastorius, who relieved McIntyre in the fifth inning. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	3	1	0	2	0	Burch, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Oakes, cf.	5	1	2	2	0	Clement, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Egan, 2b.	4	2	3	2	4	Lennox, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
Mitchell, rf.	4	1	3	2	1	Jordan, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0
Miller, rf.	1	0	0	1	0	Lumley, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
Hobl'z'l, 1b.	4	1	1	4	0	Hum'l, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3
Paskert, 1b.	1	0	0	6	1	McM'lan, ss.	3	0	1	2	3
Lobert, 3b.	3	1	2	2	0	Bergen, c.	4	0	0	4	3
McLean, c.	3	1	2	2	0	McInt're, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Robb, c.	2	0	0	1	0	Pastor's, p.	2	0	1	0	3
Downey, ss.	5	0	0	3	6	*Hunter	1	0	0	0	0
Rowan, p.	3	1	1	0	0						
Total.	38	11	12	27	13	Total.	33	1	7	27	10

*Batted for Pastorius in ninth inning.

Errors—Downey, (2,) McMillan, (2.) Hummel, Egan.

Cincinnati	0	2	0	1	5	1	0	1	1	—11	
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1	

Two-base hits—Mitchell, McLean, Egan, McMillan. Three-base hits—McLean, Lennox. Home runs—Mitchell, Egan, Lobert. Sacrifice hits—Oakes, Bergen. First base on balls—Off Rowan, 3; off McIntyre, 3; off Pastorius, 1. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 3. Struck out—By Rowan, 3; by McIntyre, 3; by Pastorius, 1. Stolen bases—Hoblitzel, Lobert, Double plays—Egan and Downey; and Paskert. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By McIntyre, 1. Base hits—Off McIntyre, 4 in four and one-third innings; off Pastorius, 8 in four and two-thirds innings. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Klem.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burch, cf.	3	1	2	1	0	Bescher, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Clement, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	Oakes, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Lennox, 3b.	3	1	0	2	1	Egan, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
Jordan, 1b.	2	1	0	13	1	Mitchell, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Lumley, rf.	4	1	2	3	0	Hobl'z'l, 1b.	4	0	1	14	0
Hum'l, 2b.	4	0	1	2	6	Lobert, 3b.	4	1	1	1	1
McM'lan, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	McLean, c.	4	1	1	3	2
Marshall, c.	4	0	0	7	1	Downey, ss.	4	0	0	1	4
Bell, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Ewing, p.	1	0	0	0	1
†Hunter	1	1	0	0	0	Dubuc, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total.	35	5	6	27	17	Total.	32	4	4	26	14

*Two out when winning run was scored.

†Batted for Bell in ninth inning.

Errors—McMillan, Oakes, Mitchell.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2—5	
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2—4	

Two-base hits—Lumley, (2,) Lobert. Three-base hits—Hummel, Oakes, McLean. Sacrifice hit—Clement. First base on balls—Off Ewing, 2; off Dubuc, 2; off Bell, 2. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2. Struck out—By Bell, 1; by Ewing, 1; by Dubuc, 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 3; Brooklyn, 7. Wild pitch—Dubuc. Hit by pitched ball—By Bell, 1. Base hits—Off Ewing, 4 in three innings; off Dubuc, 2 in six innings. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Klem.

Byrne Drops Fly, Then Boston Wins.

BOSTON, Mass., July 22.—The locals to-day won the last game of the series from St. Louis, 4 to 3, the deciding run coming in the ninth inning, when Byrne dropped the ball, after making an ineffectual attempt to catch Thomas running to third base. Two hits followed, giving Boston the game. Hulswitt's batting was a feature. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Becker, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	Byrne, 3b.	4	2	3	2	0
Starr, 2b.	3	1	0	0	2	Ellis, lf.	5	0	1	3	1
Thomas, lf.	3	1	1	1	0	Helps, c.	4	0	3	4	1
B'mont, cf.	4	1	2	3	0	Ketchy, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
Coffey, ss.	4	0	0	2	4	Evans, rf.	5	0	0	0	0
Stem, 1b.	3	0	1	8	0	D'hanty, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
*Dahlen	1	1	0	0	0	H'switt, ss.	4	0	4	2	2
Sweeney, 3b.	4	0	2	3	2	Charles, 2b.	4	0	1	3	4
B'man, c.	4	0	1	8	1	Sallee, p.	4	0	1	2	0
Ferguson, p.	3	0	0	1	0						
Total.	33	4	7	27	9	Total.	39	3	14	26	10

*Batted for Stem in the ninth inning.

†Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Byrne, Konetchy, Charles.

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—4	
St. Louis	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3	

Two-base hits—Sallee, Byrne, Hulswitt. Sacrifice hit—Thomas. Stolen bases—Byrne, Hulswitt, Sweeney, Pheips, Stem, Konetchy. Double plays—Bowerman and Sweeney; Sweeney and Stem; Starr, Coffey, and Stem; Ellis and Charles. Left on bases—St. Louis, 11; Boston, 3. First base on balls—Off Ferguson, 2; off Sallee, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Struck out—By Ferguson, 5; by Sallee, 2. Wild pitch—Ferguson. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Kane.

New York State League.

Elmira, 7; Utica, 1.
Binghamton, 3; Syracuse, 0.
Wilkesbarre, 9; Albany 1.
Troy, 7; Scranton, 2.

Tri-State League.

Harrisburg, 10; Lancaster, 3.
Johnstown, 4; Reading 3.
Trenton, 3; Altoona, 0.
Trenton, 5; Altoona, 2.
Williamsport, 9; York, 3.
Williamsport, 10; York, 9.

New England League.

Fall River, 11; Lowell, 3.
Worcester, 8; Haverill, 3.
New Bedford, 3; Brockton, 2.
Lynn, 6; Lawrence, 1.

If you're looking for a Boardisk House, see Page 9.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York	3	Cincinnati	11
Pittsburg	2	Brooklyn	1
Pittsburg	9	Brooklyn	3
New York	0	Cincinnati	4
Chicago	3	Boston	4
Philadelphia	0	St. Louis	3

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York	5	Cleveland	3
St. Louis	0	Washington	0
Boston	4		
Chicago	3		

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City	2	Newark	4
Providence	0	Baltimore	2
Montreal	4	Buffalo	6
Rochester	2	Toronto	0

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Louisville	5	Kansas City	4
Columbus	2	St. Paul	1
Minneapolis	4		
Milwaukee	1		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Pittsburg	53	29	.726	.605
Chicago	44	26	.629	.608
New York	41	28	.594	.573
Cincinnati	40	34	.541	.519
Philadelphia	31	39	.443	.464
St. Louis	27	41	.397	.373
Brooklyn	26	47	.356	.403
Boston	22	49	.309	.447

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Detroit	47	28	.627	.587
Philadelphia	45	27	.625	.590
Boston	44	32	.579	.453
Cleveland	41	32	.562	.547
New York	33	39	.458	.382
Chicago	30	42	.417	.500
St. Louis	30	44	.405	.587
Washington	23	49	.319	.384

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	42	30	.583	Providence	34	35	.493
Buffalo	38	37	.507	Montreal	35	36	.493
Newark	36	35	.507	Toronto	35	40	.467
Baltimore	37	37	.500	Jersey City	32	39	.457

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	45	39	.536	St. Paul	40	40	.500
Minneapolis	46	40	.535	Columbus	42	44	.488
Louisville	43	41	.512	Kansas City	37	45	.463
Indianapolis	43	41	.512	Toledo	37	45	.451

GAMES FOR TO-DAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York—4 P. M.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal at Rochester.
Newark at Baltimore.
Providence at Jersey City
Toronto at Buffalo.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee at Minneapolis.
Columbus at Louisville.
Toledo at Indianapolis.
Kansas City at St. Paul.

LAKE IN FINE FORM, BROWNS SHUT OUT

Yankees Give Pitcher Splendid Support in Last Game at St. Louis.

ENGLE'S DOUBLE FRUITFUL

St. Louis Team Fails at Bat and Their Fielding Is Ragged—Three Errors for Griggs.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Pitcher Lake was in splendid form to-day, and the Yankees wound up their visit to this city by defeating the Browns, 5 to 0. In addition to his fine twirling he was ably supported in the field, the only mistake being recorded against Laporte. Three hits for one base each were all that St. Louis could make, while the Yankees got seven off Jack Powell. Wallace's absence from short field weakened the local team somewhat, Griggs being unable to fill the position properly and was charged with three errors. Ferris's work at third base was also disappointing.

With the score 1 to 0 at the close of the seventh inning in favor of New York, the Yankees gauged Powell's delivery and scored three runs, Engle's two-bagger sending two men across the plate.

Stallings tried out the bunting ability of his men in the first inning and scored one run. Demmitt bunted along the third-base line and beat Powell's throw to first for a single. Austin also bunted along the third-base line and beat Ferris's throw for a single. Chase bunted toward third, and was safe at first when Ferris's throw pulled Williams off the bag. Elberfeld hit a sharp grounder to Williams and a double play resulted—Williams, Griggs, and Jones. Demmitt scored on the play. Engle died, Ferris to Jones.

Three more runs were run across the plate in the eighth on series of ripe hits. Demmitt dropped a "Texas Leaguer" back of first base for a single. Austin sacrificed, Ferris to Jones. Chase was safe at first when Griggs fumbled and Demmitt went to third. Ferris stopped Elberfeld's grounder back of third, but he was too late, and Demmitt scored. Elberfeld was allowed a single on the hit. Engle doubled to left, scoring both Chase and Elberfeld. Cree was hit by a pitched ball, and Laporte popped to Griggs. Kleinow forced Cree at second, Ferris to Williams.

McAleer tried to stir up his batters for a rally and put Dode Criss in to bat for Powell; the best he could do off Lake was a weak little pop-up to Austin. The Yankees counted their fifth run in their part of the ninth.

The score.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Demmitt, cf.	4	2	3	3	0	Hartsell, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Austin, 3b.	5	0	1	1	2	Stone, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Chase, 1b.	4	1	2	13	1	Hoffman, cf.	3	0	2	1	0
Elb'feld, ss.	4	1	0	3	6	Griggs, ss.	3	0	0	1	1
Engle, lf.	4	0	1	1	3	Jones, 1b.	4	0	0	13	0
Cree, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	Williams, 2b.	4	0	0	2	4
Laport, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3	Ferris, 3b.	3	0	0	1	7
Kleinow, c.	3	0	0	4	0	Stephens, c.	3	0	1	3	0
Lake, p.	4	1	0	0	3	Powell, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						Criss, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	35	5	7	27	15	Total.	30	0	3	27	14

Errors—Laporte, Griggs, (3,) Ferris, (2.)

New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	—5	
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

Two-base hit—Engle. Hits—Off Powell, 7 in eight innings. Sacrifice hits—Austin, Demmitt. Stolen base—Hoffman. Double plays—Williams, Griggs, and Jones; Ferris, Williams, and Jones. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; New York, 7. Bases on balls—Off Lake, 3; off Powell, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Powell, 1, (Laporte.) Struck out—By Lake, 4; by Powell, 7. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Perrine.

Cleveland Wins a Short Game.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 12.—Cleveland made it three out of four from Washington to-day, winning 3 to 0. When the Clevelands were at the bat in the fifth inning the umpire had to call the game on account of darkness. Ten minutes later rain fell in torrents. Rhoades pitched effectively, while Johnson was hit hard. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Turner, 2b.	2	1	0	1	2	Lelivelt, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Stovall, 1b.	2	1	1	8	0	Milan, cf.	1	0	1	1	0
Flick, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	Unglaub, 2b.	2	0	0	2	1
Easterly, c.	2	1	2	3	1	Browne, lf.	2	0	0	0	0
H'hman, lf.	2	0	0	0	0	Donohu, elb.	2	0	0	4	0
Bir'ham, cf.	2	0	1	2	0	Conroy, 3b.	2	0	2	1	0
Perring, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1	McBride, ss.	2	0	1	1	1
Ball, ss.	2	2	2	0	1	Kahoe, c.	2	0	0	3	1
Rhoades, p.	2	0	0	0	3	Johnson, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Total.	18	3	6	15	8	Total.	17	0	5	12	3

Error—Unglaub.

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—3
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

First base on error—Cleveland. Three-base hits—Birmingham, Easterly. Stolen base—Ball. First base on balls—Off Rhoades, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 3; Washington, 8. Struck out—By Rhoades, 3; by Johnson, 2. Time of game—Fifty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Connolly.

Red Sox Beat White Sox in Tenth.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 12.—Boston won the last game of the series with Chicago this afternoon in ten innings, 4 to 3. Three hits, a base on balls, and an error gave the visitors three runs in the fourth off White. They won out in the tenth after two were out, on two hits, following the hitting of a batter by a pitched ball. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
MC'nell, 2b.	5	0	0	2	3	Altizer, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Lord, 3b.	5	0	1	2	7	Parent, cf.	5	0	1	3	0
Speaker, cf.	4	0	2	2	0	O'Ne

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Strong—Call Money Rates, 1½@2 Per Cent.

STEEL SHARES LEAD STOCKS

Pennsylvania's Strength and New Financing—More Gold for South America—June's Domestic Exports Small.

On a very limited volume of business the movement of prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday was the strongest witnessed for ten days or more. There was nothing in the day's news of sufficient general importance to account for the departure of the price movement from its heavy and irregular course last week, but just as the slight downward swings during that period represented one phase of narrow markets, so yesterday's upturn presumably represented still another phase. Technical considerations possessed as much influence as anything; the dullness the last week apparently led to short selling, and the failure of profits to accrue from such operations may have induced some covering yesterday. United States steel displayed much strength, while other stocks, in which conspicuous advances were secured, were Illinois Central and Reading. Pennsylvania added fractionally to its gain of last week, and in connection with the move in the stock a report became general that the company was on the point of issuing a large block of stock. The situation with regard to Pennsylvania seems to be that by July 1, 1910, it has maturing $80,000,000 of indebtedness in the form of $00,000,000 of notes, and $20,000,000 of general mortgage bonds. To care for them the company must undertake new financing. It has been decided that this financing shall take the form of an issue of common stock, and as an inducement to stockholders to subscribe to the new shares there will, undoubtedly, be the usual valuable rights. All this, however, is not an immediate matter, since nothing definite will be done before September. On grain markets yesterday July wheat rose fractionally, but the remoter options declined as much, confirming once more the general understanding that prevailing prices, so far as July wheat is concerned, are dependent upon supplies rather than upon crop prospects. The cotton market was strong and excited upon further reports of damage to the growing plant, but it is worth noting that for the first time since the last Government crop report on this staple advices from Southern points were that conditions are improving.

In the money market rates ruled unchanged and competent judges look for no decided improvement in quotations for sixty days at least. Foreign exchange rates declined, but above $2,000,000 gold was engaged for export to South America on London account before the close of the day. In London the $3,500,000 gold arriving from South Africa was secured by Vienna bankers. Figures of our domestic exports in June, made public by the Bureau of Statistics yesterday, were interesting when read in connection with foreign exchange affairs, showing as they do the total of $41,375,000 to be the smallest of any of the past twelve months, and, as a matter of fact, for any June in the past five years. Presumably, therefore, the full trade report when issued for the month will reveal a trifling export balance.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Butte Electric and Power Co.
New York Loan and Improvement Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 2@2¼ per cent. for sixty days 2½ per cent. for ninety days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for four months, 3 per cent. for five months, and 3¼@3½ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3½@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3½@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 1 5-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 1¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅜ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $172,095,852; balances, $7,388,782; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $476,980.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.87.00@$4.8755, sixty days at $4.84.15@$4.8625, and cables at $4.8770@$4.8780.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅛@5.16¼, plus 1-32 for cables, 5.16¼ less 3-64@5.16¼, less 1-64 for sight, 5.17½ less 3-32@5.17⅝, less 1-32 for sixty days, reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-16@95½ less plus 1-64 for cables, 95 7-16 less 1-32@95 7-16 for sight, and 95 less 1-32@95⅛ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; St. Paul, 75c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London was quoted 1-16d higher, at 23¾d per ounce, and in New York at ⅛c higher, at 51¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@50c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅞
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅞
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅞
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
4s, May, '57, f'chg	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4s, Nov., '57, f'chg	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4s, Nov., '54, reg	100¾	101	100¾	101
4s, Nov., '36, reg	100⅜	101	100⅜	101
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg	90¼	91	100¼	100⅜
3½s, May, '54, coup	90¼	91	90½	91
3½s, May, '54, reg	90¼	91	90½	91
*3s, Nov., '00, rev	87½	90¼	87½	90¼
*6s, Nov., '10, rev	101½	102	101½	102
*Coupon or registered.	103½	104	103½	104

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—It was another stagnant session in this city, and had it not been for the strength of the steel group of securities there would scarcely have been any market worthy of the name. Pennsylvania was a trifle more active than usual, but United States Steel and Cambria Steel developed what speculation there was during the morning session.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Amal. Copper	81½	81½	81½
55	American Ice	35½	35⅝	35⅝
10	Bell Telephone	115	115	115
806	Cambria Steel	42	41¼	41¼
20	Electric Co. of Am.	12¾	12⅝	12⅝
27	General Asphalt	51½	51½	51½
200	General Asphalt pf.	20½	20½	20½
68	Ins. Co. of N. A.	64	62⅝	63
200	Lake Sup. Corp.	22¾	22¾	22¾
2	Lehigh Navigation	22¾	22½	22½
16	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	104	103½	103½
5	Lit Brothers	104	104	104
530	Lehigh Valley	15¾	15¾	15¾
20	North. Pacific	80	79½	80
1,767	Pennsylvania R. R.	151⅜	151⅜	151⅝
50	Penn. Steel pf.	69½	69	69¼
10	Philadelphia Co.	42	42	42
200	Philadelphia Co. pf.	42	42	42
425	Philadelphia Elec.	11⅞	11¾	11¾
11	Philadelphia R. T.	20¼	20¼	20¼
1,825	Reading	90⅝	90¾	90¾
1,130	Tonopah Mining	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝
300	Union Traction	6	5 13-16	6
130	United Gas Imp.	52⅞	52¾	52¾
14,190	U. S. Steel	69⅞	69	69½

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	2	6	Esperanza	2	19	4½
Tomboy	1	2	6	Dolores	2	0	0
El Oro	1	6	10½	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales July 12, 1909 445,437
From Jan. 1, 1909 102,366,161
Corresponding period last year 85,421,695

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15	15½	500	Allis-Chalmers	15	15	15	15	...
81½	81⅝	7,300	*Amalgamated Cop.	81½	81⅞	81¾	81⅝	+⅝
45¼	45½	900	Am. Agricul. Chem.	44½	45¼	44½	45¼	+1
43	43½	800	Am. Beet Sugar	43½	43⅝	43½	43½	...
11⅞	11⅞	200	Am. Can	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+⅛
80⅞	81¼	800	Am. Can pf.	81	81⅞	81	81	+½
57⅝	57⅞	3,600	Am. Car & Foundry	57½	58⅛	57½	57⅞	+⅜
74	74½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	+⅝
8½	8⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leather	8	8	8	8	...
40¾	41	500	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	41	41	41	41	+1
34	34¼	7,250	Am. Ice Securities	34	34	33	34	+⅛
44½	46	100	*Am. Linseed pf.	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	−2⅜
60½	60⅝	400	Am. Locomotive	60¾	60⅞	60¾	60⅞	+⅛
9¾	9¾	200	Am. Malt	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	−⅛
95¼	95⅝	10,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	95	95⅞	95	95⅝	+⅜
111⅝	111⅞	350	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	111½	111⅞	111¾	111⅞	+⅜
88⅛	89	7,000	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	88½	89	88½	89	+1
50⅝	51¼	810	Am. Steel Foundries	50¾	51	50¾	51	+⅝
126⅞	127½	700	Am. Sugar Ref.	127	127½	126⅝	126¾	+⅛
140	140¼	1,900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅜	140⅝	140	140	+½
100⅜	101	600	Am. Tobacco pf.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101	−¼
38½	34½	200	*Am. Woolen	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33⅝	−¼
47½	48	1,500	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	47⅜	47⅝	47½	47½	...
116¼	116⅝	10,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	116⅜	116⅝	116¼	116½	...
104⅞	104½	10,000	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝	...
119½	119½	10,000	Baltimore & Ohio	118⅝	119¼	118⅝	119⅛	...
30½	30⅝	600	Bethlehem Steel	30⅞	30⅞	30	30½	+½
77⅞	78⅛	1,130	Brook. Rapid Transit	77⅝	78¼	77½	77½	+½
18⅞	19	700	Brunswick City	18½	18⅝	18½	18⅝	...
184¼	184⅝	2,800	Canadian Pacific	184¼	184¼	184	184¼	+⅛
31	31¼	500	Central Leather Co.	31	31	31	31	+⅛
105	105	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	104¾	104¾	104¾	104⅞	+⅛
283	280	200	Central R. R. of N. J.	280	280	280	280	+2
77½	77¾	8,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	77⅜	78¼	77¼	77½	−⅝
1⅞	1⅞	1,100	Chicago Gt. Western	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	...
24	25	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf. A.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	...
145⅝	154⅝	3,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	154¼	154⅝	153½	154½	+⅞
183½	184	330	Chi. & Northwestern.	183⅝	183½	183½	183¾	+¾
4	5	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
12½	14	400	*Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t. r. sta.	12	12½	12	12½	+½
73	75	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	74½	74¾	74¼	74¾	+½
44⅞	44½	5,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	43½	44⅝	43½	44⅛	+⅞
56½	57	100	Colorado & Southern	56½	56⅝	56⅜	56½	+⅛
81	82	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	82	82	82	82	...
64	66	2,500	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	65	66⅛	65	66⅛	+1½
139	140	200	Consolidated Gas	140	140	140	140	−1
22¼	23	800	Corn Products Ref.	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	−⅛
86½	86¾	700	Corn Products Ref. pf.	87	87	86⅞	86⅞	−¼
102¾	103¼	1,000	Delaware & Hudson	192¼	193¼	192¼	192¾	−¼
47	47¼	1,000	Denver & Rio Grande	47	47	47	47	−⅝
83	86	32	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
38½	38⅝	400	*Distillers' Securities	38⅜	38⅝	38¼	38⅜	...
16	16½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	16½	16½	16½	16½	...
36¼	36⅜	4,900	Erie	36¼	36⅝	36¼	36⅜	+⅛
53	53⅝	600	Erie 1st pf.	53	53⅛	53	53	+⅛
...	...	20	*Federal Sugar Ref.	51	51	51	51	+⅛
164¼	164½	100	General Chemical pf.	103	103	103	103	+1½
149¼	149½	500	General Electric	164	164¼	164	164½	−⅝
76	76	2,000	Great Northern pf.	140	149⅝	148¾	149⅛	+⅝
154⅛	154⅞	2,900	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	77	77	76¼	76¼	−¼
15⅝	15¾	5,200	Illinois Central	154	154¼	153⅝	154⅛	+⅛
48⅝	48⅞	2,900	Interborough-Met.	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+⅛
121⅝	122	100	Interborough-Met. pf.	49¾	49¾	48¼	48⅝	−⅛
15	16	100	Intern'l Harvester pf.	121⅞	121⅞	121¾	121¾	+⅝
63	64	100	Intern'l Paper	15½	15⅝	15¼	15¼	...
39½	40⅛	100	Intern'l Paper pf.	64	64	64	64	...
87	89½	100	Intern'l Steam Pump.	40	40	40	40	+½
30	30	725	Int. Steam Pump pf.	89	89	89	89	−½
55¾	56¼	400	Iowa Central	29¾	29⅞	29¾	29⅞	+⅛
45⅝	46	700	Iowa Central pf.	56	56	56	56	+⅛
71¼	71⅝	200	Kansas City South.	46	46	45¾	45¾	−¼
141½	141⅝	1,900	Kan. City South. pf.	71¾	71½	71¾	71½	...
143	147	70	Louisville & Nash.	141¾	142¼	141⅝	141⅞	+⅜
6⅝	7	100	Manhattan Elevated	146	146	146	146	...
20⅜	21	700	Mercantile Marine	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	...
18⅜	22	100	Mercantile Marine pf.	20⅜	20⅜	20¼	20¼	+½
55½	56⅜	100	*Met. Street Railway	20	20	20	20	+1⅛
142⅞	143⅛	475	Minn. & St. Louis	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	...
...	...	200	*Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	143½	143½	143	143⅜	−⅜
90	90⅞	100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. cfs. 2d pd.	138¼	138⅞	138¼	138⅝	+⅜
41¼	41½	800	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	90⅝	90⅞	90⅝	90¾	...
73	74	100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	41	41½	41	41½	+½
72½	73	1,000	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	...
106	106⅜	200	Missouri Pacific	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	−⅛
124⅜	125¼	100	*National Biscuit Co.	106	107	106	107	+1¼
86⅜	86⅞	1,500	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	125	125	125	125	...
108	109	100	Nat. Lead Co.	86¼	86¾	86¼	86½	+¼
53¾	54½	400	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	108½	108¾	108½	108½	+½
23	25¼	600	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	54½	54¾	54	54	...
80	87	100	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	25¾	27⅜	25¾	25¼	−⅛
132	132½	2,100	N. Y. Air Brake	87	87	87	87	...
53	56	100	N. Y. Central	132¼	132⅝	132¼	132⅝	+⅛
169¼	171	150	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	55	55	55	55	+¾
136	137	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	169	169	169	169	...
52⅜	52½	900	N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	136¼	136¼	136¼	136½	−⅛
90⅞	90⅞	4,800	N. Y., Ont. & West.	52¾	52⅝	52⅜	52½	...
85	90	100	Norfolk & Western	89¾	90⅞	89¾	90⅝	+1⅛
82½	83	500	Norfolk & West. pf.	90	90	90	90	...
151½	151⅞	200	North American	82½	82½	82	82	+1
138¼	138½	2,320	Northern Pacific	150⅞	151⅞	150⅞	151¼	+2
77⅞	78	22,440	Pacific Mail	30¾	30¾	30	30	...
113½	114	800	Pennsylvania R. R.	138¼	138⅞	138¼	138⅜	+⅛
175	176	1,310	People's Gas, Chi.	114½	114¾	114½	114½	+¼
43¾	44¼	36	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi.	175	175	175	175	...
106	107	225	Pressed Steel Car.	43¾	44⅜	43¾	44¼	+⅜
180⅞	181	300	Pressed Steel Car pf.	106	106¼	106	106¼	...
8	8½	59,600	Pullman Co.	180⅞	181¾	180⅞	181¾	+¾
157⅛	157½	200	Quicksilver	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	...
93	93½	200	Reading	155½	157½	155½	157½	+2⅛
99	101½	200	Reading 1st pf.	93¼	93¼	93¼	93½	+½
31⅝	32	2,700	Reading 2d pf.	99	99	99	99	−2
104½	105¼	1,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	31½	32⅛	31¾	31⅞	...
33⅜	35½	4,350	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	104⅝	105	104⅜	105	+⅛
71½	71⅞	800	Rock Island Co.	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝	+⅛
69½	70½	200	Rock Island Co. pf.	67⅞	68⅜	67⅞	68⅜	+⅛
48½	48⅞	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	71¼	71¾	71	71¾	+⅛
83¼	83½	2,100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	70¼	70½	70¼	70¼	−⅛
116	116½	200	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I.	48	48¾	48	48¾	+⅛
133⅜	133⅞	200	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf.	83½	83⅞	83½	83½	+⅛
133⅜	134	22,600	Southern Pacific	116⅝	116⅞	116¼	116¼	...
31	31¼	2,035	Southern Pacific pf.	134	134½	133⅝	133⅞	+⅝
68½	69	1,095	South. R'way ext.	133⅞	134½	133⅝	133⅝	+⅛
37⅝	38	240	South. R'way pf., ext.	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	...
33½	33½	100	Tennessee Copper	69	69	69	69	...
17	17⅛	200	Texas & Pacific	38	38	38	38	...
8⅝	9½	2,100	Third Avenue	33½	33½	32¾	32¾	−½
50⅞	50⅞	100	Toledo, Ry. & Light	17½	17½	17	17	−½
69½	69⅝	200	Toledo, St. L. & W.	9	9	9	9	...
30	30	725	Tole., St. L. & W. pf.	50¾	50¾	50⅜	50⅝	−⅛
103	103½	400	Twin City Rap. Tran.	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	−⅛
13	14	900	Union Bag & Paper	103½	103½	103¼	103¼	...
80	80	300	Union Bag & P. pf.	13	13⅛	12½	12½	−⅞
194	194½	36,400	Union Pacific	75	77	75	77	−3
102¾	103⅜	800	Union Pacific pf.	193¾	194⅝	193½	194⅛	+⅞
110⅝	110⅞	235	*United Dry Goods pf.	104½	104½	103¾	104⅛	−1¼
30	31	50	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	−¼
80	81	350	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf.	31	31	31	31	...
81¼	81½	500	U. S. Realty & Imp.	81	81½	81	81	+1
38	39	300	U. S. Rubber	81¼	81¼	80⅞	80⅞	...
117⅜	117⅞	800	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	38¾	38½	38¼	38¼	+⅛
69¾	69⅞	122,300	U. S. Steel	117⅝	118	117¼	117¾	+⅛
125⅜	125⅝	2,520	U. S. Steel pf.	69¾	69¾	68¾	69⅝	+1
48	48⅜	500	Utah Copper	125¾	126½	125¼	125¾	−⅝
54⅜	55	5,300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	48	48⅛	47⅞	48¼	−⅜
17	18¼	10	Vulcan Detinning	55	55	54¾	54¾	−⅛
20½	20⅝	1,900	Wabash	18½	18¼	18¼	18⅜	...
54½	54¾	1,500	Wabash pf.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	+⅛
86	87	4,400	Western Maryland	53⅝	54⅝	53⅜	54⅜	+⅛
71¾	73	200	Western Union Tel.	9	9	8¾	8¾	+⅛
84½	85	300	Westinghouse E. & M.	71½	71½	71⅜	71⅜	−⅜
7½	8¼	600	Wheel. & Lake Erie	85	85	84½	84½	−⅜
18	18½	1,000	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	9½	9½	8	8	−1
8	10	300	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	20	20	19½	19½	−2
						9	9	−⅛

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930-'1941	103¾	104	Det. U. Ry.	60	63
2s, c., 1930-1941	103¼	102	D., S. S. & A. pf.	31	32
3s, r., 1918-1019	102	102	Erie 2d pf.	42½	43
3s, c., 1918-1019	102	102	Ev. & T. H.	60	75
4s, r., 1925-1117	118¾	119	Ev. & T. H. pf.	83	95
4s, c., 1925-1119	120	...	F. M. & S.	72	88
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½	F. M. & S. pf.	87¾	88¾
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101½	Fed. S. pf.	91	100
D. C. 3-65s	108	...	Gen. C. Co.	77½	85
Adams Exp.	217	...	Granby Con.	99	102
Alb. & S.	224½	...	G. B. & W.	80	...
Allis-C. pf.	51½	52	Hav. E. R.	63	64½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101¾	102	Hav. E. R. pf.	87	90
A. B. S. pf.	93	95½	Hock. V. r.	106	115
A. C. & F. pf.	117½	118	Hock. V. pf.	93	94
Am. Coal	120	130	Homestake.	90	92
A. C. O. pf.	103½	105¼	Ill. C. I. L.	80	...
Am. D. pf.	20	30	Inger.-Rand.	55	...
Am. Exp.	225	230	Inger.-Rand. pf.	90	...
Am. L. Co.	16¾	17½	Inter. Harv.	84¾	85¾
A. Loc. pf.	117	119	Inter. Power	37	39
Am. M. pf.	53	54	Jol. & Chi.	103¼	...
Am. Snuff.	250	300	K. & M.	59½	63
Am. Sm. pf.	100	104½	Kan. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	76	78
A. S. R.	124½	125½	K. & D. M.	6	9
A. T. & C.	70	84	K. & D. M. pf.	30	35
Am. W. Co. pf.	103½	104	K. I., Chi., pf.	90	67
Ann Arbor.	15	30	Lac. Gas.	104	...
Ann A. pf.	...	80	Lacl. Gf. pf.	98	...
Asso. M. 1st pf.	107¾	...	L. E. & W.	25½	27½
Asso. M. 2d pf.	107½	...	L. E. & W. pf.	58	61
Atl. C. L.	128	130¾	Lake Shore.	300	400
B. & O. pf.	94	94¾	Long Island	69	71
Batopilas M.	4¾	5	Mackay Cos.	79	79½
Beth. S. pf.	66	82	Mackay Cos. pf.	73½	74½
B. Un. G.	139	141	Man. C. R.	300	...
B., R. & P.	90	99¾	Man. Beach.	4	6
B., R. & P. pf.	121	133	Md. C. pf.	70	...
B. & S. pf.	70	75	Mtch. Cent.	140	180
But'k Co.	30	50	M. S. T. pf.	...	90
Canada So.	65	67½	M. & St. L. pf.	84	88
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	...	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	152½	155
Chi. & Alt.	68½	69	N. C. & St. L.	130	138
C. & A. pf.	72½	74	Nat. Enam.	15	16
C. B. & Q.	200	...	Nat. Enam. pf.	85	90
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	150	N. Cent. C.	40	53
Chi. Gt. W. pf., B.	4½	4¾	N. M. & S.	1¾	...
Chi. Gt. W. deb.	58	59½	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
C. I. & L. pf.	40	80	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	80	85
C. M. & St. P.	169½	169¾	N. Y. D. Co.	40	46
C

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Bears That Are Afraid.

It seems absolutely necessary that some traders should develop at least a theoretical bearishness every time the market shows specific strength. This applies either when the whole list is strong or when two or three stocks are making the market, practically speaking. Generally this kind of bearishness seldom gets beyond the language stage, but it is an evidence of a condition of mind or a desire for things hoped for but not expected. When Steel common touched its high record yesterday the man who is anxious to find some one who held bearish views on the stock was busy. Nearly every office possessed a trader who professed to look with suspicion on the stock, but the brokers did not report any energetic selling by these querulous parties. Many traders are always uncomfortable on the long side of the account. They drift along in bullish company, but they are only happy when the market is breaking. If some one were to compile statistical information on these traders it would probably be found that whatever money they make is on the long side of the account where they are apparently at variance with every one who exhibits optimism on the market. There is nothing, then, particularly significant in the suggestions that the market is high enough or that it ought to be sold. It is a chronic condition of mind and not an indication of possible facts.

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Interest in Steel.

Steel common naturally was the object of interest in yesterday's market. Aside from the figure reached during the day there was plenty for gossip, and it was not neglected. The impending meeting, the possibility of an increased dividend, the situation in the matter of listing the stock in Paris, the home coming of Mr. Morgan, and then a variety of things largely imaginary, gave enough food for thought and expression of opinion to keep the offices from sleepiness. Some such topic was necessary at times, as trading in most of the offices was dull. Steel was the most active stock on the list, and this with its general strength was sufficient to inspire hopefulness on both sides of the account. Those bullishly inclined saw in it the hope of higher prices, while those with an adverse view on market conditions were insistent that the top had been reached, or very nearly so, inasmuch as most of them qualified their definite opinions.

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Dullness in Bonds.

Bond men are not so extraordinarily enthusiastic concerning the present market that they cannot see how much better trading was a few months ago. The fact of the matter would appear to be that the average Street bond man is doing very little business, and that the bond houses are maintaining an average, which is also qualified, if it may be so expressed, in a seasonal manner. Prophecies concerning the immediate future of the market are few but consistent in one respect at least. No one seems to think that any big boom in bonds is likely, and some are pessimistic enough to say that there are many bonds in the hands of dealers that are supposed to have been absorbed by the public. This is not a new condition of affairs, inasmuch as houses are trading between themselves all the time, and very often bonds will go the rounds of the Street many times before finding the ultimate purchaser who is supposed to tuck them away and label them investments. Even those who are pessimistic in a mild way so far as activity in the bond market is concerned appear to be fully convinced that higher prices for stocks are not only likely, but logical. Therefore, it would seem that their pessimism runs only to dullness, and not to decreased prices.

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Short Selling Theories.

One broker reported yesterday that he had in his office only one consistent short, and that he had been making money. In view of the character of the market recently, this would scarcely appear to be logical. But the reason for it is not so difficult to understand after all. This particular short player will take some stock and sell 500 shares, putting a stop order one point higher. His stop-loss order, however, is a buying order for double the amount of his original short commitment, so that when the market advances a point he has covered his shorts and is long 500 shares of stock. This he will hold for a certain time, taking a limited profit, but invariably he has secured that profit, which is always in excess of his loss while experimenting on the short side. The broker says that he thinks he is a bad trader, and he is willing to let him think so, since his margins are good all the time.

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Shorts and Reading.

Many brokers hold that there is a substantial short interest in Reading, and this was offered as an explanation of some of the strength in that stock yesterday. It is no more easy to estimate the short interest in Reading than in any other stock, and, undoubtedly, the insiders are the only ones competent to do so. It may be that they know as little about it as any one else, but at other times they have shown a fair knowledge of the situation, a knowledge which was not shared with the average trader or broker in the Street. Reading was second to Steel in activity, and quite as much an object of interest to traders. Probably it interested the more astute traders to a greater degree since the small fry and less-experienced ones are somewhat afraid of it. Steel, for instance, moves in an orderly way, and it is not so likely to develop acrobatic emotions. Reading may be the strongest stock on the list one day and the most conspicuously weak the next, and traders have been taught to respect its ability to be the inspiration of enthusiasm or depression on very short notice. Steel, Reading, and Union Pacific were the three interesting stocks in yesterday's market, interesting to every class and condition of traders.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.03	Hale & Norcross	.21
Alpha Con	.07	Julia	.07
Andes	.12	Kentucky Con	.04
Belcher	.42	Mexican	1.00
Best & Belcher	.35	Occidental Con	.15
Bullion	.16	Ophir	1.35
Caledonia	.18	Overman	.30
Challenge Con	.17	Savage	.31
Chollar	.18	Sag Belcher	.05
Confidence	.70	Sierra Nevada	.28
Con. Cal. & Va	.77	Union Con	.48
Con. Imperial	.02	Utah Con	.04
Gould & Curry	.17	Yellow Jacket	.74

Silver bars, 51½; drafts, sight, 2@2½ cents premium; telegraph, 4@5 cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.20
Belmont	.53	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.09	Goldfield C. M.	5.95
MacNamara	.25	Great Bend	.05
Midway	.21	Jumbo Extension	.11
Montana	.65	Lone Star	.03
Tonopah Extension	.45	Red Hills	.05
West End	.22	Silver Pick	.10
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.08	Bullfrog-N. B.	.02
Combination Fract.	.50	Montgomery Mtn.	.03
Crackerjack	.01	Tramps Cons.	.04

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 12.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9½	10½	Jackpot	7	10
Elkton	65½	66½	McKinney	38½	41
Fisco	52	53	Portland	73	74
Gold Dollar	11½	12	Vindicator	62	64
Isabella	22	23	Jen. Samp.	8	8½

HILL LINES TO INVADE SOUTHERN TERRITORY

The Burlington to Build an Extension to Connect with the L. & N. at Paducah, Ky.

THROUGH ROUTE TO GULF

New Traffic Alliance Also Includes Connection with Southern Railway —$1,000,000 Bridge Over the Ohio.

The Hill lines through the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, it was learned yesterday, are about to establish important connections with several systems serving the Southern States, the effect of which will be to extend greatly the Burlington's traffic alliances.

It was recently announced that the Burlington proposed building fifty miles additional line in Illinois from Herrin to Metropolis, a point on the Ohio River opposite Paducah, Ky. The purpose of this new line, it was learned yesterday, is to enable the Burlington to connect with the Louisville & Nashville lines by means of a bridge over the Ohio River, and thus to establish through lines over the Hill roads to points in the South not only on the Louisville & Nashville, but on the Southern Railway as well.

The construction of these fifty miles of road will cost the Burlington about $2,000,000 exclusive of the bridge to be built over the Ohio River, which may cost half as much more. The chances are, it was learned yesterday, that the Louisville & Nashville will build this bridge jointly with the Burlington, thus establishing a community of interest between these two systems in the traffic handled through this new Southern gateway.

The undertaking is a much more important one than is indicated by the cost or length of the new line. It means that the Hill lines serving all the Northwestern States will have direct access to the Southern States and will be able in connection with the Louisville & Nashville and the Southern Railway to reach practically all the Southern ports, including New Orleans and the important distributing and manufacturing centres in the South.

The official estimates of the immediate direct bearing on the Burlington's traffic which will result from the construction of this new line and the alliances which will be established in connection with this undertaking, indicate that the Burlington's traffic will be increased not less than 100 carloads a day at the start and possibly to a much greater extent when the traffic through this new gateway is fully developed.

By this move the Hill lines gain close traffic connections with the Southern States closely following the acquisition by the Harriman lines of the Central of Georgia, which reaches several of the points to which the Hill lines will have access over the Louisville & Nashville and the Southern Railway lines.

The friends of the Burlington system consider that the arrangement which their road has made will prove even more advantageous than would the direct ownership of a single line into the Southern States for the reason that the Burlington through this arrangement will be enabled to reach the long list of important points in the South which are now served by the Louisville & Nashville and the Southern Railway systems.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Soars on Drought and Heat Scare—Closes Firm 25 to 31 Points Up.

Cotton made new high records for the season yesterday on apprehensions of serious damage to the Texas crop, owing to continued drought and high temperatures, with all the new crop deliveries selling at the highest prices secured for years at this period. The market closed firm at a net advance of 25@31 points, when realizing sales were still well absorbed.

The market opened firm at an advance of 6@13 points on over-Sunday buying orders, and at first there was some hesitation on the report of a prominent New Orleans authority, which indicated a distinct improvement in the condition of the crop since the last report. Liverpool made a firm showing, although American selling was reported there as a result of the crop report mentioned.

Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday's Close.
July	12.90	12.42	12.60	.. 12.35
August	12.62	12.38	12.62	12.31
September	12.63	12.42	12.63@12.65	12.35
October	12.72	12.45	12.71@12.72	12.41
November	12.64	12.47	12.72@12.74	12.44
December	12.75	12.50	12.74@12.75	12.46
January	12.72	12.46	12.71@12.72	12.44
March	12.73	12.48	12.72@12.74	12.45
May	12.77	12.54	12.75@12.77	12.48

Spot cotton was quiet, with prices 30 points higher, at 13.10 for middling upland and 13.35 for middling Gulf. Sales, nil. Delivered on contract, 11,500 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Savannah—Firm, 3-16c higher at 12 7-16c; sales, 11 bales. Augusta—Steady, ⅛c higher at 12⅝c; sales, 55 bales. Mobile—Firm, unchanged at 12⅛c; sales, 150 bales. New Orleans—Firm, ¼c higher at 12 9-16c; sales, 1,250 bales. Memphis—Firm, ⅛c higher at 12¼c; sales, 250 bales.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

AMERICAN RAILWAYS—	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Month of June	$259,834	$254,313	$5,521
July 1-June 30	2,844,831	2,836,314	*51,483
CANADIAN NORTHERN—			
1st week July	179,200	152,300	26,900
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
1st week July	238,219	243,531	*5,312
DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—			
1st week July	66,250	52,491	13,759
IOWA CENTRAL—			
1st week July	57,961	52,199	5,762
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
1st week July	780,415	793,755	*13,340
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
1st week July	77,836	69,883	7,953
MINERAL RANGE—			
1st week July	13,582	13,642	*60
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
1st week July	957,362	927,905	29,457
TEXAS PACIFIC—			
1st week July	211,116	199,404	11,712
Jan. 1-July 7	6,812,423	6,196,964	615,460
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
1st week July	15,370	19,014	*3,644
*Decrease.			
MISSOURI PACIFIC FOR MAY—	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross earnings	3,593,815	3,032,883	4,214,944
Expenses	2,053,758	1,998,030	2,681,162
Net earnings	640,060	1,034,283	1,533,782
Gross, 11 mos	42,620,011	40,931,572	44,672,022
Expenses	31,016,977	29,647,429	29,783,460
Net, 11 mos	11,612,034	11,284,143	14,888,553
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for June—			
Gross earnings	78,986	106,998	129,556
Expenses	69,659	75,630	88,103
Net earnings	9,327	31,360	41,363
Other income	2,500	333	.....
Total income	11,827	36,693	41,363
Chgs., taxes, &c.	23,024	23,202	21,634
Deficit	11,197	*8,491	*19,729
Gross, 12 mos	1,087,955	1,221,480	1,300,216
Expenses	891,469	1,010,162	1,011,063
Net, 12 mos	196,486	211,318	289,153
Other income	26,787	38,121	.....
Total income	223,274	249,442	289,153
Chgs., taxes, &c.	282,657	285,673	287,481
Deficit, 12 mos	59,383	36,231	*1,672
*Surplus.			

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN THREAD COMPANY for the year ended March 31—

Gross profits	$1,128,736
Deductions:	
Bond interest	$240,000
Depreciation	400,000
Preferred dividends	244,524
Common dividends	216,000
Total deductions	1,100,524
Surplus for year	$28,272
Previous surplus	379,152
Total surplus	$407,364

DENVER GAS AND ELECTRIC for June—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Net earnings	72,836	59,473	13,363
Int., coup., &c.	34,841	32,001	2,840
Surplus	37,995	27,472	10,523
Twelve months ended June 30—			
Gross earnings	2,209,182	2,062,326	296,856
Expenses	1,300,623	1,210,171	90,452
Net earnings	908,559	852,155	146,404
Int., coup., &c.	392,147	378,691	13,456
Surplus	600,412	473,554	132,859

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Money Plentiful in London—Austria Gets Bulk of $3,500,000 in Gold.

LONDON, July 12.—Money was in plentiful supply on the market to-day in spite of settlement requirements, and discounts were steady. Austria secured the bulk of the $3,500,000 in gold available.

The Stock Exchange was chiefly occupied by the general carry-over, in which rates were easier, Americans being quoted at 3 per cent. premium. Business for the new account was meagre. Gilt-edged securities eased on lack of support, and the coal trade dispute hangs over home rails. Foreign securities scarcely moved, owing to the indifference of Paris, while copper shares were active and firmer.

The opening prices of American securities showed irregular changes. Then good buying strengthened the entire list, and at noon the market was firm, with prices ¼ to ⅜ higher than Saturday's New York closing. United States Steel and Illinois Central led in the improvement. The market was increasingly firm in the afternoon on Wall Street support, and closed firm at the best. New Southern Steel and Iron shares received slight attention. The common sold for 17⅝ and the preferred for 56⅝.

Bar silver quiet, 23⅝d per ounce.

Money, ½@¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1¼@1 5-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 1¼@1 5-16 per cent.

PARIS, July 12.—There was a firmer tone on the Bourse to-day.

At closing 3 per cent. rentes were 97f 65c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 18½c for checks.

BERLIN, July 12.—There was a firmer tone on the Boerse to-day. American railroad shares were higher.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95	96
German consol 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102½	103½
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85	86
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-a-M. 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88	89
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British consol 2½s	84	85

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84½	..	..	—3-16
Consols, account	84 5-16	..	..	—3-16
Anaconda	9⅞	48¼	47½	+ ⅝
Atchison	119½	116⅝	116¼	+ ⅝
Can. Pac.	188⅝	184½	184½	..
St. Paul	158	154⅝	154	+ ⅝
Erie	37⅝	36½	36½	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	54⅜	53	52⅞	+ ⅛
Ill. Central	158	154⅜	152⅝	+ 1⅜
Louis. & Nash.	144½	141	141	..
N. Y. Central	135½	132	132	..
Pennsylvania	70⅜	138	138	..
Reading	70⅝	155⅞	155	+ ⅞
So. Pac.	137⅜	134¼	133½	+ ⅝
Union Pac.	198⅜	193⅝	193¼	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	71	69⅝	68⅞	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	128⅜	125⅝	125⅝	+ ⅜

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 12.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
12	Cen. Dist. & P. Tel.	120½	120½	120½
40	Crucible Steel	9	8⅞	9
10	Crucible Steel pf.	72½	72½	72½
135	Fireproofing	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
192	Fireproofing pf.	24½	24	24¼
100	Harb.-Walker Ref.	20¼	20¼	20¼
20	Independ. Brew. pf.	21	21	21
100	Mfrs.' L. & H.	17¾	17½	17¾
224	Ohio Fuel	38½	38⅛	38⅛
10	Philadelphia Co.	42½	42½	42½
69	Pitts. Brew.	23	23	23
10	Pitts. Plate Glass	119	119	119
500	Ross Mining	20c	20c	20c
210	Shoshone	$1.65	$1.60	$1.65
10	Stand. Under. Cable	230	230	230
10	Union Switch	97½	97½	97½
30	U. S. Steel	69½	69¼	69⅜
5	U. S. Steel pf.	125¼	125¼	125¼
38	West. Elec. 2ds	42½	42	42½
	UNLISTED.			
50	Kansas Gas	54½	54⅜	54⅜
400	Lustre	$1.08	$1.07	$1.08
5,000	Mt. Elliott	26c	26c	26c
4,700	San Toy	50c	48c	50c
65	Union Gas	107	107	107
	BONDS.			
$10,000	Jones & Laughlin 5s	100⅞	100¾	100⅞

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—New high records were made by July wheat at yesterday's opening, when traders bought late months in sympathy. Later prices partially collapsed to a rally somewhat near the close. Delay in the present movement was illustrated in the visible supply, which decreased 1,551,000 bushels, including Canada, compared with 363,000 bushels' decrease in the same week last year. Receipts at all Western points were 231,000 bushels, compared with 786,000 bushels a year ago. Country acceptances were generally reported to be very light. It was said that only 208,000 bushels remained in public houses at Chicago, and this will be loaded out this week. Liverpool closed ¼d net higher. Berlin was up ⅞c and Budapest ¼c higher. No export business. Cash wheat in New York closed: Old No. 2 red, $1.45, nominal, in elevator and free on board afloat; No. 2 red, new, $1.21⅞, free on board, afloat, end of August; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.37, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.35, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CORN.—July was also relatively firm early yesterday, but eventually the whole market turned weaker. Trade was mostly in the way of switching. Cash corn in Chicago was weak at 1c decline, and there was no export trade of importance. The visible supply decreased 364,000 bushels. No. 2 corn in New York closed: Net, elevator, and 70¼c, free on board, afloat, for old; No. 2 corn, new, 64¾c, free on board, afloat, Winter shipment.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
July	$1.27⅝	$1.27	$1.27½	$1.28⅝
September	1.18⅝	1.17¾	1.18¼	1.18⅞
December	1.16¾	1.15¾	1.16¼	1.17
May	..	..	1.18	1.19
Corn—				
July	..	..	79	77½
September	..	..	75	73¾
December	..	..	67¼	66½

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
July	$1.20½	$1.19	$1.19½	$1.18⅞
September	1.11¾	1.09⅞	1.10½	1.11⅛
December	1.09¼	1.07⅞	1.08⅜	1.09⅛
Corn—				
July	72⅝	71⅞	72¼	72¼
September	67⅛	66⅝	66⅞	67
December	56⅝	56	56¾	56⅝
Oats—				
July	50⅝	49¼	49⅞	50¼
September	43½	42⅝	43¼	43⅛
December	43¾	42⅝	43⅝	43¼
Lard—				
September	11.07	11.05	11.07	11.70
October	11.60	11.57	11.57	11.62
Ribs—				
September	11.22	11.20	11.22	11.27
October	10.95	10.95	10.95	11.00
Pork—				
September	20.60	20.50	20.60	20.62
January	..	..	17.90	17.95

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee met continued demand in the near months yesterday which steadied the general list, and the close was steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales were reported of 20,500 bags. The market opened steady, at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points. Havre was ¼ franc higher and Hamburg unchanged to ¼ pfennig higher. Rio was 50 reis lower and Santos unchanged to 50 reis higher. Spot coffee was quiet; 7⅝@7¾c for Rio No. 7.

Total warehouse deliveries in the United States for the week were 40,039 bags, against 51,255 last week and 87,519 last year. Of the former amount New York had 34,830 bags.

Receipts at Rio and Santos for the week totaled 312,000 bags, against 241,000 last week, 188,000 last year, and 171,000 two years ago.

Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
July	7.05	7.05	7.05@7.10	7.05
August	6.20	6.15	6.15@6.20	6.10
September	5.85	5.85	5.85@5.90	5.80
October	..	..	5.55@5.60	5.60
November	..	..	5.50@5.55	5.45
December	5.50	5.50	5.45@5.50	5.45
January	..	..	5.45@5.50	5.45
February	..	..	5.50@5.55	5.50
March	5.55	5.55	5.50@5.55	5.50
April	..	..	5.55@5.60	5.55
May	5.60	5.60	5.55@5.60	5.55
June	..	..	5.55@5.60	5.55

THE HOGGSON BUILDING METHOD
HOGGSON BROTHERS Inc.
Designers and Builders of Fine Residences
7 East 44th Street, New York

*$100,000 STATE OF NEW YORK
Highway Improvement 4% Gold Bonds
Due Sept. 1, 1958. Interest payable March 1 and Sept. 1.
TAX EXEMPT IN NEW YORK STATE
Price 113½ and interest. Yield 3.43%

*$100,000 CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'WAY CO.
First & Refunding Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds
Due April 1, 1934. Interest payable April 1 and Oct. 1.
Price at the market. Yield 4½%

*$150,000 UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
First & Refund'g Mortgage 4% Gold & Sterling Bonds
Due June 1, 2008. Interest payable March 1 and Sept. 1.
Price at the market. Yield 4%

$300,000 CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL R'WAY CO.
4% Debenture Bonds
Due July 1, 1934. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1.
Price at the market. Yield about 4.35%

$250,000 CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY COMPANY
Consolidated Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds
Due November 1, 1945. Interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1.
Price at the market. Yield nearly 4.40%

*Legal Investments for Savings Banks in New York State
DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS ON APPLICATION.
CLARK, DODGE & CO.
BANKERS
51 Wall Street New York

ELECT HARAHAN AND PEABODY

Railroad and Insurance Presidents on Board of Central of Georgia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 12.—J. T. Harahan, President of the Illinois Central Railway, and Charles A. Peabody of New York, President of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, were elected Directors of the Central of Georgia Railway, and were placed on the Executive Committee to-day. William Nelson Cromwell and J. W. Castles of New York resigned.

The new members are said to be the representatives on the board of E. H. Harriman.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 12.—North Butte was the only active stock to-day; it recovered from the low point of its recent slump and went above 51. On the other hand Old Dominion and Mohawk were decidedly heavy. The rest of the local list was very dull.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	95	94⅞	94⅞
10,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
2,000	A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, sta.	93	93	93
36,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	73⅞	73	73⅜
2,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	103	103	103
1,000	Gen. Elec. cv. 5s	148⅞	148⅞	148⅞
1,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	101	101	101
9,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	100	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	Shannon 4s, $25 paid	104	104	104
6,000	Western T. & T. 5s	99½	99½	99½

RAILROADS.

10	Atchison	116½	116½	116½
4,902	Atchison rights	$1.25	$1.15⅝	$1.25
30	Atchison pf.	104	104	104
1	Boston Elevated	129	129	129
4	Boston & Albany	230	230	230
10	Boston & Lowell	225	225	225
1	Boston & Worc. pf.	56	56	56
1	Fitchburg pf.	130¼	130¼	130¼
42	N. Y., N. H. & H.	170½	170	170
110	Union Pacific	194	193⅝	194
12	West End pf.	104	103	103

TELEPHONES.

1,876	American	140¾	140⅛	140⅛
64	New England	134½	134	134
205	Western	11	9½	10¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

65	Am. Agr. Chem.	45¾	44¼	45¾
50	Am. Pneu. Service	8	8	8
60	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18¾	18¼	18¾
151	Am. Sugar	127½	126	127
21	Am. Sugar pf.	125½	125	125½
65	Am. Woolen pf.	104	104	104
200	A., G. & W. I. SS.	11⅝	11½	11½
605	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf.	30	29⅝	29¾
60	East Boston Land	11⅝	11½	11⅝
4	Edison	250	250	250
10	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	88	88	88
57	Mass. Gas	63½	63	63
57	Mass. Gas pf.	91	90½	90½
5	Mergenthaler	210	200	210
28	N. E. Cotton Yarn	95	95	95
10	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	103	103	103
1	Pullman	187½	187½	187½
84	Swift & Co.	108½	108½	108½
205	United Fruit	139	138½	139
200	United Shoe Mach.	61¾	61	61½
292	United Shoe, M. pf.	30	29⅝	30
3,988	U. S. Steel	69⅝	68⅝	69⅝
313	U. S. Steel pf.	125¾	125½	125½

MINING.

125	Adventure	6¾	6¾	6¾
215	Allouez	42	41	41
1,965	Amalgamated	81⅞	81⅛	81½
110	Am. Zinc	28⅝	27¾	28⅝
100	Arnold	75c	75c	75c
50	Atlantic	8¾	8¾	8¾
225	Boston Consol.	14⅛	14	14⅛
100	Boston & Corbin	17¾	17¾	17¾
822	Butte Coalition	24⅛	23½	24
120	Calumet & Arizona	103	101	101
2	Calumet & Hecla	635	635	635
125	Centennial	31	30½	30½
612	Copper Range	80¾	80	80
10	Daly-West	8	8	8
790	East Butte	12	11⅝	11⅝
532	Giroux	8¾	8½	8½
1,148	Greene-Cananea	9⅞	9⅝	9¾
265	Isle Royale	24	24	24
20	Kerr Lake	8	8	8
10	Keweenaw	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
265	La Salle Copper	21	20½	20½
387	La Salle	11½	10¾	10¾
145	Mass.	8½	8	8
170	Mexican Consol.	4⅞	4⅝	4¾
130	Miami	15½	15	15
85	Michigan	10	10	10
499	Mohawk	61½	57¾	57¾
200	Montana C. & C.	30c	30c	30c
400	Nevada Consol.	23⅞	23½	23¾
50	New Arcadian	4	4	4
250	Nipissing	10⅞	10½	10⅞
11,208	North Butte	51	47½	49½
100	North Lake	8½	8½	8½
110	Old Colony	10½	10½	10½
290	Old Dominion	52	51½	51¾
90	Osceola	130	129	129
45	Parrot	30	30	30
11	Quincy	89	88	89
10	Santa Fe	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
110	Shannon	14½	14¾	14½
135	Superior	39¾	39¾	39¾
798	Superior & Boston	15	14	14
903	Superior & Pitts.	16¼	16	16
5	Tamarack	68	68	68
55	Trinity	12¼	11¾	12
210	United Copper	9¾	9¼	9¼
50	U. S. Coal & Oil	31¾	31⅜	31⅜
160	U. S. Smelting	48⅞	48¾	48¾
166	U. S. Smelting pf.	49½	49¼	49¼
335	Utah Consol.	41½	41	41¼
15	Utah Copper	48¾	48¾	48¾
40	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Trading on the local Exchange this morning opened with unusual activity, with prices ranging generally about higher levels. Sears-Roebuck was the feature of the early market, being dealt in very extensively and reaching 94, an advance of 1¾ points.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,250	American Can	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
100	American Can pf.	81	81	81
907	Booth Fisheries	16	16	16
15	Booth Fisheries pf.	53	52¾	52¾
20	Chicago Rys., Series 2	39¼	39	39¼
210	Chicago Telephone	134	132	133
10	Commercial Edison	121½	121⅜	121½
25	Diamond Match	128½	128½	128½
76	National Biscuit	107½	106	107
15	National Biscuit pf.	125¼	125¼	125¼
5	National Carbon	92	92	92
10	Northwestern Elev. pf.	69½	69½	69¼
1,905	Sears-Roebuck	94⅛	93	94⅛
50	Sears-Roebuck pf.	112	112	112
235	Street's	48¾	48¾	48⅞
320	Swift & Co.	108⅝	108⅜	108⅞

Dickinson Heads Carnegie Trust Co.

The following officers were elected yesterday by the Directors of the Carnegie Trust Company: Charles C. Dickinson, President; J. Ross Curran and R. L. Smith, Vice Presidents; R. B. Morehead, Secretary; Stanton C. Dickinson, Treasurer; J. J. Dickinson, Jr., Assistant Treasurer and Assistant Trust Officer; A. B. Chandler, Assistant Secretary; L. C. Ball, Auditor, and R. B. Ramage, Trust Officer.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The daily Consular and trade reports for July 13 show the following trade opportunities abroad

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Corner at Front Street and Maiden Lane Sold—Buyer of 44-50 Broadway—Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

It is reported that the Smith estate has sold 149 and 151 Front Street at the southeast corner of Maiden Lane, fronting 40 feet on Front Street and 57.8 on Maiden Lane, for $65,000. There is at present a five-story warehouse on the site.

Buyer of 44 to 50 Broadway.

Title to the property at 44 to 50 Broadway, the sale of which by Herman De Selding was recently reported, was yesterday transferred to the Morris Building Company of 26 Broadway. Alfred C. Bedford and Harold I. Pratt of the Standard Oil Company are President and Treasurer respectively of the Morris Building Company. This company is now offering the realty for sale at $2,000,000. The property brought $1,681,274 on June 11. It is believed that the plans to erect a forty-two-story building there have been changed.

Mercer Street Building Sold.

Frederick Fox & Co. have sold for Mrs. Clara F. Hitchcock to an investor the six-story mercantile building at 73, 75, and 77 Mercer Street, on a plot 50.1 by 100. The building is at present occupied by Theodore Tiedemann & Sons, under a net lease.

Dwelling on West 63d Street Sold.

S. B. Goodale & Son have sold for the Buckler estate to Martha Freund 137 West Sixty-third Street, a four-story dwelling, on plot 18.6 by 100.

A. B. Diller, formerly manager of the Central Parkway Realty Company, is now connected with Joseph P. Day's private sales department as manager of the Queens Borough Branch, with offices at 84 Nassau Street.

Remodeling at Jack's and Burns's.

Plans have been filed for enlarging Jack's restaurant at 761 and 763 Sixth Avenue, by adding the three-story dwelling at 103 West Forty-third Street, the building being remodeled for the purpose and the improvements being made from designs by Walter D. Blair for the Kempsula Realty Company, at a cost of $18,000. Plans were also filed for remodeling the front of Burns's restaurant at 781 to 787 Sixth Avenue, four four-story buildings, the improvements including the installation of new easement windows and marquise entrances, with designs by Satterlee and Boyd, architects.

The Carnegie Hill Livery and Motor Company have drawn plans for and will build a six-story garage at 2 West Ninetieth Street. The site is at present occupied as a livery stable.

Bronx Dwellings Sold.

The D. J. Dillon Company has sold the three new three-family houses, on plot 79 by 100, on the west side of Concord Avenue, south of 149th Street.

William Peters has sold to William Abbenseth the plot 75 by 100 at the southeast corner of Paisley Avenue and Southern Boulevard.

The Woodstock Exchange has sold for Thorton Brothers to Gertrude Enners the dwelling at 1,276 Findlay Avenue.

Amusement Park for Bronx?

It is reported that the Gold Hill Realty Company is negotiating for a lease of the triangular block between 158th and 160th Streets, Westchester and Union Avenues, owned by Monika Geiger, with a view to placing an amusement park there. A member of the company, however, yesterday stated that the intention was merely to provide tennis courts for the nearby apartments.

Tenants for Stores.

Denzer Brothers have leased for Samuel Bergman to Bielberg & Samuels the store and basement at 36 West Seventeenth Street for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of $40,000; for Louis Stone to the S. and G. Importing Company the entire loft building at 211 Canal Street; for Mary Fuchs to Solomon Zuckerman the store and basement at 215-217 Grand Street; for the estate of Solomon Marx 5,000 square feet at 26 West Houston Street, and lofts in the following buildings: 410 Lafayette Street, 17 Elizabeth Street, 173 Mercer Street, 74 Grand Street, 147 Grand Street, 94 Prince Street, and 116 Prince Street.

Mooyer & Marston have leased for the estate of Sarah Macomber the property at 583 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, to Robert J. White for a term of years.

Buyer for Brooklyn Dwelling.

Mooyer & Marston have resold for William E. Burke 446 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, to Andrew G. Edwards. The same brokers recently sold this property to Mr. Burke.

Cryder and Herrmann Homesteads Sold.

W. H. Bleecker has sold for Joseph Wichert to William M. Crane the old Cryder homestead at Whitestone, L. I., consisting of a three-story brick house and six and one-half acres of ground. The property has a shore frontage of 450 feet and carries riparian rights. It has been held at $125,000.

M. and L. Hess have sold for Oscar Herrmann to the Pacific Realty Corporation his residence at Great Neck, L. I., on a plot 200 by 200, and 40 by 100 in size. There is also a garage on the plot 50 by 20.

Week's Sale of $277,975 at Long Beach.

The estates of Long Beach report that for the week ended July 10, sales of lots on the Boardwalk and Boulevard at Long Beach reached a total of $277,975, after a total of $219,485 on the preceding week.

Sales at Jamaica.

The William P. Rae Company reports the following sales on their development, "Hillcrest of Jamaica": A plot 60 by 100 on Grand Avenue, south of Van Sicklen Street, to Anna Mustonen; a plot 40 by 100 on Moritz Avenue, south of Van Sicklen Street, to Mrs. Mary E. Williams; a plot 40 by 100 on the northeast corner of Inglee Avenue and Van Sicklen Street to Mr. E. A. Sullivan; a plot 40 by 100 on Van Sicklen Street, near Ackroyd Avenue, to Theodore A. Siman; a plot 60 by 100 on Inglee Avenue, south of Union Avenue, to Frederick A. Gara.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Sales Room, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

Murray St, 72, s s, about 10 ft w of West Broadway, 25x75, four-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to July 23.

By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 2,516 and 2,518, s w corner of 146th St, 40x100, six-story flat and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, C. A. Fisher, for $85,628.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

96th St, 204, s s, 117.3 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.8, five-story flat; foreclosure sale; withdrawn.

By William Kennelly, Jr.

112th St, 216, s s, 195.6 ft e of 3d Av, 19.6x160.10, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, Edmund Kohn et al., for $13,330.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Plymouth St, w s, 109.23 ft n of Middletown Road, two and one-half story frame dwelling, 20x42; Baxter Howell Co., owner; Charles R. Baxter, architect; cost, $4,000.

180th St, s e corner of Ryer Av, five-story brick tenement; 35x95; Stephen A. Whistler, owner; Whistler & Leary, architects; cost, $30,000.

Kingsbridge Road, n s, 600 ft e of Sedgwick Av, one-story frame and glass greenhouse, 30x92.5; David Clark & Sons, owners; Louis Falk, architect; cost, $500.

43d St, 103 West, n s, 75 ft w of 6th Av, three-story brick building, 19.4x100.5; Jack's, Inc., owner; Walter D. Blair, architect; cost, $18,000.

6th Av, 781 to 787, four four-story brick buildings, 99.11x100; Burns Restaurant Co., owner; Satterlee & Boyd, architects; cost, $7,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JULY 12.

BEEKMAN PLACE, 24, 20x75; Abraham L. Spitzer to Sadie Spitzer, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

BROADWAY, e s, at s w corner of south wall of Exchange Court, —x—; Samson Lachman, referee to Morris Building Co., $1,681,274.

BYRON ST, e s, 225 ft n of Kossuth Av, 25x98.11x25x100.5; William H. Bell, Jr., to James F. Moore, quitclaim, $1.

CANAL ST, 326, s s, 25.8x55.8; Theodore L. Bogert to Henry L. Bogert, ½ part, $1.

CROTONA AV, e s, 234.7 ft n of 181st St, 34.8x84.7; Peter A. Leonardi to Frederick L. Biedenburg, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

DECATUR AV, 3,172, 25x112.6; Mary Russhon to Frederick V. Wagner, (mtg $5,500,) $1.

EXTERIOR ST, w s, 383.10 ft s of 149th St, 270.7x irregular; Gerard Av, n w corner of 146th St, 105.10x irregular; Gerard Av, w s, at centre line of Grove St, 125.1x irregular; John F. Steeves and others to Church E. Gates & Co., $1.

HENRY ST, 71, n s, 25x100; Ernst Plath to City of New York, $60,000.

LOT 89, map of Waldo Hutchin's estate, Bronx; Aldus Realty Co. to John Cashel, $100.

LOT 178, map of Waldo Hutchin's estate, Bronx; Aldus Realty Co. to John K. Platz, $100.

LOT 475, map of Gleason property; Asuncion del Rio to Estanislav V. Perez and another, (mtg $6,500,) $100.

LOTS 50 and 51, map of Waldo Hutchin's estate, Bronx; Aldus Realty Co. to Peter Freess, Sr., $100.

LOTS 128 and 129, map of Waldo Hutchin's estate, Bronx; Aldus Realty Co. to Philip Croxton, $100.

LOTS 68 to 71, may of Waldo Hutchin's estate, Bronx; Aldus Realty Co. to David C. Kee, $100.

LOTS 48 and 49, map of Waldo Hutchins; Westchester Avenue Realty Co. to Peter Messer, all liens, $100.

LOTS 113 to 115, map of Hunt estate, Van Nest; Henry A. Hartmann to Edward W. Browne, Tarrytown, N. Y., $100.

LOTS 5 and 6, map of Laconia Park; Charles Berls to Thomas Callahan, $100.

LOTS 47 to 49, map of Flanagan estate; Throgg's Neck; Harry Arnold to John E. Virden, (mtg $800,) $100.

MANHATTAN AV, 443, w s, 25x100; Flora Putz to Louis Morel, (mtg $27,500,) $100.

ORCHARD ST, w s, 81 ft e of 199th St, 25x31.3; George V. Mullan to Clothilde F. Robert, quitclaim, $1.

PLOT 10, map of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 12th Ward; James A. Lynch, to Harry Harris, (mtg $24,000,) $1.

PLOT 44, map of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 12th Ward; James A. Lynch to Harry Harris, (mtg $23,500,) $1.

PLOT at Edenwald at boundary between Lots 56-57, Block 30, runs w, crossing n of Amundson Av at point 552.4 ft s of Jefferson Av, runs to boundary line of Wakefield; Land Co. A of Edenwald to Land Co. C of Edenwald, $1.

PLOT at Edenwald begins at centre line, Block 8, between Comfort and Bracken Av, runs s, 54.5x irregular; Land Co. B of Edenwald to Land Co. A of Edenwald, $1.

PLOT at Edenwald begins at centre line, Block 8, between Comfort and Bracken Av, runs s 54.3x irregular; Land Co. A of Edenwald to Land Co. B of Edenwald, $1.

SIMPSON ST, w s, 171.8 ft n of 169th St, 25x irregular; Joseph Wuytach to Jeanne W. O'Gorman, $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 183d St, 104.11x150; Josephine Y. Birney to Napoleon Construction Co., $100.

SUMMIT AV, w s, 361.7 ft s of 165th St, 100x92; Joseph H. Jones to Kemp Jones Real Co., $100.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 126.7 ft s of Halsey Place, 25x94.1; August E. Kramer to Laura F. Henry, (mtg $5,000,) $1.

WEBSTER AV, e s, from 189th to 200th St; John F. Steeves and others to Church E. Gates & Co., $1.

WEBSTER AV, n e corner of 189th St, 105.8x111.2; John F. Steeves and others to Church E. Gates & Co., $1.

3D ST, 298 East, 22.7x106; Annie Lippman to Jacob Lippman, $100.

57TH AV, w s, 73.5 ft s of 57th St, 27x125; Joseph P. Schwab to Seven-Twenty-Eight Fifth Avenue Co., (mtg $150,000,) $201,000.

9TH AV, n e corner of 41st St, 20x75; James A. Lynch to Henry Harris, $1.

11TH ST, 515, 25x103.3; Rachel Hoffman to Max Sulken and another, all liens, $100.

12TH ST, 522 East, s s, 25x103.3; Max Goldberg and others to Henry A. Bloomberg, ½ part, (mtg $45,750,) $100.

27TH ST, 510 to 514, 75x98.9; Benjamin Lavenstein to Sophie B. Silleck, (mtg $11,500,) $100.

34TH ST, 205 West, n s, 17x98.9; Mary Ehrmann to Moses Esberg and others, (mtg $36,500,) $100.

82D ST, 548 to 552 East, 40x102.2; Edward L. Patterson to Edward C. Schiffmacher, (mtg $82,000,) $14,000.

82D ST, 542 to 546 East, 40x102.2; Edward L. Patterson to Edward C. Schiffmacher, (mtg $82,000,) $12,000.

83D ST, s s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Gretchen Kaufman to Pauline Stevens and others, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

83D ST, 43 West, 18.9x102.2; Ora M. Russell to Ralph Tousey, (mtg $17,500,) $1.

97TH ST, 308, 25.1x100.11; Abraham L. Spitzer to Sadie Spitzer, ½ part, (mtg $8,666,) $100.

163TH ST, 855 East, 37.6x100; Frank Valenti, executor, to Augusto Tonnelli, (mtg $34,250,) $38,500.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5%, unless otherwise specified.

AMSLER, Jacob H., to Stephen Parker; Broadway, e s, 325 ft s of Tremont Road, 52x114.5, B yearly, Edward W., to Irvin B. Hart.....$4,000

ARTHAN REALTY CO. to Samuel Hoffman; Jackson Av, e s, 54.2 ft s of 160th St, 63x87.6, prior mtg $46,000, due Jan. 1, 1911, 6%.....$3,000

BOGERT, Henry L., to Theodore L. Bogert; Canal St, 326, due July 1, 1914.....$16,000

BOWER, Edward W., to Henry A. Hartmann; Lots 113 and 115, map part of Hunt estate, due, &c., as per bond.....$5,375

CALLAHAN, Thomas, to Charles Berls; Lots 5 and 6, map of Laconia Park, 3 years, 6%.$800

CASHEL, John, to Alders Realty Co.; Lot 89, map of Waldo Hutchins estate, 3 years..$900

CROXTON, Philip, to Alders Realty Co.; Lots 128 and 129, map of Waldo Hutchins estate, 3 years.....$1,200

ESTATE OF ISAAC G. JOHNSON to Mary E. Fuller and others, executors; Palisade Av, e s, Lot 62, in Block 3,411, runs s e 28 ft along lands of Johnson and others, to Washington Av, —x—, due June 24, 1912..$20,000

FEIST REALTY CO. to Leah K. Ravy; Amsterdam Av, 687, prior mtg $33,000, 2 years, 6%.....$5,000

GRAF, August, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 131st St, 576 West, 3 years, 4½%..$14,000

GREIF, Lillie, and another to Louise M. Lee; Avenue C, 150, 5 years.....$20,000

HIGGINS, Thomas J., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Marion Av, e s, 226.1l ft n of 200th St, 82.0x110, 5 years.....$9,000

JOSCHT, John, to Louis Kautsky; 73d St, 403 East, prior mtg $14,000, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

KAUFMAN, Philip, to James Carney; Jefferson St, n s corner of Starling Av, 185x100, Unionport, 1 year, 6%.....$4,000

KELL, David C., to Aldus Realty Co.; Lots 68 to 71, map of Waldo Hutchins estate, 3 years.....$4,935

KRAUS, Jennie, to United States Trust Co. of New York; 103th St, 173 East, due July 1, 1914, 4½%.....$15,000

LENOX AVENUE UNION CHURCH to New York Savings Bank; 119th St, n s, 206 ft w of 5th Av, 70x100.11, due, &c, as per bond..$45,000.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.; Madison Av, n e corner of 57th St, 74.5x —, 3 years.....$5,000

MANATEE COMPANY to Claude R. Hammond; Amsterdam Av, n e corner 208th St, 99.11x100, prior mtg $20,000, 1 year....$2,000

MARX CONSTRUCTION CO. to Walter A. Mulvihill; Hoe Av, e s, 125 ft s of 173d St, 75x100, due Sept. 1, 1909, 6%.....$2,500

MASCIA, Saverio A., to Clarence M. Lewis; 151st St, 275 and 277 East, 1 year, 6%..$5,000

MOORE, James F., to Eveiena Conrad; Byron St, e s, 225 ft n of Kossuth Av, 25x98.11, 3 years, 5½%.....$3,750

MERELLO, Dominca, to Martin Guarino; Oliver St, 51, due July 1, 1912, 4½%....$1,500

NAPOLEON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Josephine I. Birney; St. Nicholas Av, s w corner of 183d St, 104.11x150, 2 years.....$85,000

REZZANO, Angelo, to Charles H. Baechler; Lot 41, map of Van Nest Park, due July 1, 1912.....$3,000

SANKUP, Anton, to Willie Heydus; Matilda St, Plot 72, map of South Washingtonville, 3 years, 5½%.....$1,500

SCHIFFMACHER, Edward C., to Leo Levey; 82d St, 548 to 552 East, 1 year, 6%.....$2,500

SCHIFFMACHER, Edward C., to Leo Levey; 82d St, 548 to 552 East, 3 years, 6%....$2,500

SCHIFFMACHER, Edward C., to Leo Levey; 82d St, 542 to 546 East, 1 year, 6%.....$2,500

SCHIFFMACHER, Edward C., to Leo Levey; 82d St, 542 to 546 East, 3 years, 6%....$9,000

SIEDENBERG, Frederick L., to Ida D. Leonards; Crotona Av, e s, 234.7 ft n of 181st St, 34.8x77.11, prior mtg $4,500, 3 years.....$2,300

THIRTY-FIFTH STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE Realty Co. to John Dawson and another; 5th Av, s w corner of 35th St, 85.9x150, prior mtg $2,700,000, due, &c, as per bond..$33,250

728 FIFTH AVENUE CO. to John E. Berwind; 5th Av, w s, 73.5 ft s of 57th St, 27x125, 3 years.....$350,000

Mechanics' Liens.

PEARL ST, 32; Abe Warm against Hungarian Relief Society, owner; Sigmund Fox and Joseph Rosenzweig, contractors, $1,135.

114TH ST, 307 West; Bernard Schildhaus against Harriet Molbach, owner; E. M. Molbach, contractor, $25.

81ST ST, 40 East; William J. Ryan against Samuel Muhrland, owner; Charles C. Claflin, contractor, $16.

CEDAR ST, n w corner of Forest Av, 87.6x100; Thomas C. McKenna, agent, against William F. Rohrig Co., owner and contractor, $290.

40TH ST, 317 East; Aeolian Elastic Slate Roofing Co. against William J. Whittaker, owner; John Hooper, contractor, $110.

HONEYWELL AV, n s, corner of 178th St, 65x113; Frank Syola against Mellwin Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $176.

8TH ST, 17 West; Henry L. Rausch against Minna T. Owens, owner and contractor, $82.

32D ST, 223 to 229 East; Rubin Warnik against James Conway, owner; Kaplan, Kandra & Co., contractors, $84.

32D ST, 344 and 346 East; Rubin Warnik against Frankbro Realty Co., owner; Mandel Building Co., contractor, $880.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; Antonio Di Santo against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $22.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; A. Pasquatini against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 17, 1909, by bond, $32.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; A. Di Santo against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $36.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; S. Lanza against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $24.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; V. Miola against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $46.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; T. Cottondo against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $33.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; C. Conigilo against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $23.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; P. Pinelli against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $25.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; S. Di Glasio against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $24.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; Frank Gossone against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 21, 1909, by bond, $180.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; Joseph Scrivani against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 18, 1909, by bond, $71.

163D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Ogden Av, 100x100; Maria W. Dittmar against Thomas J. Waters Co. and others, June 21, 1909, by bond, $117.

42D ST, 533 West; John Callan against Meyer L. Sire, Nov. 25, 1905, $54.

24TH ST, 46 to 54 West; Roebling Construction Co. against trustee of Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund and others, July 7, 1909, $4,666.

42D ST, 551 West; John Callan against Meyer L. Sire and others, Nov. 25, 1905, $240.

LUDLOW ST, 148; John F. Cronin against Greiner & Ginsberg, Aug. 3, 1907, $195.

Lis Pendens.

OAK ST, 29; Samuel S. Manheimer against Morris Barron and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Manheimer.

LOTS 119 and 120, Map 1,100, map of 300 lots situated in Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards; Crotona Realty Co. against Isaac L. Michael and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith.

WATER ST, 428; Samuel S. Manheimer against Morris Barron and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Manheimer.

BELMONT AV, n w corner of 180th St, 15x87.6; Frank M. Patterson against Louis Nochese, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. G. Whaley.

1ST AV, 854; Isaac Selig against Kotzen Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Sohwick.

116TH ST, 431 to 435 East; The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against the M. Fine Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. McKeen.

89TH ST, 276 West; The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Clifford H. Chaffee and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. McKeen.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Is Real Estate Liquid?

We received an application for an excellent mortgage loan at 10:30 A. M. It was accepted immediately. The title to the property having been previously examined by us, we were able to continue the searches and close the transaction by 1 o'clock P. M., although this involved sending papers up-town for the signature of the owner's wife. At 1:45 P. M. the mortgage was purchased by an investor, and at 2:40 P. M. it was paid for and delivered. Thus, well within the limits of one business day, a real estate transaction was wholly consummated, which under old-fashioned conditions might have taken a month or more.

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Bargain, 6th Av. corner; rents, $92,000; 4% mortgage; net income, $47,000 per annum; might take part exchange. Duross Company, 156 Broadway.

Best bargain ever offered, 7th Av. cold water tenement, near 23d St.; rent, $3,720; price, $35,000; snap. Duross Co., 156 Broadway.

Below 14th St.

Broadway, Northwest Corner Reade St.
66.6x124, for sale; one of the most desirable corners downtown. Apply to WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 Broadway.

Whether a buyer or a seller, the use of the Automobile Exchange columns of next Sunday's New York Times will accomplish your aim. Consult it, advertise in it.—Adv.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

EAST MIDWOOD
$10 First Payment **CENTRE OF** 10 Years for Balance
ARISTOCRATIC FLATBUSH
Greatest construction contract ever made in single private residences.
530 lots sold to Brooklyn's Best Builders who must construct three hundred $8,000 homes in two years.
Last high-class installment land in Brooklyn. Less than 378 lots left—one hundred thousand who want them—and you are one. Don't wait, third and last call—**GOING!**
GOING!! GONE!!!
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BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Attention.—Beautiful West Bronx, overlooking Hudson River, Palisades, near railroad, Subway, trolleys; elegant neighborhood; fine residences; all improvements; electric lights; parquet floors; fine trim; 9 rooms; plot, driveway, $7,500; 10 rooms, corner, with stable, $10,000; 10 rooms, 40 feet front, facing on two streets, $10,000; 11 rooms, 50x100, $16,000; 14 rooms, two-family, 25x137, $9,500; easy terms. H. T. Wood, 62 Liberty St.

GRANT AV. DWELLINGS
163d St. and Grant Av. Inspection invited. Three-story, two-family brick and limestone houses; excellent locality; about 8 minutes' walk west from 161st St. 3d Av. "L" station. Wm. E. Diller, owner and builder, on premises.

Only one left, two-family detached brick dwellings, hardwood trim, floors, electricity, decorated, front porches, 17 rooms, desirable high location; view Long Island, 209th St., Decatur Av., one block west of Webster Av. Builder, premises.

ONE FAMILY BRICK HOUSES.
All latest improvements; open for inspection daily; Briggs Av., north of 194th St., Fordham. WM. H. WRIGHT & SON, Owners.

1-2-3 FAMILY
houses, latest improvements; near "L" and Subway; $4,500 to $9,000, on easy terms; call for inspection. Edward Polak, 4,080 3d Av.

Corner, 50x100, with two-family house on premises. Muller, Westchester and Beach Avs.

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If You Live in a Flat
YOUR RENT
has cost you from $2,500 to $5,000 during the past five years. Your accommodations were cramped, poorly lighted and poorly ventilated.
We are able to show you how, with a small effort on your part, you will be able to live rent free during the next 5 years in an 8 or 10 room detached house in a fine residential part, with sewers and paved streets. Convenient to schools, churches, stores, &c., and only 15 minutes by train or 30 minutes by trolley from the business heart of the city.
Get full information about this unusual proposition at once.
Kissena Park Corporation,
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WM. F. HENCKEN, President.
JOHN W. PARIS, Secretary.

LET YOUR RENT PAY
for a home in Queens, N. Y. City, (L. I.,) built to your order; 7 rooms and bath; all city improvements; plot 40x100; artistic, well-built houses; small amount cash; 28 minutes from Broadway, electric, Subway, and trolley service; schools, churches, &c.; all city conveniences. Call, write, or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt.
J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 BROADWAY, N. Y.

New houses on large plots at Laurelton, near Jamaica; most carefully restricted suburb in Greater New York; fine park and gardens; thirty minutes from Wall St., fifteen minutes from ocean by third-rail electric; frame and stucco construction, red tile roofs, ten to fourteen rooms, $7,500 to $15,000. Send for particulars. P. B. Purdy, 50 Church Street, New York City.

Elmhurst, Borough of Queens, 16 minutes from Queensboro Bridge, one block from trolley lines; same distance from City Hall as 120th St., Manhattan; elegant one-family brick houses, containing 9 rooms and large bathroom; laundry in cellar; hot water, heat; oak trim and floors; price only $5,500; $650 down, balance like rent. Roberts, 500 5th Av.

Never again will you have such an opportunity; must sell immediately; finest house Richmond Hill; nine large rooms, bath, storerooms; laundry in cellar; large porch; beautiful shade trees; plot 50x92; $1,000 cash. Roberts, 500 5th Av. 'Phone Bryant 238.

Beautiful building plot, size 50x120, at Bayside Park, within three minutes' walk of Little Neck Bay; privilege of use of dock and float; price, $1,500; $150 down, balance $15 month; will mail photo of location. Mr. Williard, 53 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn, near ferry.

EAST ELMHURST.—Upper flat of six large rooms and bath in two-family house two blocks from Flushing Bay; fine view; rent reasonable. C. Studinger, Sound View Terrace.

Queensboro Bridge Plaza.—Two-family house, lot 25x125; make offer; terms arranged. Roberts, 500 5th Av. 'Phone 288 Bryant.

Charming Queen Anne cottage, fifteen minutes from Queensborough Bridge. Roberts, 500 5th Av.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

COUNTRY PLACE, L. I.
I have a modern, 12-room country house of very attractive design, located on the North Shore of Long Island, convenient to New York, with several acres of nicely wooded land, best of boating and bathing, in beautiful, highly restricted locality. I will sell this place at a bargain. C. S., P. O. Box 328, New York City.

A LOT ON NORTHPORT BAY OR SOUND, near Northport; bay lots, 800 feet deep, $2,000; Sound lots, 400 feet deep, $1,500; sensible restrictions; purchasers' terms; good roads; best shore; illustrated booklet mailed; come soon for choice lots. CODLING, Northport, L. I.

Semi-Bungalow for Sale.—7 rooms and bath; easy payments; all improvements; close to water; gas, electric light, water; 5 minutes to R. R. station. Problem Solved, Box 160 Times, Times Square.

For Sale—Two lots at East Rockaway; very desirable; close to R. R. station; gas, electric light, water, boating, bathing, and fishing; easy payments. Profit Sharer, Box 225 Times, Times Office.

Small farms, half-acre plots, $200; easy payments; booklet mailed. Lebkamp, Bible House, Manhattan.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

A beautiful lot on high ground, 50 feet front, near the depot, at Westfield, N. J.; all city improvements; only $625; cash payment $10; balance $7 a month; houses built all around and within one block of a new school; full but moderate restrictions. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

Will sacrifice two beautiful Cranford lots, macadam street, cement walk, sewer, water, gas, electric light paid for. What am I offered? Cash or time. Owner, 633 Times Downtown.

Pretty unfurnished detached cottage, private street, near water, depot, golf, eight rooms, all improvements. Address Cottage, 683 Times Downtown.

Charming little country house, near trolley; perfect condition; large grounds and gardens; rare opportunity; monthly payments. Country, 668 Times Downtown.

$100 secures valuable plot, main Cranford thoroughfare; every improvement in street; double in value in year. Rare Chance, 628 Times Downtown.

Thirty minutes from New York City, delightful modern home, very accessible, plenty of shade; small payments. Address Delightful, 689 Times Downtown.

Ridgewood Bargain.—Opportunity to buy on easy terms new seven-room house, all improvements; large lot; high, convenient; should be seen. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Farms everywhere; 35 acres, 1,000 fruit trees; good buildings; $4,500. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

$500 cash, balance in rent; charming residence; all modern improvements; close to city; restricted locality. Inquire 203 East 45th.

Farms, country homes, every description, everywhere; new list exceptional bargains. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

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102 MADISON, CORNER 29TH ST.
Four-story and two-story extension brownstone dwelling to let; size 25x62x75; 20 rooms and two baths; rent moderate. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

A three-story and basement brownstone dwelling to let, 166 West 41st St.; ten rooms and bath; rent only $1,200. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

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ON THE HUDSON IN
NORTH YONKERS AND HASTINGS
ON THE
Immediate Banks of the River
Every city improvement. Forty-five minutes to Grand Central Station, best service; trolley through property to Subway in 45 minutes. Plots $1,500 to $3,000; sizes 50x100, 60x135; acreage $6,000 per acre. Write immediately and let us show you this property.
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PORT CHESTER, NEW YORK
The ideal location for a home, with wide streets and every modern convenience; trees and beautiful views and surroundings; the advantages of a city of 15,000 persons; all trains operated by electricity; 42 minutes from Grand Central; express station.
City lots in size.
Send for price list and booklet, and let us show you the best site for a home.
Attractive prices. Easy terms.
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BARGAINS.
MAMARONECK LOTS, $290
monthly payments; near station, on trolley; all improvements; high elevation.
HOUSES SOLD ON EASY TERMS.
THE WARRANTY REALTY CO.,
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.
Have cash buyers for lots, flats, apartments. Clement H. Smith, Tremont, corner Washington Av.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.
A BARGAIN
FACTORY SITE.
20 miles from city; over 3 acres, with frontage on both main track and siding Erie R. R.; fresh-water spring on property; tide-water creek alongside. Property overlooks Hudson R. R. junction. Price of land $2,000, with fine 3-story brick building, perfectly adapted for factory, $12,000.
Fine opportunity for light manufacturing.
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Timber and Agricultural Lands,
Room 605, 115 Broadway.
30,000 acres timber. Will cut 230,000,000 ft. chestnut, oak, yellow poplar, white and red oak. Other varieties: Pine, hickory, &c. Good facilities for logging and shipping; $15 per acre; North Carolina.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
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The Allenhurst
Broadway, Southeast Cor. 100th St.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
The best planned, most carefully constructed and elaborately finished apartment house on the West Side; 12 stories high.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
6, 7 and 8 Rooms and 2 Baths;
Rents $1,200 to $2,000
Apartments are now offered to rent from October 1, 1909. Tenants may occupy same any time after September 1 without extra charge.
Every Room an Outside Room.
RESIDENT MANAGER
ON PREMISES OR
Allenel Construction Co.
135 BROADWAY

Life Building Apartments
21 WEST 31ST STREET.
For rent, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st or immediate possession, apartments of Parlor, two Bedrooms, and two Bathrooms; also one smaller suite. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON
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Beautiful, modern apartments four, five, and six large, light rooms; bath, electricity, elevator, &c. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

98th 53 West.—6 light rooms and bath, $20.
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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.
$55—SINGLE FLOOR APARTMENTS—$60
Eight unusually large rooms, unequaled at price; good neighborhood, near 8th Av. "L"; convenient. 245 West 135th St.

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MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
Close to Central Park Plaza.
Handsome, large, light apartments of eight rooms and bath; all modern improvements; elevator service all night; rents moderate; possession Oct. 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.
LIFE BUILDING
21 WEST 31ST STREET.
For rent, handsomely furnished apartment, Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath, by the month or year. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

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Broadway Ground Floor and Basement (either or both)
TO LET
20 feet wide and 84 feet in depth, in a most desirable part of LOWER BROADWAY. Suitable for a commercial business. Reasonable terms. Immediate possession. An exceptional chance for first class business people who are looking for such quarters. Address for further particulars "R. T.", Post Office Box 822, New York City.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MANUFACTURERS.—Six-story and basement loft building, with all modern improvements and extraordinary power plant, elevators, etc.; will alter to suit any demand; unusually good light from all sides; long term leases given; rental about 30c. per square foot; located in the most desirable section, near 3d Av., below 28th St. Apply to W. S. Sussman,

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

French Chinaware Importers Defeated in Conflict with American Customs.

Haviland & Co. of Limoges, France, and New York, who have figured in numerous disputes with the customs authorities at this port the past several years, have again attacked the values placed on their chinaware importations by Collector Loeb.

The merchandise, which consists of white china and various classes of the more expensive decorated chinaware, were not regarded by the Collector as being invoiced at prices high enough to accord with the prevailing foreign market value at the time of the exportation of the goods from France to this country. Mr. Loeb, accordingly, acting on the advice of Appraiser Wanmaker, raised the invoice prices and assessed duty on the higher valuations.

The plain white china was taxed 55 per cent., while the decorated goods paid at the rate of 60 per cent. Being dissatisfied with this action on the part of the Collector, an appeal was taken to the Board of United States General Appraisers. Judge Waite, acting as a single General Appraiser, yesterday handed down a decision affirming the Collector's action in demanding the duties on the higher valuations. The chinaware includes dishes of many kinds.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

SAMUEL SKOLNICK.—Samuel Skolnick of 1,292 Amsterdam Avenue has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $737 and no assets.

ELIAS ROSENTHAL.—Elias Rosenthal, a lawyer of 302 Broadway, who lives at 604 Riverside Drive, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,206 and assets of $200, consisting of office fixtures and library, which are exempt. The debts are for loans, rent, merchandise, and on notes, and were contracted between 1896 and 1909. Among the creditors are the Bank of Jarmulowsky, $402; Max Rosenthal, $1,800, secured by life insurance policy; Aaron Bloch, $1,800; Aaron Mendelson, $841; Abraham Elfenbein, $795; M. S. Friede, St. Petersburg, Russia, $500, and Jacob Fishman, $367.

GRANT WAIST AND COSTUME COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Smith & Adler, manufacturers of waists and dresses at 108 Grand Street, who used the trade style of the Grant Waist and Costume Co., filed by Samuel Adler show liabilities of $3,645 and assets of $6,000, consisting of stock, $3,500 and machinery $2,500. Mr. Adler stated that he became a partner on Jan. 14, 1909, and continued until April 14, when Adolph Smith, the other partner, collected numerous outstanding accounts from customers and withdrew the balance in the National Butchers and Drovers' Bank. He is believed to be in Montreal

BARRON & MAYER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Barron & Mayer, dealers in painters' supplies at 204 Broome Street, show liabilities of $13,071 and assets of $7,991, consisting of accounts $5,491 and interest in real estate $2,500, being a one-third interest in 29 Oak Street and one-quarter interest in 428 Water Street. They also have a half interest in a conditional ten-year lease of 238 to 242 Monroe Street, in escrow, and subject to a lien of $5,500, from which they expect to realize $10,000 in the next ten years. Among the creditors are Abraham Fisher, $4,900, secured; York Card and Paper Company, $1,676, and Janeway & Co., $1,380.

NATIONAL STEEL PLATE ENGRAVING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the National Steel Plate Engraving Company of 106 Sixth Avenue by these creditors: Jones & Spinner, $202, and Martin B. Hofman $5,500 on an assigned claim of Jacob Newman for professional services and money advanced. It was alleged that the company is insolvent, made preferential payments of $1,000, transferred property valued at $1,000, and permitted the Sheriff to make a levy on an execution. The liabilities are said to be $21,000 and the assets about $12,000. The company was incorporated on April 23, 1903, with a capital stock of $1,500, and succeeded to the business of the Manhattan Engraving Company. William S. Eaton was President and Frank B. Glover Treasurer.

ABRAMS & RUBIN.—A meeting of creditors of Abrams & Rubin, manufacturers of suits, waists, and costumes at 64 East Eleventh Street, against which firm a petition in bankruptcy was filed on June 28, and who declared they were solvent then, was held yesterday afternoon at the Astor House at the call of William Henkel, the receiver, who desired the creditors to decide what to do with the goods on hand. He was authorized to sell them under the supervision of a committee of creditors consisting of S. J. Aaronson, Samuel Hall, Jr., Edmund Wright, and a representative of a silk company. George H. Williams, credit man of H. A. Caesar & Co., was the Chairman. Mr. Henkel made a statement of the condition of affairs as he found them, showing that the liabilities are between $60,000 and $70,000, while the assets were probably $20,000 to $22,000, consisting of accounts, $6,000 to $7,000, of which he had collected $3,000; stock, $10,000 to $15,000, and some machines probably worth $500. Neither partner was present at the meeting, and no offer of settlement was submitted.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Atherton, Emile L.—W. A. Bastedo, $114.
Atlas Construction Co.—J. Elias, $130.
Bloom, Edward Dewey—D. B. R. Chapman, $318.
Brenner, Jacob—W. Aronstein et al., $153.
Chesterman, Rosalie, executrix—T. Kirkpatrick, $20,223.
Clarke Construction Co., Moses Price, and Isaac Rogel—The Standard Lime Co., $749.
Dalsimer, Daniel C.—N. Bernstein, $186.
Deutch, Samuel—J. Kohn, $196.
Empire State Garage—S. F. Bowser & Co., Inc., $432.
Florence Distilling Co.—C. Farone, $161.
Ford, Hartman & Kompfe—F. W. Forbush, $164.
Faico, Francisco Mendoza—H. B. Marinelli, Ltd., $289.
Fogler, Louis S.—J. Wanamaker, $804.
Friedlander, Julius—J. Stern et al., $294.
Grossman, Isaac and Sabina—The Germania Bank of the City of New York, $526.
Grossman, Jacob—H. Katz, $230.
Goodfried, Bertha—The Schwab-Kepner Co., $741.
Hunter, Wesley D.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $193.
Heyser, Elizabeth—W. Sommer, $160.
Hazard, Ethel—Bergdorf & Goodman Co., $119.
Heming, George F.—B. C. Samuel et al., $122.
Kafner, Otto H.—W. Barthman, $187.
Liegey, Helen—O'Donohue Coffee Co., $112.
Lenox Private Hospital—Mutual Milk and Cream Co., $150.
Morris, James B., and Joseph Shea—A. Friend, $109.
Mechanics and Traders' Bank—F. Forschirn, $109.
Murphy, William H.—C. G. Kolb et al., $162.
Mitchell, Michael T.—D. S. Alpaugh et al., $1,803.
Morgan, John S., and Joseph Sormani—National Bank of New York, $404.
McGowan, Hugh C.—J. Milbank, $195.
Parrish, Edward—Fraser Tablet Co., $421.
Rappaport, Abraham—City of New York, $274.
Reilley, Peter—W. A. Boykin, $199.
Robinson, George H.—P. Maconald, $105.
Schiffman, Louis—J. & E. Homan Co., $105.
Scheffler, Geo. E.—The German Exch. Bank, $2,050.
Snow, Mortimer—L. Moore, $134.
Still, Stephen G., and Minford Realty Co.—Northern Bank of New York, $19,269.
Shera, Ethelinda M.—E. B. Core, $229.
Star Wood Co.—Waterbury Co., $383.
Smith, Harry, and Albert A. Valentine—M. M. Radcliffe, $119.
The Queen of the Moulin Rouge Co., Inc.—T. J. Hayes Printing Co., $105.
Twiss, Edward A.—C. H. Hackett et al., $132.
Von Ravens, Bulow—F. Hyer, $125.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Banks, Charles—J. S. Watson, June 25, 1909, $726.
Blau, Max F., Samuel Graff, and Dora Graff—N. Kirschner et al., Nov. 21, 1908, $182.
Block, Joseph, and Jacob Cohen—P. Kutyn, Nov. 18, 1909, $214.
Same—Same, May 24, 1909, $227.
Conron, John E. and Joseph—J. O. Armour, April 9, 1909, $562.
Freeman, Helen L.—F. A. Myrick, Nov. 28, 1909, $145.
Forgotston, Morris A.—R. Friedlander et al., March 10, 1905, canceled, $640.
Same—Same, March 10, 1905, canceled, $242.
Same—J. M. Schoenfeld, Oct. 20, 1904, canceled, $185.
Brigham, Arthur L.—C. Whelp, May 11, 1903, $360.
Gallo, Joseph, and Frank Titelli—Title Guarantee and Surety Co., May 28, 1909, $1,230.
Suswein, Henry M.—Penn. Steel Co., Oct. 19, 1908, $3,859.
Tucker, William L.—Mobile Storage and Repair Co., Feb. 10, 1905, $197.
Uhlfelder, Simon, and Abraham Weinberg—East River Mill and Lumber Co., June 11, 1908, $724.
Sane—L. Engleman, Dec. 20, 1904, canceled, $180.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; slightly lower temperature in northern portions; light to moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Oklahoma and Arkansas—Fair and somewhat cooler Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

Indiana—Unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; light to moderate southwest and west winds.

Illinois—General fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate westerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to moderate westerly winds.

Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.
in connection with West Shore and Pennsylvania Railroads forms the only all rail through car line between Philadelphia, Jersey City, New York, and all points in this famous Mountain region.

The Summer Schedule for Season of 1909 inaugurated Sunday, June 20th, including the famous RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER and the CATSKILL MOUNTAIN LIMITED trains.

An illustrated Summer Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 2 cents postage.

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Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

HOTEL ST. REGIS
Newly Built up-to-date Hotel.
Latest Modern Improvements.
Situated in most beautiful spot in Catskills. Opposite large lake. Elevation 2,500 feet. Superior table, pure spring water, excellent service. Information: HOTEL ST. REGIS, FLEISCHMANN STATION, N. Y.

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CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Elevation 3,000 feet.
GARAGE.
HOTEL KAATERSKILL CO.,
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CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Through Coach and Drawing-Room car service from New York. Altitude over 2,000 feet. Passenger elevator to all floors. Unexcelled cuisine. Rooms singly or en suite with private baths. Booklet. Address The Grand Hotel Company, Highmount P. O., N. Y.

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WOODSTOCK, ULSTER CO., NEW YORK.
Highest situation in the Catskills. Always cool. Scenery unsurpassed. Tennis, Bowling, Billiards, Pool, &c. Excellent fare. Reasonable rates. 150 guests. Restricted patronage.

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1,000 ISLANDS ST. LAWRENCE RIVER
NOW OPEN.
A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an island in the St. Lawrence River, with an exclusive class of patronage. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing, and all aquatic sports. An extremely picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; also tennis and other sports. Unequalled bass and fresh water fishing near hotel. For booklet and full information address
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1000 ISLAND PARK, St. Lawrence River, N. Y.—The best located and most attractive hotel among the Thousand Islands; excellent cuisine. Orchestra and all amusements. Now open. Booklet. L. A. JOHNSON, Prop.

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Hotel and Cottages,
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LONG ISLAND.
NOW OPEN
Under the same management as
Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point.
For information, rates, etc., address Manhanset Manor, Suffolk Co., N. Y.
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Mr. Adams will maintain at the Manhanset the same high standard of cuisine and service that has made the Chamberlin famous throughout the world.

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Good Ground, L. I.—Ideally located on Shinnecock Bay; enlarged, renovated and improved; open plumbing; accomodates 60; spacious lawn, broad verandas, tennis, croquet, surf and still water bathing; boating, excellent fishing; splendid drives; perfect table; superior service; fresh farm and dairy products; sea food and delicacies of the season; stages meet trains; telephone.
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OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
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ON THE BEAUTIFUL KIAMESHA LAKE. The Hotel is equipped with all modern improvements; accommodates 250. Dining room orchestra. Write for booklet and rates.
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Proprietors.

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Special Rates at
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GRAMERCY HOTEL 1st Ave. & Bergh St.
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HOTEL THEDFORD North Asbury Park, N. J.
Rebuilt. Suites with bath; booklet. H. Duffield.

HOTEL CLIFTON Ocean End of 3d Av.
Special rates for July.
M. V. ABBOTT.

STAFFORD North Asbury's Select Hotel. Fronting lake and ocean.

HOTEL REYNOLDS 1st Ave., Block from Ocean. Best Cuisine.

NEW JERSEY—Passaic.

THE CHATEAU
PASSAIC, N. J.
First-class family board; only five or six families taken. The Chateau is in a large, beautiful, shaded private park of roses, with water fountain and fish pond. Only 3 minutes from Prospect Street Station, Erie R. R.; 30 trains daily. Special attention given to the aged. Mrs. Raeder, the manager, is particularly attentive to the guests. It is a common saying of those who have been here that no one can be sick or die where she is. Terms moderate, from $8.00 to $30.00. Come and see or write for circular. This is the most enjoyable, quiet place to be found.

NEW JERSEY—Allenhurst.

CURLEW HOTEL,
ALLENHURST, N. J.
The most select family hotel on the Atlantic Coast.
Booklets. G. W. LEONARD.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic Highlands.

HOTEL ANDREW,
The only Jewish family hotel in Atlantic Highlands, N. J., is now open for the accommodation of guests. Beautiful location overlooking ocean and bay; bathing and boating. Booklets on application. J. FISHER, Prop., formerly with Elka View, Tannersville.

NEW JERSEY—Seabright.

THE OCTAGON 75 min. N. Y. via Sandy Hook Boats.
Built directly on beach. Casino over Ocean; perfect roads; superb bathing, riding, and tennis. Telephone 40 Seabright.

NEW JERSEY—Lake Hopatcong.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE
LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.
Extensive improvements. Noted for superior table and service. T. R. MOORE.

NEW JERSEY—Dunnfield.

MOUNTAIN SIDE HOUSE.—Near Water Gap, half mile Delaware River front; boating, bathing, fishing; airy rooms; excellent kitchen; illustrated booklet. Ernest von Hagen, Dunnfield, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Elberon.

ELBERON HOTEL and Cottages,
ELBERON, N. J.
'Phone 321—West End.

NEW JERSEY—Sea Girt.

The TREMONT Right on the beach
Delightful country surroundings. Special season rates.
S. HINKSON WOODWARD, Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Telephone 84.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

THE ALLAIRE Spring Lake, N. J.
Directly on beach. Booklet. E. M. Richardson.

NEW JERSEY—Ocean Grove.

Popular 29 Olin St., Pleasant and
MULFORD, reasonable place for vacations.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS.
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Parlor,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
Through daily trains to the West.		
CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	2:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 225 5th Av., New York; 55 Av. B, 77 Ridge St., 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 23d St. and Liberty St.
After 6 P. M. Sleeping Car reservation and full information regarding trains, &c., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. 23d St. Terminal. 'Phone 6550 Chelsea.

TO THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
via the Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill and Tannersville Railways.
Direct connection with the N. Y. Central trains leaving New York 7:54 and 11:11 A. M. daily, except Sunday, and 4:02 P. M. daily, and the West Shore trains leaving West 42d St. at 7:15 and 11:30 A. M. daily, except Sunday. Also direct connection with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE STRS.
PURCHASE TICKETS VIA CATSKILL.

Nothing Like It.
A Lost and Found advertisement in The New York Times will do more to recover your lost article than any other means you could employ. It includes a free insertion in The Lost and Found Bulletin, published weekly, and posted in over one thousand public places throughout the city. Also the service of the Lost and Found Registry Bureau.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

COOL VACATIONS
DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIPS TO
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE, RICHMOND or WASHINGTON, D. C.
VIA
OLD DOMINION LINE
The only direct line to Old Point Comfort and Norfolk without change.
Steamers are all equipped with the United Wireless Telegraph System.
Round Trip Tickets, including meals and stateroom berth on Old Dominion Steamer, Old Point Comfort or Norfolk Baltimore, Richmond, or Washington
$14 STEAMERS SAIL EVERY WEEKDAY AT 3 P. M. $15
Tickets and stateroom reservations, Pier 26, North River, foot of Beach St., N. Y. Tel. 3900 Franklin.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager. J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices, 81-85 Beach St., N. Y.

Nova Scotia Tours
4 Conducted parties in July and August. Every necessary Expense, $72.60. Ask for our Descriptive Circular. Tours and Tickets Everywhere. Also staterooms. Parlor and Sleeping cars on all lines.
FRANK TOURIST CO.
347 Broadway, New York.

BRAZIL
and All Argentine Ports
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 9th and 30th each month,
16 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service.)
You've read about Cape Cod?---Pretty nice place to spend a vacation.
Fall River Line Steamers take you there. Or go by the New Bedford Line.
Call or write 171 Broadway.
Fall River Line Steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston..... $3.65
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information.
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER
BY DAYLIGHT.
Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve.	Read Down.			Arr.	Read Up.	
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Daily, ex. Sun.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00	8:00	1:30	Pier 41, N. R., ft. W. 42d St.	6:20	5:30	8:00
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	.....
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50	.....	Yonkers	.....	4:30	7:35
.....	.....	4:30	Highl'd Falls.	8:40	.....	.....
.....	1:00	5:00	West Point..	8:35	2:50	5:45
.....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	.....	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
.....	.....	6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30	.....	.....
.....	.....	6:30	Milton	7:15	.....	.....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10	.....	.....	Kingston Pt.	.....	12:25	.....
.....	.....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	.....	.....
3:25	.....	.....	Catskill	.....	11:00	.....
3:40	.....	.....	Hudson	.....	10:40	.....
6:10	.....	.....	Albany	.....	8:30	.....
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.
Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†
Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with
STR. ALBANY, due West 42d St. 8:40 P.M. Orchestra on each steamer.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
UP THE HUDSON BY SEARCHLIGHT.
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
Steamers C. W. Morse or Adirondack leaves New York, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., West 130th St. at 6:30 P. M., daily, including Sunday.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY
Magnificent new steamers Trojan or Rensselaer leaves New York, Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M., and Yonkers, 7 P. M., COM. WED., JULY 14, daily (Saturdays included.)
Splendid accommodation. Best service. Direct connection at Albany or Troy with trains for points North, East and West. Tickets and rooms secured at piers and principal ticket offices in Greater N. Y. Horses, carriages, and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.
Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE
FOR NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
New Jersey Central
Lv. New York, Pier 11, N. R., ft. W. 23d St., 8.30, 9.35, 10.30 A. M., 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, 5.25, 7.45 P. M. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00 A. M., 1.00, 3.30, 7.45, 8.55 (W. End only), 10.40 P. M. (E. Long Branch only).
Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., ft. Cedar St., 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 8.10 P. M. Sundays, 9.30, 10.30 A. M. 1.30, 4.00, 8.30, 9.15 (W. End only), 11.10 P. M., (E. Long Branch only).
The High Grade Sail $1.00
N. Y. Harbor Round Trip
Ask Ticket Agents for Folder
Passengers can make round trip on all steamers except those leaving W. 23d St., 8.30, 7.45 P. M., Sundays 7.45, 8.55, 10.40 P. M.; Cedar St., 5.45, 8.10 P. M., Sundays, 8.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—Must know stenography and typewriting; $4 to start. Posner, 61 West 15th St.

EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN for CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE. Steady positions and good salaries to capable saleswomen for this department. Apply to Superintendent, 8-10 A. M. or by letter. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., Lexington to 3d Av., 59th-60th St.

GIRLS to assort and card pearl buttons; paid while learning; work as clean as office work; steady employment for industrious girls. Apply Empire City Pearl Button Works, 10th St. and Vernon Av., Long Island City.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

HELP WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOY, 13, honest, willing to work; errand, office boy, &c.; $4 to start. H. M. Mannheimer, 477 West 140th St.

CANVASSERS.—Men of good address for work in country; first-class proposition; salary and commission; paid weekly; carfares paid; position permanent. 283 Water St., sixth floor, entrance on Dover St.

CANVASSERS.—Experienced, to introduce new international steamship guide. Apply Maritime Publishing Company, Tribune Building.

CLEANER, PRESSER, AND SPOTTER for a small cleaning plant; to right party work for $2 weeks in the year; wages to start, $15. Address Near New York, Box 7, 1,515 3d Av.

OFFICE BOY, 18 years old, familiar with downtown district, in banking house; salary $6 to start. H 139 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Several good clothing salesmen for out-of-town; excellent opportunities for hustlers. Adelberg & Berman, 34 West Houston St.

SALESMEN.—All territories; side line, best selling kimonos and house gowns; liberal commission. Lutfy & Macksoud, 7 East 20th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

AGENTS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ENERGETIC men make big money with our Patent Button Camera; lowest price and best button camera made; on installments if desired. Cea-Bap Manufacturing Co., 629 West 43d St.

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—STENOGRAPHER.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

A. A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5,712 Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS and STENOGRAPHERS.—Any number of competent double-entry bookkeepers and stenographers, both male and female, wanted. Strauss Agency, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

COOKS, $25; laundresses, $25; waitresses, nurse. Fiaherty Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741—Riverside.

MISS NELSON'S Swedish Employment Bureau, 570 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, and laundresses; references thoroughly investigated; 'phone 3679 Plaza.

Steele's Help Exchange, 155 West 133d St.—First-class colored help, male and female. Evola G Steele. 'Phone 1360 Morningside.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED,FEMALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant; business college graduate, well educated; first-class references; bond furnished if necessary; salary no object. Reliable, 1,292 1st Av.

COMPANION, &c.—As companion to lady or governess to grown children; refined young woman, French descent; good sewer; musical. B 157 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

LAUNDRESS.—French laundress will take high-class washing home or out; shirts, collars, silk and lace princess dresses and waists; equal to new; reference; open-air drying. 184 East 79th St. Tel. 4590 Lenox.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, intelligent; competent to fill difficult position; best references; $15. Reliable. H 133 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, graduate of business college, well educated; can do neat, accurate work. Miss Williams, 605 Madison Av.; 'phone 2998 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST—Some experience in office work; thoroughly trained beginner. Industrious, H 141 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, but neat, rapid, accurate, desires permanent position; $7. Worthy, H 134 Times, Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, educated abroad, just returned, wishes to take charge of children; French and music taught; also light housework; city references. Pronier, 111 West 135th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A GENTLEMAN, college graduate of Europe, South America, and of this country, speaking nine languages, wants a position; can give the best references and guarantee. Box B 14 Times, Times Square.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, supervised; weekly and monthly arrangement; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. Telephone 3539—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT—Saves money for clients; terms moderate for audits, opening, closing, and balancing. Auditor, 2,613, 165 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER, CORRESPONDENT, or Assistant.—Young man, some knowledge Spanish; rapid, accurate, reliable, good penman; highest credentials character, ability; moderate salary. Kenneth Skinner, 313 West 14th St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; balances, systematizes, audits books, regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOY, (15,) honest, willing, wishes any position. Simon Lipschitz, 89 Madison St.

BUTLER.—Japanese butler, with full qualification and good character, desires position in good family rather than of good wages, if not both; has best references. M. W., 41 East 19th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Employer giving up his motor would like to find a place for his chauffeur, whom he can recommend as a good driver and steady man. Address Room 1, Fourth Floor, 59 Wall St.

CHAUFFEUR.—By young man, steady position in the country; four years' experience; best references; first-class machinist; careful driver. J. Begley, 307 East 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Of excellent family, licensed, German-American, desires position in private family. Chauffeur, 1,892 Bedford Av., care of William Fahlbusch, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

CHAUFFEUR.—Refined colored man, 24, wishes position with private family; thoroughly experienced, careful driver; excellent reference. Birge, 2,229 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR. — German-American, married; experienced on Haynes and Buick cars; private family preferred; city or country; reference. Gus, 216 Willis Av.

DETECTIVE.—Confidential investigating, shadowing; licensed, bonded. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3436 Bedford.

EDUCATED YOUNG MAN, employed days, wishes light responsibilities or occupation evenings or nights. Sociable, 154 Times, Times Square.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—University graduate, brought up in best environment, wishes employment with refined family; has had wide business experience, and at present holds responsible position in legal department of large corporation; include preparation of young men for college among his duties; highest references furnished. Address Confidential, 263 W. 125th.

SALESMAN.—High grade; wide experience; also office executive; age 37; would connect with first-class concern; could act in confidential capacity or assist management; reasonable salary or drawing account, with expenses. N 154 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Gentleman, (65,) many years' experience in dry goods, wishes position in jobbing or commission house, indoor or outside salesman, New York City; satisfactory reference. Box B 148 Times, Times Square.

SECRETARY to prominent man who is away for Summer desires temporary position. B 147 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate transcriptions; experienced, intelligent, educated; substitute, permanent; reference. P. L., 127 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, three years' experience with one firm, office, and salesroom, High School graduate, seeks advancement. Active, B110 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

66TH ST., 62 WEST.—Excellent table board; home cooking; good service; $4 weekly. Frost.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, adjoining bath; cool, light; table guests.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private bath; also hall room; board; suitable terms; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suites; private bath; single room; electric lights; Southerners accommodated.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates; table board; well-kept house; references.

80TH ST., 102 WEST. (THE ANDERSON,) Formerly 150 and 152 West 80th St. Cool Summer location, between Central Park and Riverside Drive; beautiful suites of one, two, three rooms and bath, furnished; American dining room; home cooking our specialty; Summer rates.

81ST ST., 116 WEST.—For gentlemen, nice room; strictly high-class board; satisfactory references required.

82D ST., 117 WEST. (Between Central Park-Riverside.)—Desirable large and small rooms; Summer rates.

82D, 122-124 WEST, Maison Pelletier.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; permanents; transients; Summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; "L," telephone.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Two large rooms, private bath; one small room; telephone; table board.

85TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large, small, cool rooms; near park, Subway, elevated; telephone; table board.

91ST, 48 WEST, (near Parks.)—Nicely furnished cool rooms; $7 up; table guests accommodated.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; good table and service; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; also single room; good board; telephone; references.

93D, 257 WEST.—In select house, large, small rooms, every convenience; Summer rates; table guests.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Two front rooms, bath; single or en suite; home table.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board; table boarders. Telephone 7442—Riverside.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; also doctor's office; excellent board; Southern home.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; private baths; refined, homelike surroundings; parlor dining room; references.

118TH ST., 423 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior table; attractive rates; references. Apartment 3.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Large, delightfully cool rooms; overlooking Park; celebrated table; rooms, $3-$5.

123D ST., 111 WEST.—Large and single rooms, with board; near Subway; table guests accommodated.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; Summer rates; telephone; near Subway; table guests.

142D, 516 WEST.—Private house; running water; refined Christion family; home atmosphere; references expected.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d St.—Finest location in New York City; block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking park and river; private baths; private telephone; superior table; more foliage than country; every convenience.

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, Near 5th Av.—Front parlor, private bath; single rooms; superior table.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Cool rooms, Summer rates; park privilege; transients; telephone.

21ST ST., 46 EAST.—Attractive rooms; quiet, accessible; excellent board; references.

MADISON AV., 17.—Single and double rooms; facing park; table guests accommodated.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large cool rooms, overlooking Wall St.; Subway; three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

New York.

PRIVATE house, first-class accommodations for commuters, near Hotel Gramatan; 'phone 292 R Bronxville. Miss Nugent, Cassilis Av., Armour Villa Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

MANASQUAN, N. J.—Tiebout Cottage, splendidly located amid pines and maples, fifteen minutes from beautiful Manasquan Beach; good board; large, airy rooms. Information, I. Pouchir, 377 Macon St., Brooklyn.

First-class board, large, airy rooms, in beautiful Bronxwood Park, (Williamsbridge;) rates $7 to $10 per week. Mrs. L. W. How. 'Phone 145 Williamsbridge.

Pleasant home on shore, Lake Keuka, N. Y., open to two boys or brother and sister; fine bathing, boating, and fishing; boats provided. N 164 Times Downtown.

A JEWISH FAMILY have one large ocean-front room. Sea View Cottage, Atlantic Av., Far Rockaway. Telephone Far Rockaway 799.

SELECT rooms and board; quiet, pleasant, homelike; permanent and transient. 107 Stevens St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HANRAHAN FARM, Dalton, Mass., in the heart of the Berkshires. Open June to October.

New Jersey.

PARK HOTEL, Orange—Neat, clean rooms best of table; near depot; reasonable. F. J. Kieb, Prop.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

New England.

SUMMER board, beautiful Litchfield Hills; delightful rooms; good table; shaded lawn, piazzas; fine train service; postals. Box 82, Canaan, Conn.

Quality Pays For Itself.

Pay a little more for quality and quality will pay for itself. This applies to Help Wanted advertising. The demand for high class help was never greater than now.

Employers know the best way to secure help nowadays is by advertising in the daily newspapers. They are learning, too, that the best class of help, live, energetic workers, may be reached through The New York Times.

Costs a little more in The Times, *but it's worth it.*

The New York Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Corner house; cool, well furnished, large, small rooms; home comforts; telephone.

13TH, 104, (west of 6th Av.)—Desirable square and hall rooms; adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

33D ST., 28 WEST, Opposite Waldorf.—Delightfully cool; handsomely furnished for office or living. Henderson.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; running water; all conveniences; bath; select; 'phone.

39TH ST., 9 WEST.—Large rooms, (parlor for business;) American; Southerners accommodated; telephone 4117 Bryant.

42D, 242 WEST.—Times Square, Subway; double, single rooms; private baths; electricity; telephone; reasonable.

44TH ST, 233 WEST, (Astor Block.)—Large, well furnished rooms; Southerners accommodated; telephone 396—Bryant.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, clean rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Large, cool room; all conveniences; quiet, well-kept house; Southern transients accommodated; Summer prices; references exchanged.

50TH, 70 WEST.—High-class large, small, cool rooms; private baths; tourists accommodated.

51ST ST., 315 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, suitable for doctor; good light; handsomely furnished; hot and cold running water; steam heat. Kyrtis.

61ST, 28 WEST.—Clean, cool room; central; near Park; refined surroundings; transients; breakfast.

64TH ST., 153 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms, $2 and up; reference exchanged; telephone; all conveniences.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

73D ST., 175 WEST.—Large or small furnished rooms; light and pleasant; near Subway.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; Summer prices; telephone.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; gentlemen; reasonable; telephone.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Elegant parlor floor, suitable for physician's office. private family.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Rooms on floor with bath; Summer rates; transients accommodated; board optional; telephone.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; every convenience; telephone; references; private house.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, running water; first-class house; transients; breakfast.

83D, 57 WEST.—Attractive; private house; south; cool; large, small; abundant hot water; telephone.

83D, 68 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms, $3 up; breakfast; telephone; private house.

87TH, 127 West.—Suite or single rooms, bath adjoining; all conveniences; strictly private; references.

87TH ST., 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room, bath adjoining; private family; convenient to "L" and Subway; gentlemen.

91ST ST., 55 WEST.
Two large rooms, one suitable for doctor, dentist; telephone 319—River; under new management.

91ST ST., 152 WEST.—Large, airy parlor suite; five windows; river breeze; newly decorated; comfortably furnished; Subway. "L"; $3, $6. Tandy.

92D ST., 59 WEST.—Large and small room in private residence.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Large furnished room; also small; running water; large closets; private house.

93D ST., 165 WEST.—Large front rooms; running water; superior board optional; convenient "L," Subway.

97TH ST., 25 WEST.—Large room for doctor or dentist; also one furnished; Summer rates.

116TH ST., 363 WEST.—Comfortable room; strictly private house; water; bath; telephone; refined gentleman only.

125TH ST., 19 WEST.—Light, cool rooms, rent all or part apartment, block Subway. Fenton.

133D ST., 223 WEST.—Richly furnished rooms, large; moderate rent; near L, Subway. Delaney.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; ample closets; parlor; refined neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

East Side.

12TH ST., 223 EAST.—Nicely furnished large double parlor; suitable for light business; other rooms, bath.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Delightful rooms, half block east of Waldorf; every convenience; telephone; Summer rates.

43D ST., 13 EAST, opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Desirable large room; running water; small, pleasant room.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; breakfast optional; Summer rates.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—Very desirable room for gentleman; also small room; moderate rental; references.

49TH ST., 50 EAST.—Attractive small room; also large room suitable for two gentlemen; low rate.

58TH ST., 34 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; reasonable.

59TH ST., Cor. Lexington, (739.)—Furnished room, bath, single, en suite; gentlemen. 6019 Plaza.

60TH ST., 57 EAST.—Large, attractive rooms, en suite, singly, adjoining bath; private house; telephone; reasonable.

65TH ST., 158 EAST.—Nice large and small rooms; hot water, telephone; private house.

83D, 120 EAST.—Room, board for gentleman; home comforts, bath; by couple. Granitza.

116TH ST., 123 EAST, "The Leland."—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; private baths; $3 up.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

IRVING PLACE, 67.—Large connecting rooms, next bath; hallrooms; block Gramercy Park; references.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696.—Rooms, suites, $3-$10 weekly; private baths; board optional.

Brooklyn.

PARK PLACE, 110.—One or two rooms for one or two gentlemen desiring comfortable quarters in town for the Summer or permanently; every convenience and nicely furnished house.

LARGE single rooms; new furnishings; board optional; Summer rate. 433 4th St., Brooklyn.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Whatever You Want

Telephone 1000 Bryant and insert a small Want advertisement in The New York Times. Costs little and brings results.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

BEFORE INVESTING ELSEWHERE

persons with large or small capital should call or write for particulars how sums of $50 and upward can be safely invested so as to secure monthly interest at the rate of 8% per annum, with a further profit-sharing arrangement, the principal being repayable on demand.

INTERSTATE LAND & BLDG. CO-OPERATIVE ASSN.,
261 Broadway, (Op. City Hall,) N. Y.
Telephones, Barclay 5620 to 5623.

Business man, five languages, with large experience in high-class European office positions and as traveling representative in this country, with self well established trade with hatters, furnishing goods, and department stores, United States and Mexico, wishing to settle in this country, would join important concern, investing own profitable line, or accept good agencies; best references. B Box 155 Times, Times Square.

A.—A.—Positively sure and safe investment business proposition; partner with $25,000 to $35,000 in new idea plan apartment construction; plan carefully figured and profits large. LANG, Room 401, 500 5th Av., New York.

German patent attorney, long experience, many clients, and well known in Germany, registered United States, living New York, desires to associate with first-class American patent attorney. H 199 Times Downtown.

Boarding House.—Owner going West; furniture, $1,739; enviable reputation; cultured people; 15 rooms, 2 baths; steam heat; all improvements; permanent clientele. Address Tappan, Box B 153 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MEN, yes, every man, with moderate income and able to lay aside $100 per year, will be interested in my proposition. C. A. SANDERS, 115 Broadway.

I have from $2,000 to $5,000 to invest in a good paying, legitimate proposition; no patents. What have you? A. H. F., Box P 120 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Fifty new first-class box springs, all sizes; bargain. 547 West 21st St.

Partner take half interest well-established manufacturing business. Office, 547 West 21st St.

Patented desk utility given on royalty to man who can push. 142 Times Downtown.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the WESTCHESTER ELECTRIC RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New York, for the purpose of building, constructing, maintaining, and operating a street surface railroad in the Village of Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York, has made application to the Board of Trustees of said village to build, construct, maintain, and operate a street surface railroad through, upon, and along the following avenues, streets, roads, and highways in the Village of Pelham Manor, New York, namely:

First—From the junction of Pelhamdale Avenue and the Old Boston Post Road southerly through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the Boston Turnpike; thence easterly through and along the Boston Turnpike to the boundary line of the City of New Rochelle, and also, from the junction of Pelhamdale Avenue with the Boston Turnpike southerly, through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the bridge of the Harlem River Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company.

Second—From said bridge of the Harlem River Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the Shore Road, and thence easterly, through and along the Shore Road to the boundary line of the City of New Rochelle.

Such application will be considered by said Board of Trustees on the 21st day of July, 1909, at 8 o'clock P. M. on that day, at the Village Hall in the Village of Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York.

Dated Pelham Manor, N. Y., June 28, 1909.
By order of the Board of Trustees,
CHAS. H. POND,
President.
HENRY N. BABCOCK,
Village Clerk.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.
Sealed estimates for dredging about 25,000 cubic yards in the Boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn, The Bronx, Queens, and Richmond, (Contract No. 1,193,) and for dredging about 150,000 cubic yards on the East and Harlem Rivers in the five boroughs, (Contract No. 1,188,) and for furnishing and delivering sand and broken stone, (Contract No. 1,189,) will be received by the Deputy and Acting Commissioner at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, July 20, 1909. (For particulars see City Record.)

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.—Sealed estimates for furnishing insurance on municipal ferryboats will be received by the Commissioner of Docks until 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, July 15, 1909, at Pier A, North River. (For particulars see City Record.)

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 12,473.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KATE HAUKAP, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Kate Haukap of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1909, the said Kate Haukap was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,375 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
July 10th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,296.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BURHAM SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Burham Safety Razor Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1909, the said Burham Safety Razor Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,375 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
July 10th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,538.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARCUS WERTHEIM, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Marcus Wertheim of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1909, the said Marcus Wertheim was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,375 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1909, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
July 10th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST—At Fort Lee Ferry house, New York, Thursday, 5 P. M., black bag, containing purse with money, keys, papers, gold box, etc., with name on; a liberal reward paid if finder desires. Can keep money and return bag and contents to ferry house or to A. A. Hutchinson, 15 William St.

LOST—Bracelet, three diamonds, plain, clasp, Saturday night, July 3; Brighton Beach, Coney Island, Brooklyn R. T., or Subway to New York; liberal reward. Frederick Mellor, attorney, 15 William St.

LOST.—Crown brooch, gold, 20 diamonds, July 2, on train from Sound Beach, Conn., 42d St., Broadway, Columbus Av. cars, or Butler's Hairdresser. Reward. W. S. Gartner, 478 Broadway.

LOST—Four-leaf clover brooch; green, centre diamond, pearls surrounding; Broadway, between 127th-149th Sts., Manhattan Av., or Broadway-Amsterdam car, July 4; reward, $10. Box P 107 Times Downtown.

LOST—On July 2, between 44 West 44th St. and Wall St., a gold scarfpin representing a mermaid holding a pearl; $25 reward; no questions asked. N. G. Higham, 44 West 44th St.

LOST—July 11, from Bronx Park, Subway to 96th St., West End Av., blue brooch, Canadian coat of arms; value for association; liberal reward to finder. Dodge, 301 West 96th St. 'Phone 6311 River.

LOST—Lady's gold barrette, Jersey City car, Desbrosses Ferry, or Belt Line, New York; reward. A. Thurm, Van Corlear Place, Kingsbridge, N. Y.

LOST—Gold medal, marked on face "K. C. 1907," back, "1st prize athletic contest, won by Jerome N. Lurie"; $5 reward. 1 West 70th St.

LOST—Black leather combination purse and mirror, containing key, picture, &c.; reward. Strong, Hotel St. Andrew, Broadway and 72d St.

LOST—Pair of diamond cuff buttons, July 9, Brighton Beach; reward. Return to W. J. Cullen, Supt. Hanover Club, 563 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Premo camera, left on Coney Island express at Brooklyn Bridge Saturday, 6 P. M.; reward. B 146 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Gold belt pin, raised rose design, Tiffany make, July 2, 4:30 P. M., Empire Building. Reward. Return to 430 West 33d St.

LOST—A leather portfolio; contents, cash and papers; liberal reward. Henry Meyers, Hotel Wellington.

LOST.—Bank Book No. 223,247, Harlem Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—2 paper boxes, Subway, Grand Central. Kindly return to Chas. Weisbecker 1 Maiden Lane.

LOST—One pair gold-mounted eyeglasses in case; reward. J. A. Kearney, 537 West Broadway.

LOST—Three rings, July 2; reward the value thereof. Stimpson, 310 West 140th.

$100.00 REWARD for gold bag, containing some money, two Long Island R. R. mileage books, handkerchief, &c., lost July 12th while shopping in vicinity of 6th Av. and 34th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$100 REWARD.—Three-stoned diamond ring in ladies' room, Abraham & Straus; positively no questions asked. Peavey, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

REWARD $2,000, no questions asked, for the return of a package containing one large diamond bowknot brooch, one diamond tiara, one diamond paved watch, and one large emerald, lost on Erie ferryboat Passaic that left Jersey City at 10:40 A. M. on June 29; absolutely no questions asked. Apply Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

REWARD $15.00—Return of pin, (or ticket,) crown and heart, set small diamonds; word "Charity" blue enamel; monogram "M. R. S." 32 Edgecombe Av., near 136th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

DOGS! ! !—Various good breeds given responsible people guaranteeing good homes. Call immediately, Miss Mills, Kingsbridge; take Broadway Subway to 231st St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND—Monday, 6:30, front of Chamber of Commerce, bunch four keys. Call 68 William St., Room 609.

FOUND—Souvenir cent, mounted in plated sleeve button. C. G. Monsalve, 323 West 36th St.

FOUND, July 12—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry St.:
Boston bulldog.
Brown gelding horse, 14 hands, two white hind feet, halter on.
26-ft. yawl, white outside and brown bottom.
Two packages containing gray silk.
FOUND, July 12—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Package, umbrella.
FOUND, July 12—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Package, case, bundle.
FOUND, July 12—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Umbrella, 4 packages.
FOUND, July 12—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Two packages, muff, 3 umbrellas, 2 suits pajamas, hat, thimble, umbrella and shawl, nightshirt, breastpin, card case, lady's jacket. JERSEY CITY STATION—Dress suitcase.
FOUND, July 12—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station—2 packages, 3 music stands, umbrella.

FOUND, July 10-11—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: ON SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Package samples, 2 satchels, shirt, photograph, screwdriver, bag, purse, towels, bag, pair rubbers, package cloths, bag. ON THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Underwear, hat, package shoes, &c.; books, overalls, package canvas, toweling, hats, tackle, box candy, bottle liquid, purse, keys, collars, napkins, suit, jacket, case, 2 jackets, demijohn, keys, waist, &c.; satchel, pair gloves, key, 2 caps, pair gloves, casting, hammer, drawing, shirt, bags, wedge, pair shoes, bandage, package type, net bag, grip; cane, 3 umbrellas. ON SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Fishing rod, cap, waist, vest, photos, package bottles, aprons, 2 pairs stockings, glove, shirt, pair gloves, diploma, pocketbook, purse, card of samples, sum money, 5 umbrellas. ON NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Hat, ring, pen, music, books, overalls, pair trousers, apron, hat, purse, cap, pin, box dresses, fish line, 6 umbrellas. IN SUBWAY—Three purses, keys, watch, box powder, comb, pair gloves, package socks, bag, books, package stationery, belt and shield, hat, pair gloves, pocketbook, belt, locket, package papers, 2 canes, boxes, photo, bag, 4 umbrellas.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED MEDICAL and Hospital Property by Burdett & Dennis, 29 Burling Slip, consisting of surgical instruments, apparatus, books, typewriters, household utensils and miscellaneous supplies, at 11 A. M. July 23, 1909, at 67 Vestry Street, New York, by order of Major Edwin P. Wolfe, U. S. A., in charge of Medical Supply Depot.

David Charles, Davis & Co., general auctioneers, sells Japanese goods, &c. T. Sato & Co., Seaside, Rockaway Beach, Long Island.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Margaret J. P. Graves, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, office of Robert Graves, No. 488 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of January next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of June, 1909.
ROBERT GRAVES.
MICHAEL F. LOUGHMAN,
EDWARD J. LOUGHMAN,
FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK,
BONAVENTURE F. BRODERICK,
Executors.

B. AYMAR SANDS, Attorney for Executors, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—My wife, Minnie Cohen, having left my bed and board since June 30, 1909, I will not be responsible for any debts that she may contract. Joseph Cohen, 604 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

N. Y. SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JAMES FULTON, Plaintiff, against CHARLES M. SIEGEL, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 29th day of June, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of August, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being on the southerly side of East Seventy-sixth Street in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at a point on the southerly side of East Seventy-sixth Street, distant three hundred feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-sixth Street with the westerly side or line of Avenue A;

AERONAUT CIRCLES OVER TIMES SQUARE

Thousands of New Yorkers Witness an Eerie Flight by Frank Goodale.

TRIP AN IMPROMPTU ONE

Attempts a Second Voyage Over the Polo Grounds, but Air Currents Stop Him.

Frank W. Goodale, the boy aeronaut of Toledo, gave several thousand New Yorkers a decided surprise yesterday by suddenly appearing a thousand feet or more in the air with his dirigible balloon over the New York Times Building.

Making a wide circle around the building, passing over the roof of the Knickerbocker Hotel, he then made another half circle directly over the Times tower, dropping to within about 150 feet of the flagstaff. There he hovered for a moment, waving his hand gayly to the thousands of upturned faces, and plainly hearing their shouts.

Incidentally the aeronaut managed to disrupt business to an extent that is seldom seen in Times Square. Staid men of affairs forgot their appointments and stopped to look with the same interest that caused telegraph and messenger boys to linger long on the street corners. Motormen stopped their cars, and with the conductors and hundreds of passengers got into the street to witness the strange sight.

Even the policemen, for the time, threw traffic regulations to the winds, while from hundreds of windows men, women, and children peered skyward, some waving handkerchiefs and others shouting lustily to the air navigator.

Not since Knabenshue sailed over the New York Times Building on Aug. 20, 1905, has a dirigible balloon visited Times Square, and it is an interesting coincidence that the young man who eclipsed that achievement yesterday is a pupil of Knabenshue.

While the balloon was hovering over the tower of the Times Building the telephone operator at the Times switchboard got a hurry call from Palisade Park, in New Jersey.

"We've lost the balloon," said a voice. "Can't see a thing even with glasses in the fog. Do you know anything about it?"

"Well, there are about 20,000 people more or less looking at it right here," was the reply. "If he lands on the tower we'll take good care of him."

"It was a big relief," said Goodale's manager, "when we heard the balloon was all right, for we had no idea that he would try so long a flight."

"It is the longest flight I ever made in my life—just about ten miles"—said the young aeronaut later in the day. "I have been waiting for just such a chance, for I wanted to do something better than sail around Grant's Tomb. When I found the wind was just right for a visit to the busy part of New York I had the balloon taken from its shed, in Palisade Park.

"It was great to look down upon the towering mass of buildings and see Long Island Sound and the distant shores brilliantly outlined in the sun. Then the enthusiasm of the people and their shouts that could be heard with the greatest clearness! It fairly made my nerves tingle, and I am eager to get in a bigger balloon and make a longer distance flight—perhaps to Philadelphia or Albany."

Goodale was in the air exactly fifty minutes. He left his headquarters at Palisade Park, on the New Jersey shore above Fort Lee Ferry, at 8:40 A. M., and came down on the exact spot from which he ascended at 9:30.

His success and the keen enthusiasm aroused by the morning trip led him to make an effort to visit the rival baseball teams on the Polo Grounds in the afternoon. He carried with him a baseball wrapped in the material of which the balloon is made, to present to the Giants.

But this time the upper currents of air were too strong, and when just over the river beyond the ferry house the gas began to condense rapidly and Goodale turned back. He fell into the top of an oak tree at the entrance to the grounds, and the balloon narrowly escaped being punctured.

It tilted dangerously, but Goodale steadied the machine quickly while calling out orders to those below. He finally pulled the obstructing branches away, and as the balloon dropped, escaping several electric wires, it was grabbed by his assistants and safely hauled into its shed.

In his former experiences in crossing the Hudson, Goodale has always found that the cold current of ascending air causes the gas in the balloon to condense rapidly. To prevent this as much as possible he rose rapidly at the start until he was at an altitude of over 2,000 feet. He then sailed over the river, making a diagonal course, reaching the Manhattan shore at about 101st Street.

Goodale explained that another reason was his desire to rise above the heavy mist that hung over the river, but before clearing the river he ran into a cloud bank that totally obscured his vision. Emerging from this he found another big cloud below him, and could see nothing but the sun shining gloriously on the Long Island shore.

Still keeping a diagonal course he sailed over Riverside Drive to Eighty-eighth Street, and from that point he made practically a straight course down Broadway, diverging a little above Fifty-ninth Street, where he crossed the lower end of the Park, passing almost over the roof of the Plaza. Then he set a straight course to the New York Times Building and turned the mark as accurately as the most experienced yachtsman.

On his homeward trip Goodale found a northwest wind against him at about 1,000 feet in the air, but he made a straight run up Broadway to Eighty-sixth Street, then swung over toward the river, passing over the Soldiers and Sailors' monument at Ninety-second Street, crossing the river at a slightly diagonal line and running up to the Palisades along the Jersey shore.

AEROPLANE TAKES A TUMBLE.

Schneider's Invention Falls at Morris Park, but He Escapes Injury.

Fred Schneider's aeroplane was wrecked last evening at Morris Park, and the operator narrowly escaped serious injury while attempting to make a flight from the monorail in the centre of the field.

Schneider's machine was built on the plan of the Wright aeroplane, and it was regarded as the most promising of the different types of aerial craft built by the members of the Aeronautic Society. The machine was recently fitted with a new forty horse power motor. It is necessary to start it, as the Wright machines are usually started, from a track; and for this purpose a catapult was built some time ago on the infield.

Early in the afternoon Schneider attached his machine to the monorail, but owing to the high wind he delayed making his trial until about 7 o'clock. Then the machine was shot forward, but it had left the track barely twenty feet when, either from the fact that the forward rudder was tipped at too high an angle, or the wind against which it was going offered too great resistance, the big biplane rose in the air to a height of fifteen feet, circled around, and then fell with a crash to the ground.

Capt. Albert C. Triaca and Lieut. Riley Scott, formerly of the United States Army, who were among the few spectators, ran forward fearful that Schneider was killed or badly hurt. By some miraculous chance he was unhurt, and crawled from under the débris. When the big machine turned in the air it buckled in the centre, due to the weight of the 40 horse power motor, and in falling the frame and planes were broken into scores of pieces. The motor, however, was not damaged.

AGAINST FRAZIN & OPPENHEIM

Referee's Report Unfavorable to Settlement Accepted by Creditors.

William H. Willis, referee in bankruptcy, who has had charge of the case of Frazin & Oppenheim, dealers in shoes and cloaks in this city, Philadelphia, and Chicago, made a report yesterday on the objections to the composition offered by the firm of 35 cents cash and 40 cents in stock of a new corporation, which had been accepted by a majority of the creditors. The offer was opposed by the Second National Bank of this city, a creditor for $40,000, and the American Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, a creditor for $19,710. The referee reports that the composition should be disallowed on the ground that a statement of the firm's condition made on Jan. 7 to the above banks upon which loans were made was materially and grossly false. This is the only specification sustained by the referee. Lesser Brothers, representing $250,000 of New England creditors, who were in favor of the composition, said yesterday that the report of the referee would come up in the United States District Court on Wednesday before Judge Hand, when an effort would be made to reverse the referee's ruling.

FUNERAL FOR SPOT'S TAIL.

That Was All That Was Left of Dog That Carried Papers in Jersey.

They had a funeral yesterday in Cedar Grove, N. J., behind the Post Office. Edward Taylor, village Postmaster, was gravedigger. What they buried was all that was left of the newspaper carrying dog Spot—just a long black tail.

That was what a big yellow automobile left of Spot. He had belonged to Chester Taylor. Chester bought him for all his savings a year ago when his owner, a peddler, said he was "a pure-blooded mongrel." Chester didn't know what a mongrel was, but from the way the peddler said it he felt that the dog was cheap at $3.

Before that Chester had delivered papers; now he took Spot along the route, and Spot soon learned everything about the business. So after a little Chester took his marbles along with the papers out under the big tree before the Post Office. He would give Spot a paper, "Here, Spot," he would say. "Cy Sawyer," and Spot would dash off like a streak. When he got back he would watch till Chester finished a shot, and Chester would hand him another paper and say: "Here, Spot; Jones," and so on right down the list.

Now yesterday he had a paper for Jim Willis, and they do say the man in the yellow car looked like Willis, and Spot figured to save a trip. Anyway, he met the yellow car head on, and the car continued its course. As to Spot, some say he went mainly over a fence toward Singat, where Mme. Schumann-Heink lives, but they only found the tail.

TAFT GETS A "BIG STICK."

Kansas Donor Intimates That President Should Swat Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—A sure enough "Big Stick"—a bludgeon six feet long and shaped much like the big emblem of Rooseveltian authority which became famous in cartoons during the last Administration—was presented to-day to President Taft. The donor was J. E. Forbes of Ottawa, Kan., who sent with the stick this message:

"The Almighty probably grew this big stick for some good purpose, and I suspect that it was to allow you to swat the Tariff bill and other schemes of criminal extortion."

DROP NAME OF ROCKEFELLER.

Illinois Town Makes Change to Area, with No Ill-Feeling.

ROCKEFELLER, Ill., July 12.—The Village Board to-day voted to change the name of this town from Rockefeller to Area. This action was taken contemporaneously with the laying of the cornerstone of the first building of Sheldon University. It is asserted that no ill-feeling is held against John D. Rockefeller, for whom the town originally was named.

The new name is alliterative of the town's motto: "Ability, Reliability, Energy, and Action."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:00—28 Goerck St.; George Adlotica	$800
2:00—430 W. 125th St.; unknown	Trifling
3:30—235 Broome St.; G. Stelnowitz	Trifling
4:00—108 E. 119th St.; W. H. Bohlk	Trifling
8:30—635 5th St.; Benjamin Keller	Trifling
8:40—2,572 8th Av.; Hugh Travis	$200
9:05—196 Henry St.; Samuel Beckman	$25
10:25—212 Madison St.; Henry Schwartz	$100
10:25—37 Canal St.; Rosie Vavodnich	$300
11:00—180 W. 82d St.; Mrs. Cox	$25
P. M.	
3:20—9-11 Prince St.; Mary Ealontoni	$50
4:10—355 W. 47th St.; Mary Malthoff	$500
5:10—New York Central yards, between Brook and Westchester Avs.	Trifling
6:20—98 E. 4th St.; Louis Kunsharsky	$50
7:25—Foot of East 122d St.; C. Kunz	Trifling
8:00—122 E. 31st St.; George Rudkins	Trifling
8:05—168th St. and Amsterdam Av.; O. J. Gude	$25
9:00—108th St. and 2d Av.; New York Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
9:13—Foot of Peck Slip; Boston Excelsior Co.	Trifling
9:37—19 Rutgers Place; G. Drakesky	Trifling
9:35—3 W. 14th St.; Alex. Gunsky	$300
9:45—806 E. 56th St.; Bernard Foss	$10
9:45—45 Ludlow St.; Jacob Freeman	$100
10:30—320 W. 17th St.; unknown	Trifling

REFEREE TO AUDIT RECEIVER'S BOOKS

Creditor of the Pierrepont Hotel Objects to a $50,000 Compromise Item.

FINDS OTHER FAULTS, TOO

Asserts That Creditors and Stockholders Are Not Being Properly Protected.

As a result of charges filed by George Lezinsky, a creditor to the extent of $88,882 in the Pierrepont Hotel Company, now in the course of voluntary dissolution, Supreme Court Justice Erlanger appointed Mortimer Fishel yesterday as referee to pass upon the accounts of Gilbert H. Montague, who was appointed receiver of the concern.

Lezinsky chiefly objected to the compromise by the receiver of a claim by the Realty Securities Company, owner of the hotel building in West Thirty-second Street, for the sum of $50,000. He also objected to the payment of some small accounts, but Justice Erlanger holds these objections to be trivial.

Mr. Montague filed his report preparatory to declaring a first dividend. In objecting to the report Lezinsky says in his petition:

"The receiver has not only failed to promote the best interests of the corporation and protect wherever possible for the benefit of its creditors and stockholders, but he has favored the landlord in every way possible, and has allowed claims in an exorbitant amount for no apparent reason other than the fact that the attorney for the landlord happens to be a former classmate.

"He has attempted to sell the company's property at a price greatly below its value, and has allowed a claim which on its face is not justified, and equals in amount all other outstanding indebtedness."

Lezinsky then goes on to specify his objections to certain accounts. They are for petty expenses, such as stenographers' charges, with the exception of one. That is the claim of $50,000 made by the Realty Securities Company, comprising damages for the broken lease, damages to the building while the hotel company held possession, and rent of the building during the receivership. Lezinsky says in his petition that this is not a proper charge against the estate.

In replying Mr. Montague says:

"The grounds of the opposition of Mr. Lezinsky are solely animus against the Realty Securities Company and against me as receiver, because of the compromise which I have effected with the Realty Securities Company."

In his decision, Justice Erlanger says in part:

"Many of his (Lezinsky's) objections seem to me to be trivial. Among them, however, is one to the compromise of a claim of $50,000, which will be permitted to participate in the funds in the receiver's hands. The grounds of this objection are not simply stated, but sworn to, and an affidavit is presented setting forth in detail the reasons thereof.

"I cannot hold that the objection is frivolous, nor can I approve the account in the absence of evidence which may be presented to a referee in respect thereof. There must be a reference to take and settle the account where all objections can be inquired into."

GIRL HELD FOR SWINDLING.

Alice Bruce Charged with Forging Priest's Order for Photograph Supplies.

F. H. Knapp, a dealer in stationery and photograph supplies at 146 Hamilton Place, caused the arrest last night of Alice Bruce, 19 years old, who lives with her mother at 534 West 160th Street. Knapp asserted that last Friday the girl came into his place and ordered $7 worth of photograph supplies, saying that she was buying for the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes at 142d Street and Seventh Avenue. At the request of Knapp, the girl brought what appeared to be an order signed by the Rev. Father John McMahon, and he gave her the goods.

Knapp presented his bill yesterday and found that Father McMahon had been out of town for some time, and so apparently could not have signed the order. He was wondering how he could find Miss Bruce when she came in again last night with the request that he give her more supplies, and then Knapp detained her on a pretext until he could find a policeman.

The girl was locked up in the West 125th Street Police Station.

Controller Metz Off for Europe.

Controller Metz put in a busy day at his office yesterday clearing up odds and ends of business, preparatory to leaving for his annual vacation. He sails for Europe this morning on the Kronprincessin Cecilie, to be gone until the first or second week in September. The Controller will combine business with pleasure on the trip, having important matters to attend to abroad with reference to his large chemical manufacturing concern.

SMELTERS EARNED $7,711,979.

Annual Report of President Guggenheim Tells of Increase in Profits.

The tenth annual report of the American Smelting and Refining Company, issued yesterday, was supplemented for the first time with a report of the American Smelters' Securities Company, its subsidiary, which shows net earnings of $3,626,426 for the year ended May 31, compared with $1,536,965 in the previous year. Expenditures for repairs, improvements, &c., amounted to $1,276,762. The amount carried to profit and loss amounts to $321,042. In commenting on the earnings, President Daniel Guggenheim says:

"It is most encouraging to note, also, that the earnings above reported for the twelve-month period were divided as follows: For the first six months, $1,318,145; for the last six months, $2,308,280."

The American Smelting and Refining Company owns 177,510 shares of the Securities Company's total issue of $30,000,000 stock, which is a majority. In explanation of the issuance of the Securities' report at this time it is prefaced with this remark from the President, "the wider distribution of preferred stock, Series A and B, during the past year warrants your Directors in making this first printed annual report."

The increase in the mines and smelters product of the company led to the purchase by contract of the stock of the Baltimore Copper Smelting and Rolling Company which, President Guggenheim says, "represents the oldest electrolytic copper refining plant in the United States."

On the contract semi-annual payments are required running into 1916. The deferred liabilities on account of the contract now amount to $2,557,360. President Guggenheim continues: "The profits of the plant accruing to this company undoubtedly will continue to be more than sufficient to pay the installments with interest."

The satisfaction of the officials of the parent company with the showing of the subsidiary is seen in the following reference to the situation in President Guggenheim's report:

"The success of the past year has been most encouraging and leads us to expect the fulfillment of all the hopes of the past. At the time of the organization of the American Smelters' Securities Company it was believed that your company would be obliged to advance, under its guarantee, some portion of the dividends accruing on the Series B stock until the Securities Company was able fully to operate its projected smelting plants. Your company, however, has not been obliged to make any advances on account of such dividends."

The American Smelting and Refining Company's income account for the year ended April 30 shows net earnings of $7,711,979, against $7,633,286 in 1908, and $11,509,669 in 1907. The dividends paid during the year were $5,000,000, against $7,000,000 in the previous year, the falling off in this item being due to the reduction in the payments on the common stock by $1,500,000.

The surplus for the year after the payment of the reduced dividends was $1,-943,050, against $11,190 in the previous year and $2,914,253 in 1907. The total surplus at the close of the year was $15,251,268.

STABBED FOR JOSTLING BOY.

John Weibert Wounded Badly by James Calla in Williamsburg.

John Weibert, a salesman, of 300 Stockholm Street, Williamsburg, was stabbed severely early yesterday morning near the Ridgewood shed of the B. R. T. at Myrtle and Wyckoff Avenues. He was attacked while in the company of William Osborn of 77 Wyckoff Avenue by James Calla, an Italian, of 847 Linden Street.

Weibert and Osborn were walking along Wyckoff Avenue when they accidentally jostled a son of Calla, who ran home and told his father. The latter rushed out of the house with a knife. Weibert turned to fight, and the Italian slashed at him. Osborn's shouting brought a policeman, but by that time the assailant had made his escape.

Weibert was removed at once to the German Hospital, and Capt. Burns of the Hamburg Avenue Police Station and Detectives Drum and Hanrahan set out to find Calla. They traced him to the roof of his own house, but he slid down a fire-escape.

The policemen followed suit, and found him hiding in the rooms of a neighbor. Even then he had to be clubbed before he would submit to arrest. He was arraigned in the Manhattan Avenue Court yesterday and held in $500 bail pending a hearing Wednesday. Weibert's condition is serious.

Work Starts on New Westchester Road

Work was begun yesterday on the new electric line between New York and Port Chester, which will cost about $21,000,000. The start was made at New Rochelle by the Ferguson Contracting Company. The new line will be completed first from New Rochelle into New York, and will take two years to build. It is being built by the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, and will serve as a suburban passenger entrance to the Subway and elevated lines.

SUES TO TAKE OVER INSURANCE CONCERNS

Supt. Hotchkiss Charges Two Lloyds Syndicates Here with Mismanagement.

BOTH INSOLVENT, HE SAYS

Wants State to Put Them on Their Feet or Liquidate Them—Lost Money from the Start.

Attorney General O'Malley began proceedings yesterday against two New York insurance companies under the insurance laws of the State to administer the affairs of the organizations because of alleged insolvent condition due to what is said to have been bad management. The two companies are the New York and New England Underwriters at Lloyds of New York and the Garfield Assurance Fire Lloyds. Both are said to be under the control of one management and neither is incorporated.

Insurance Supt. Hotchkiss, through the Attorney General's office, appeared before Justice Bischoff in Part I. of the Supreme Court and made a motion to carry on the business of the concerns until such time as they are capable of resuming business or until it is necessary to liquidate their affairs.

The underwriters of the New York and New England Company are Edward Pergoli, James McBride, S. W. Keenan, Frederic Murphy, and Walter S. Monteith. The underwriters of the other concern are H. A. Fingerhut, Arthur J. Blumenthal, J. Edward Strauss, Lydia B. Koch, Edward A. Kates, J. W. Weber, Charles F. McManus, Louis J. Weiss, and C. F. Mitchell.

The former company showed excess of liabilities over assets of $7,583, with no cash on hand or other assets, and judgments against the company of $8,255. The Garfield showed an excess of liabilities over assets of $9,278.

The Insurance Superintendent's report, it is said, showed that the companies lost money from the start. Among the assets of the Garfield company are several shares of unlisted stock, whose value could not be ascertained. Argument on the motion was postponed until to-morrow.

Timers' Club Ready for Business.

The incorporation of The New York Timers' Club was approved by Supreme Court Justice Erlanger yesterday. Its purpose is stated to be to act as timers and insure to the public and all contestants in athletic events accurate and exact timing in all contests, definitely mentioned as foot, bicycle, horse, automobile, skating, swimming, and boat racing. Exact records will be kept of baseball, football, basket ball, hockey, and polo games. Meyer Prinstein, the athlete, who is now practicing law at 198 Broadway, is attorney for the incorporators.

BIG CHICAGO BANK COMBINE.

Commercial National Will Absorb the Bankers' National To-day.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Under the terms of an agreement reached to-day, the Commercial National Bank of Chicago tomorrow will absorb the Bankers' National Bank. George E. Roberts, President of the Commercial National, will be President of the combined bank, which will be called the Commercial National Bank. Edward S. Lacey, President of the Bankers' National, will succeed Robert T. Lincoln as Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Roberts was formerly Director of the mint, and Mr. Lacey was once National Controller of the Currency.

To equalize the values of the combining institutions, the Commercial National will declare an extra dividend of 50 per cent. Stockholders of the Bankers' National will exchange their shares for new shares of the Commercial National. The capital stock of the latter will be increased $7,000,000, which will leave $500,000 par value of stock to be subscribed for at par by the stockholders of the two banks.

The latest report of the Controller of the Currency showed that the Bankers' National had a capital of $2,000,000, surplus and undivided profit, $1,234,771; deposits, $22,054,555. The report on the Commercial National gave a capital stock of $3,000,000, surplus and undivided profits, $4,844,640; deposits, $49,705,802.

The amalgamation will give the Commercial National a banking power of approximately $88,000,00, putting it in third place among Chicago's National banks, the First National holding first place and the Continental National second.

ANTI-NOISE STATUTE SIGNED.

New Ordinance Against Street Shouting Now in Force.

It was learned yesterday that just before leaving for his vacation Mayor McClellan signed the anti-noise ordinance introduced before the Aldermen a year ago by Alderman Schloss and aimed at the shouting of street hucksters and peddlers. The ordinance prohibits all blowing of horns, shouting, or other methods of attracting attention to their wares on the part of hucksters and peddlers, except in "Paddy's Market," in Ninth Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Forty-second Streets.

The measure was held up by the Aldermen for a long time because this exception was not made in the original ordinance. After being amended it was passed by the Aldermen and sent to the Mayor. Suitable fines for violation of the ordinance are fixed.

ASTOR ROOF DINNER.

Proprietor Entertains in the New Belvedere Restaurant.

W. C. Muschenheim, proprietor of the Hotel Astor, gave a dinner in the new Belvedere restaurant on the roof of that hostelry last night. Invitations were sent out for a private inspection of the new restaurant, which is to be thrown open to the public to-night for the first time.

The Belvedere is unique among New York dining places. It is on the rear roof, and runs from Forty-fourth to Forty-fifth Streets. On the Forty-fourth Street side of the restaurant there is a palm garden, and on the Forty-fifth Street side a rose garden, and both of these are exclusively for those dining on the roof.

The entire roof will be opened to-night and there will be three orchestras, instead of two, as heretofore.

During the Winter the roof garden will be opened as a playground for children, while the Belvedere restaurant will be glass-inclosed and will be used as a solarium for patrons of the hotel.

R. M. Haan Sails To-day.

R. M. Haan, proprietor of the Hotel St. Regis, is sailing to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He will join his family in Vienna, and they will go to Carlsbad for the baths, returning to this country early in September.

Our Summer Sale Is On

and our famous $15 Suits with the $25 qualifications are cut to $12.75. Hundreds of suits that were $17.50 are marked at the same price. Nothing like coming early.

Moe Levy & Co.,

1439 Broadway, New York | 119-125 Walker St. New York

380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. THE ONLY ALL WATER ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND

LANDING AT DREAMLAND, Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.

TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):

Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.50, 7.45 P. M.

Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.15, 2.00, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.15, 7.00, 7.45, 8.30, 9.10 P. M.

Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St. Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *10.40, *11.25 A. M., 12.10, *12.55, *1.40, 2.55, 3.40, *4.25, 5.25, 6.10, 7.10, *7.55, *8.40, *9.25, *10.10, 10.40 P. M. Returning from Coney Island trips marked with a * go to 129th St., North River.

Round Trip Tickets, 40 Cents.
Round Trip Tickets, 129th St., 50 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7:40 A. M.; Pier (new) No. 1 N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC
ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. Yonkers 8:30 A. M.
Lv. foot 129th St., N. R., 9.30 A. M., *12.30 P. M.
Lv. 22d St., N. R., 10.15 A. M., *2.00 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1 N. R., 10.40 A. M., 2.30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12.30 P. M., 3.30 P. M.
Trip marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round Trip Tickets, 50c. Children, 25c., includes admission to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Steamer Rosedale leaves 129th St. 9.00; West 22d St., 9.45, 2.30 P. M.; Battery, 10.15, 3.00. Leaving Seaside Landing, Rockaway, 5.30 P. M.

VACATION TIME
SHORT TOURS
Including All Traveling Expenses.
Tours everywhere, all the time. Everything ready in advance.

Bermuda, 8 days.....$32 up
Niagara, 1000 Islands, Montreal, Lakes, Saratoga.....$85.00
St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, Lake George, Saratoga.....$82.50
1000 Islands, Montreal, Ausable Chasm, Lake George, Saratoga.....$83.00
Boston, Yarmouth, Halifax, Gulf of St. Lawrence, Quebec, Montreal, Lakes, Saratoga.....$110.00
Auto Trip to Long Beach and back, including Luncheon.....$6.00
Europe.—Late Summer Vacation Tours July 24, Aug. 14, 21.
Tours and Tickets to All Summer Resorts.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave.
568 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade.) New York.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
Up the Picturesque Hudson to West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany." Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex,) 8; Debrosses St., 8:40 and 9:30; W. 42d St., 9:00 and 10:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Returning on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.
DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO
WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Debrosses St. 1:45; W. 42d St. 2:00; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 5 P. M., where close connection for New York is made with Day Line steamer "ALBANY." Excursion fare $1.00. Also choice when buying ticket of return by any West Shore or D. Y. Cent. train or Cent. Hud. Str., $1.10, giving ample time to see Cadets in Camp, Public Buildings, etc. Orchestra on board.
This Excursion Made Daily, except Sunday.

DAILY OUTINGS
Str. CITY OF WORCESTER
50c. AFTERNOONS 50c.
UP THE HUDSON and return, 6-hour sail. Lve. E. 24th St. 2 P.M.; Battery Landing 2:30 P.M.
50c. EVENINGS 50c.
UP THE SOUND and return, 5-hour sail. Lve. W. 129th St. 6:45 P.M.; Battery Landing 7 P.M.; E. 24th St. 8:30 P.M. Return land E. 24th St. early
75c. Round SUNDAYS 50c. Trip
The Regular BRIDGEPORT EXCURSION Landing Port Jefferson, L. I., Lve. Pier 29, N. R., foot Market St., 10 A. M.; E. 24th St. 10:30 A. M.
Music. Dancing. Refreshments.
Dining Room and Grill, management Harlem Casino. For Staterooms or information 'Phone Orch. 6000.

SIGHT SEEING STEAMER
ZEPHYR Around Manhattan Island.
Lvs. Daily and Sunday, E. 24th St. 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; Battery 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Lecturer. FARE $1.00.
Above Steamer for Charter Evenings.

SEE THE OCEAN
YACHT OBSERVATION
1 P. M. daily to Sandy Hook Lightship; returning in four hours.
SIGHT-SEEING YACHT
Halcyon every day from Statue of Liberty Pier, near South Ferry, at 10:30, 2:30.

EXCURSION To-morrow
Atlantic City $2.50.
Leave W. 23d St. 7.50; Liberty St. 8.00 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
NORTH BEACH
FREE FIREWORKS TUES. & THURS.
Beats East 99th & 134th Sts.

Wallach Bros.
Third Avenue, Cor. 122d Street (Open Evenings).
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th Street.
Every Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fancy Suit in New York ONE-THIRD OFF
BEGINNING to-day Two-Piece Suits and Flannels and Tropical Worsteds are included.

$45 Suits now	$30.00
$40 " "	26.66
$30 " "	20.00
$28 " "	18.66
Those formerly $25 and less	16.66

FINEST MATERIALS
and Tailoring constitute the Suits we offer you now at $18; Coats and Trousers, $16. Our Remnant Sale gives you this great advantage.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

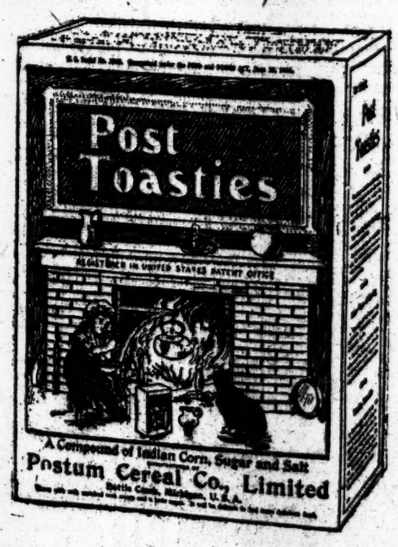
LYRIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:15. THE MOTOR GIRL Music by Julian Edwards
Broadway Only Matinee Saturday, 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS with BLANCHE RING.
Lew Fields' Jefferson De Angelis in HERALD SQR. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:15 THE BEAUTY SPOT Evgs. 8:15.
GREAT MUSIC AT THE JIKUMANN WHILE YOU EAT, AND EAT WELL. HARLEM CASINO 124th St. and Seventh Ave. WILHELM SOMMER and his unique Viennese Orchestra.
HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF. Evgs. at 8:15. Daily Mats. in Victoria Theatre. GERTRUDE HOFFMANN, ANNETTE KELLERMANN, and Ten other big acts.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way & 28th St. Mat. Daily 25 & 50c. DAZIE, in Pantomime; Adelaide Herrmann, Al Leech & Rosebuds, Barnes & Crawford, oths.
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Jos. M. Weber presents THE CLIMAX

JARDIN DE PARIS N. Y. Theatre Roof. TABLE SEATS $1 A SENSATION, F. ZIEGFELD JR'S REVUE FOLLIES OF 1909 WITH EVA TANGUAY
AERIAL GARDENS Over New Amsterdam Theatre, W. 42d St. Sm'k'g & Ref'sh'ts. Conc'ts in Promenades A GENTLEMAN from MISSISSIPPI With Thos. A. Wise & Douglas Fairbanks

NORTH BEACH
FREE FIREWORKS TO-NIGHT
PALISADES HIGH UP IN THE WOODS. AMUSEMENT PARK. Opp. W. 130th St. (N. Y.) Ferry.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Gypsy Music. CINEMATOGRAPH Every Hour. FOTOFONE Operatic Soloists, etc.
AMERICAN MUSIC HALL. Matinee Daily. Orch. Seats 25c. Eve. 25c. to $1.00. CONSUL, Rosario Guerrero, Ada Overton Walker.

CONEY ISLAND
CONEY ISLAND'S GREAT ORIGINAL LUNA PARK
Copied and Imitated Throughout the World, but Still Supreme for Summertime Fun.
Restaurant A la Carte. Planked Steaks. Shore Dinner. 75, $1, $1.25
NEW BRIGHTON Parkway Sta., Brighton Beach Daily Mat. 25c. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. La Estellita in Pantomime, Frank Fogerty, Edwards' School Boys and Girls, Lasky's Imperial Hussars, Susanne Rocamoro. Others.
Ward's FOOT OF WALK, Opp. Luna Park. ALL SUITS STERILIZED. Baths
FELTMAN'S (CONEY ISLAND) OLD FASHIONED CLAMBAKE, $1.25. Served from noon to midnight. Service a la carte. NEW. Deutsche Garten.
BRIGHTON BEACH PARK Always Cool. 1 Mile Open Beach. PAIN'S BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS and GRAND FIREWORKS NIGHTLY
SPLASHED BY ITS OWN OCEAN, Greater DREAMLAND
BIG FREE CIRCUS—18 ACTS—ALL NEW. EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE OCEAN.
HENDERSON RESTAURANT High-Class Vaudeville 16—BIG ACTS—16
IMPERIAL CHINESE RESTAURANT. Under New Management. Everything first-class. Chop Suey our specialty. We cater to the best. Bowery and Tilyou's Walk.

Post Toasties



have a fetching flavour

Somewhere between a Honeysuckle and a Rose! And, with Cream or Fresh Fruit—Say, people,

It's the real Joy Food---sure!

"The Taste Lingers"

Popular pkg. 10c; Large Family size

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.